No. 12.

The 5th January 1872.

Mr. C. L. Davies, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, attached to the Cossye Division, is allowed privilege leave for three months, under section 16 of the Revised Uncovenanted Service Absentee Regulations, with effect from 27th December 1871.

No. 13.

The Cth January 1872.

Postings,—Baboo Kristo Chunder Banerjee, Overseer, Second Grade, is pested to the Arrah Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 22nd December 1871.

No. 14.

The 9th January 1872.

Mr. H. D. Pearsall, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, is posted to the Scane Circle.

No. 15.

Mr. J. St. Joseph, Sub-Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the Soane Survey Division, availed himself of the sick leave granted to him on the forenoon of the 13th December 1871.

No. 16.

Transfer.—Mr. W. McGowen, Temporary Sub-Engineer. Therd Grade, from Sasseram to the Debree Division, which he joined on the ferencen of the 2nd January 1872.

No. 17.

The undermentioned passed students of the Presidency College are appointed to the Upper Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, as Probationary Overseers, Second Grade, and posted to the Soane Circle:—

Baboo Gopal Chunder Ghose.

- Troylokho Nath Sirear.
- " Tarince Churn Sirear.
- Preonath Ghose.

No. 18.

Erratum.—In notification No. 300 of the 20th December 1871, for "with effect from 20th December 1871," read "20th November 1871."

G. A. SEARLE, Lieut .- Col., S.C.,

For Offg. Jaint-Sery. to the Govt. of Bengal, in the P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

Bigh Court Motice.

Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th January 1872.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 19th December 1871.—Baboo Anund Kumar Surbadhicary, Moonsiff of Golaghat, in Assam, for three months, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 20th December 1871.—Baboo Bhugwan Chunder Chuckerbutty, Moonsiff of Racjan,

Zillah Chittagone, for 5 days, under Financial Notification No. 3622, dated the 22nd Decomber 1865.

Balloo Gangagobind Surma, Moonsiff of Seebsagur, for three months, under Financial Notification No. 512, dated the 4th June 1864.

Moulvie Kazim Hossein, moonsiff of Modhoobany, Zillah Tirhoot, for one mouth, under paragraph 16 of the Uncovenanted Absence Rules, The Moonsiff's sheristadar to be placed in charge of the current duties of the Moonsiff's office.

* Paboo Keshuhnath Bishee, Meonsiff of Budder-gauge, Zallah Rangpore, for 3 months, under paragraph 11 of two Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 21st December (87).—Babuo Puddo Lochun Dass. Moonsill of Gowalparali, Assam, for six months, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Baboo Shital Chunder Mookerjee, Moonsiff of Thekoorgong, Dinagepore, for three months retrespectively, from the 15th of November last.

The 27th December 1871.—Baboo Sheeshurn Latt. Moonsilf of Gondwara (now on deputation as additional Sudder Moonsilf of Purneah), for two months, in extension of leave previously granted, the whole period recknning as sick leave under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 4th January 1872.—Baboo Gour Chunder Dass, Moonsiff of Madargunge, Zillah Mymensingh, for one mouth and twenty-three days, under Financial Notification No. 3622, dated the 22nd December 1865.

The 5th January 1872.—Baboo Nobogopal Bose, Moonsiff of Nattore, Zillah Rajshahye, for fitteen days, from 31st October 1871, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, and from 16th to 30th October last without pay, under Financial Notification No. 2277, dated 29th July 1869.

Bahoo Uncreash Prodit, Moonsiff of Dando-khorah, in Particol (now Additional Moonsiff of Shahabau), for two months, under paragraph 11 of the Uncoveranted Absentee Rules, in extension of that grant is to him on the 5th August last, the whole period counting as sick leave on half pay.

By order, &c., L. R. Tottenham, Officialing Registror.

Notification.

The 8th Jonnary 1872.—With reference to the High Court, Ciril Sido.

Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated the 7th September last (published at page 1706 of the Culcutta Gazette), transferring the head-quarters of the Burdwan division from Burdwan to Hooghly, it is hereby notified that the next Examination of candidates for Pleaderships of the Senior Grade in that division will be held at Hooghly and not at Burdwan as has been here-tofore the case.

By order, &c.,

L. R. Tottenaum, Secretary to Committee of Examiners.

Departmental Notices.

Notification.

MR. COVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR THEVOR JOHN CHICKLEY GRANT, having received charge of the Treasury at Monghyr on the 29th December last, has been authorized to draw bills on all other treasuries.

J. W. DALICYMPLE.

Commissioner.

*Buahoulpors, The 4th January 1872.

Notification

Banco Kanti Channel Chatteries. Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Bancoorah Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

C. T. Buckland, Commissioner.

BURDWAN COMME'S OFFICE, The 30th December 1871.

Notice.

COVENANTED DECUTY COLLECTOR MR. E. G. GLAZIER has been placed in charge of the Rungpore Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

E. W. Molosy, Commissioner.

COMMR.'s OFFICE, RAI. DIVN., CAMP ISWARDER, The 31st December 1871.

Notice.

MR. UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR WILLIAM SHAW ROCHFORT DAVIES, having been placed in charge of the Julpignores Treasury from the 29th December 1871, is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

J. C. HAUGHTON, Commr. of Cooch Behar Divn.

Julpionouke, The 29th December 1871.

Notice.

Baroo Brooren Money Raha, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Ferreedpore Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on all public treasuries.

F. B. Simson, Commissioner.

DACCA COMMR.'s OFFICE, The 7th December 1871.

Notice.

BAROU ONHOY COOMAR SEN has been placed in charge of the Backergunge Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on all other treasuries.

OBHOY CHUNDER DOSS, Peral. Asst., for Commer.

DACCA COMMR.'s OFFICE, The 16th December 1871.

Cpium Notification?

No. IC.

Notice is hereby given that the Second Sale of Opium, the provision of 1870-71, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 5th February 1872, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,575 Chests, viz.:—

Behar Opium ... 2,600 Benares ditto ... 1,575

Total Chests ... 3,575

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual: they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 10th November 1871, and published in the Government and Exchange Gazettes, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 10th and 20th February respectively; that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 r.u. of Saturday, the 10th February 1872, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 r.u. of Tuesday, the 20th February 1872.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circum-

stances render it expedient to do - :-

	Dates.	Rehat about Chests.	lienares alout Chests.	Total about Chesto,
	On or about Monday, 4th Mar. 1872	2,500	1,575	3.575
	On or about Wednesday, 3rd April, at	27 4 101	1.676	3,575
	On or shout Monday, 6th May a	2, 49	1,575	3.575
	On or about Thursday, 6th June ,	2, 11	1,575	3,526
	On or about Thursday, 4th July "	2.4a11	1,575	3,475
	On or about Monday, fich Aug. "	2, 111	1,575	1.073
	On or about Thursday, 5th Sept. "	22 (2.30)	1,070	2 576
	On or about Tuesday, 1st Oct	27 145.7	1,52.0	2 2 7 7 13
i	On or about Wednesday, 6th Nov. "	5 (8)	1,676	3 170
l	On or about Thurwiny, 5th Dec. ,,	5,000	1,575	3,576
	Total chests	20,000	15,750	35.750

By order of the Member in charge,

F. B. PRACOCK, Offg. Secretary.

Board of Rev., Fort William, The 2nd January 1872.

Gilchrist Scholarship Examination.

Notice.

WITH reference to the Government Notification dated the 12th December 1868, published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 16th December 1868, page 2014, it is hereby notified that an examination for the Gilebrist Scholarships will be held on Monday, the 15th January, at the Presidency College, Calcutta, at 10 A.M.

W. S. ATKINSON, Director of Public Instruction.

ORDERS BY THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

The undermentioned Students have passed the First Examination in Arts:—
First Division.

In order of merit.

1 Táraprasanna Sen	Presidency College.
2 Prasannakumar Labiri	Ditto.
8 Sarveswar Bhattacharyya	Ditto.
4 T. A. Rambart	Teacher, Mussoorie School.
5 Nagendranath Ghosh	Presidency College.
(W C Havel	Mussoorie School.
Baradaprasad Ghosh	Kishnaghur College.
	Presidency College.
8 { Purnachandra Datta H. M. Percival	Dacca College.
10 Ramlál Datta	Hooghly College.
11 Kshetramohan Mukhopadhyay	Presidency College.
12 Nistaran Bandyopadhyay	Ditto
13 Ramanyaganna Ghosh	Ditta
14 { Navinchandra Dás Navandrapáth Sarkar	Dista
14 Narendranáth Sarkar	Ditto
	Kishnaghur College.
16 { Anandagopál Guin	2) 12 (7.1)
18 Bhagaván Dás	21
19 Ramuarayan Datta	II and by Chillians
	Paina College.
(Assumathainhan Chash	
21 { Apurvákrishna Ghosh Nagendrakrishna Ghosh	Cathedral Mission College.
Tripung harm Randword Ibron	General Assembly's Institution.
28 Tripuracharan Bandyopadhyay	Presidency College.
Umanáth Ghosbal	Kishnaghur College.
25 Rajkumár Sen	Ex-Student, Dacca College.
26 Adityakumár Chattopádhyay	Presidency College.
27 Harimohan Sur	Hooghly College.

SECOND DIVISION.

Ahmed Hosen Khan	Bareilly College.
Bandyopádhyay, Krishnachandra	Queen's College, Benares.
, Maheschandra	Presidency College.
, Navinkrishna	Ditto,
Basu, Amvikacharan	Ditto.
, Banawarilal	Kishnaghur College.
" Pramathauath	Presidency College.
, Prandhan	Cathedral Mission College.
, Saradaprasad	Presidency College.
0 Bhattacharyya, Jaganmohan	Calcutta Free Church Institution.
, Kedarnáth	Hooghly College.
,, Makundachandra	Kishnaghur College.
,, Nakuleswar	Sanskrit College.
Chakravarti, Bisveswar	Kishnaghur College.
,, Girischandra	Berhampore College.
Chandra, Dinanáth	Hooghly College.
Chattopúdhyay, Bhagavaticharan	Cuttack School.
,, Bipracharan	Ditto.
Manmathanáth	Presidency College.
Pramathanáth	General Assembly's Institution.
Chaudhuri, Girischandra	Presidency College.
" Purnachandra	Ditto.
Dás, Balaram	Cuttack School.
" Hemchandra	I. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipers
Manmohan	Presidency College.
Datta, Lalvihári	Cathedral Mission College.
Manmohan	Presidency College.
David H.	Joynarain's College.

	Dé, Amvika	cheran		Saugor High School.
30	Danson		***	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
e, e	Y- and lleis		***	Hooghly College.
	K4likum			Cathedral Mission College.
	Paragna		***	Presidency College.
	Dhar, Gokul		111	Ditto.
	Durgaprasad		117	Patna College.
	Ezad Bakeh		114	Hooghly College.
	Fazl Rusul			Barcilly College.
	Fry, J.		144	St. Thomas' College.
	Gaindunlál			Bareilly College.
40	Gangopadhy	ay, Pryerilál	144	Kishnaghur College,
		Rajaninath		Dacca College.
	Ghosh, Atuli		4-4	Presidency College.
	Goswami, Sa		4	Ditto.
	Guha, Sarada		67.0	Ditto.
	Gupta, Navi			Sanskrit College.
	Hajra, Aghor			Presidency College.
	Krishnadás		***	Queen's College, Benares.
	Lahiri, Jaday	rebandra		Presidency College.
	" Krish		***	Joynarain's College.
50	Maniekehand		***	Gowhatty High School.
	Matilál, Sure		***	Presidency College.
	Mizazilál		121	Agra College.
	Mukhopadhy	ay, Benadvihári		Presidency College.
	*53	Harendranath	**	Kishnaghur College.
	29	Jogendranath	***	Presidency College.
	21	Jogendranath		Kishnaghur College.
	1 11	Karunasindhu		Presidency College.
	»	Mahendranáth	414	Ditto.
	- 11	Manmathanáth	***	Hooghly College.
60	Nandkisor		***	Dellii College.
	Niogi, Trailo	kyamohan		Presidency College.
	Pál, Haridás	•		Kishnaghur College.
	" Nanigop	ál		Presidency College.
	Pundit Ramr	narayan Tunkhwah		Canning College, Lucknow.
		/anarayan		Ditto.
	Patnack, Cha	turbhuj	***	Cuttack High School.
	Prayagsing		134	Queen's College, Benares.
	Ray, Jogesch		***	Presidency College.
	" Kedarns		***	Ditto.
70	" Madusu	dan	* + 4	Cuttack High School.
	Rout, J. S.			Ditto.
	Saha, Sivnati			Presidency College.
	Sunyal, Keda		4 - 1	Berhampore College.
	Sarkar, Nata		541	Presidency College.
		achandra		Cathedral Mission College.
	Sarma, Kasin		* 1 8	Gowhatty High School.
		nchandra	***	Presidency College.
	Sen, Rajanika		FIF	Ditto.
0.0	Sinha, Banav		***	Hooghly College.
80	" Harin		***	Presidency College.
	, Matile	M	444	Ditto.
	Smith, H.		***	St. Xavier's College.
	Sriram		***	Canning College, Lucknow.
az	Tiwari, Dinda	ayai	- + +	Bareilly College.
OU	Vindheawarip	rasad	14+	Queen's College, Benures.
		7	HIRD DI	VISION.
		In 1	Alphabetic	cal Order.
	Akhyat, Same			
	Baksi, Banka		** 1	Patna College.
	Bandyopadhy		***	Kishnaghur College. Calcutta F. C. Institution.
	-	Jayram		
	22	Kedarnath		Ex-Student, Hooghly College,
	**	Mahendranath	54.8	Presidency College, Berhampore College,
	33	Sringth	***	Calcutta F. C. Institution,
	374	Umeschandra	744	Patna College.
	33	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, TH	444	- HANDER

D D	77 11 (11)
Basu, Brajalal	Hooghly College.
10 " Mahimchandra	Daeca College.
Pulinvihari	Cathedral Mission College.
, Upendranath	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Bhaduri, Hiralal	Joynarain's College, Benares.
Bhattacharyya, Rajkumar	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Chattopadhyay, Banamali	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore.
Reminuellant	Describer of the Control of the Cont
	Dotos Collins
,, Harinath	
Mahendranath	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
,, Makshadaprasud	Cathedral Mission College.
20 srinath	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Chel, Rasvihari	Presidency College.
Dan, Mahendranath	Ditto.
Dás, Biswambhar	Presidency College.
	Children and High School
Khiradehandra	
Datta, Girischandra	Cathedral Mission College.
" Mathura	Bareilly College.
" Nilkantha	Parna College.
" Rajendramohan	Daeca College.
Dayaram	Lahore College.
30 De, Rajendralal	Presidency College.
Dhar, Netralal	Cathedral Mission College.
	St Thomas Collors
Edwards, C. N.	
Ganesilal	Delhi College.
Ghosh, Haridas	Heoghly College.
, Kalikisor	Dacca College.
, Lalvihari	Hooghly College.
Nivarankumer	Cathedral Mission College.
, Purmehandra	Serampore College.
Ramanath	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore.
40 Sasilhushan	Wishmoshun Callages
, Trailokyanath	
	Hooghly College.
Guha, Basantakumar	Cathedral Mission College.
Gupta, Asutosh	Hooghly College.
Kar, Haridae	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Lahiri, Asutosh	Presidency College.
Majumdar, Amvikacharan	Ditto.
. Lalitchandra	Daeca College.
Mallik, Lakshminarayan	Kishnaghur College.
Mitra, Binadvihavi	Presidency College.
50 Mohanlal, I.	Acoma Callaga
	Cuthodral Mission College
Mukhopadhyay, Aghornath	
,, Amritalal	Ditto.
,, Amvikacharan	Serampore College.
,, Bholanath	Patna College.
" Gopalehandra	Presidency College,
,, Gopulchandra	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
,, Hemchandra	General Assembly's Institution.
Kulidas	Kishnaghur College.
Kumudinikanta	Danse Callana
	Presidency College.
,, Purnachandra	Canning College, Lucknow.
" Ramgopal	Hooghly College.
,, Sitanath	Presidency College.
,, Upendranath	Sanekrit College.
Nag, Rakhaldas	Houghly College.
Nakhray, Ganpatrao	Saugor High School.
Niogi, Govindachandra	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Páin, Radharaman	Denni Jan en C. II
Pálit, Umeschandra	Headly College.
	Hooghly College.
70 Pandit, Moharajnarayan	Delhi College,
Perroux, C. E.	St. Xavier's College.
Praeadilal	Barcilly College.
Ray, Avinaschandra	Kishnaghur College.
,, Benimadhav	Hooghly College.
" Brajanath	General Assembly's Institution.
2) Girischandra	Cathedral Mission College,

	Ray, Kalinath	- 4 5	Cathedral Mission College.
	, Lala Pitam	***	Canning College, Lucknow
	,, Manmohan		Berhampore College.
80			Hooghly College.
	, Ramial		Serampore College.
	, Revatiraman		Dacca College.
	Ray Chaudhuri, Prabhasehandra		Kishnaghur College.
	Samajpati, Gopalchandra	* + + *	Ditto.
	Sarkar, Bholanath		Hooghly College.
	, Ramdas		Kishnaghur College.
	Sasidhar		Gowhatty High School.
	Sen, Kalikumar		Kishnaghur College.
	Sheori, Lachman Rao	414	Saugor High School.
	Sinha, Kanailal	***	Patna College.
	,, Radhikaprasad	441	Serampore College.
92	And the second s	1.1.0	Teacher.

The under-mentioned Scudents have passed the Entrance Examination :-

First Division.

In Alphabetical Order.

	In Alph	abeti	cal Order.
	Abdul Hakám	-24	Calcutta Mudriesa.
	Aiyer, T. A. A.		St. Xavier's College.
	Akhileswarprasad	1+1	Patua Collegiate School.
	Annylál	131	Hurdui Zillah School.
	Ash, Matilál		General Assembly's Institution.
	Baktavarlál		Bareilly Collegiate School.
	Bandyopadhyay, Bhagavaticharan	*14	Dacca Collegiate School.
	Bijaykrishna		Hooghly Collegiate School.
	Ganeschandra	*11	Canning College, Lucknow.
10	,, Girijápada	111	Howrah School.
	Krishnachandra		Harinavi A. S. School.
	Mahendranáth		Hare School,
	Mahendranath		Howrah School.
	Motil61	,	Ooterparah School.
	Nandagonál	4.00	Hare School.
	Rekhaldes		Calcutta Free Church Institution.
	Bansgopal		Fyzabad High School.
	Basu, Anantakumár		Hindu School.
	Annadarmanad	***	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore.
20	Ravadadão	***	Hare School.
	Downdranath	1.4	Hindu School.
	Durandha		Ditto.
	Haralemman	***	Dacca Collegiate School.
	Tabernahandes	***	Ditto.
	Mahinimohan	•••	Ditto.
	Namandyan 64h	***	Hindu School.
	Namandage 641.	711	Hooghly Branch School.
	Danmathan 66h	11.0	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
	Umeschandra		Calcutta Free Church Institution.
30	Bhattacharyya, Chandrasekhar (I)		Burdwan Moharaja's School.
	Lanamanad		Sanskrit College.
	Jamendranith (Soniar)	***	Calcutta Free Church Institution.
	Biswas, Mahendranath		Hare School.
	Boilard, E.		St. Xavier's College.
	Brijvallabh	***	Jeypore Moharaja's College.
	Campbell, R. L.	444	Mussoorie School.
	Chakravarti, Navakumár		Pogose School.
	Chattepádbyay, Govindachandra	***	Octerparah School,
	Durandha.		Sanskrit College.
40	Wadanafil	***	Andool School.
	Kwashandas	***	Bhagulpore School.
	Dononnoth		Metropolitan Institution.
	Sandahander (Saniar)	***	Konnugger School.
	Chiodetto, A.		St. Xavier's College.
	The second series	110	AN MEGATOR D CANCELL

Dás, Rajkisan	General Assembly's Institution.
Commandel.	Sanskrit College.
TV	Commillah School.
Datta, Bhagavanchandra	Pogose School,
Ricarlerialina	Oriental Seminary.
50 Design16	Pogose School.
Khina Danman	Hindu School.
Maharahanden	Hare School.
Mohinimalus	Mirzspore Mission School.
Manmathanath	Hare School.
Purnáchandra	General Assembly's Institution.
De, Panehkari	Metropolitan Institution.
" Prasannakumár	Hindu School.
Dhar, Mathuranath	Furreedpore School.
Dharmananda	Bareilly Collegiate School.
60 Durgaprasad	Sauger High School.
Ewing, H.	La Martiniere College.
Ganesprasad	Queen's College, Benares.
Gangopádhyáy, Hariprasad	Hooghly Collegiate School.
" Hiralál	Barrackpore School.
Genoe, C. A. C.	Mussoorie School.
Ghosh, Asutosh	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
2 Chandidás	Hindu School.
, Ganeschandra	Harinavi A. S. School.
" Unanendrachandra	Hindu School,
70 " Jadaychandra	Mymensing School.
" Jadunáth	Berhampore Collegiate School.
" Kalipada	Hindu School.
" Priyanáth	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore.
Saradaprasad	Hindu School.
" Syamapada	Ooterparah School.
Gupta, Bipinvihári	Hooghly Collegiate School.
" Hiralél	Hare School.
" Saratchandra	Sanskrit College.
Gyaprasad	Hume's High School, Etawah.
80 Háldár, Nitáicharan	Hindu School,
Hunter, J. A.	St. Thomas' College.
Ishvardás	Rawulpindee Mission School.
Janakiprasad	Lukhimpore School.
Lachmandas	Rawulpindee Mission School.
Lachmapprasad	Hurdui Zillah School.
Mack, E. J.	Colombo Academy.
Maitra, Kasinath	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore.
Majumdar, Chandicharan	Queen's College, Benares.
Misra, Ramsankar 90 Mitra, Amvikacharan	II. alt. Dec. l. C.1 1
Climindranáth	
Girindranáth " Jogendrachandra	General Assembly's Institution: Hindu School.
Medhambandan	*** * * * ***
Saratchandra	Sanskrit College. Hindu School.
Mohammed Hosen	Comming Callege Tankers
Monies, W.	Marian Calant
Mukhopadhyay, Amarchandra	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Réménada	Dushghura Aided School.
Bih6wil61 (Mr. 0)	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
100 Haridaa	Made and the American
Hir6161	Kandi School.
Jogendrashendra	Hare School.
Kisarimohan	Ooterparah School.
,, Mahendranáth	Hare School.
, Mahendranath	Canning College, Lucknow.
Pramathanáth	Bhagulpore School.
" Rasvihári	Ooterparah School.
, Tulaidás	Howrah School.
Murphy, J. B. C.	Mussoorie School.
110 Nan, Hiralal	Hare School.
Nandi, Bipracharan	Pogose School.

	Neville, G.		La Martiniere College, Lucknow.
	O'Donel, H.	***	Doveton College.
	Orr, P. P.	***	La Martiniere College.
	Pál, Rájchandra		Sylhet Government School.
	Pálit, Priyanáth		Hindu School.
	Pandit, Bishwambharnáth		Delhi Zillah School.
	Parmanand	••	Agra Collegiate School.
	Purvis, G. C.	***	Doveton College.
120	Rajak, Bihárilál	***	L. M. S. Institution, Bhownnipore.
140	Ray, Rangalal		Hooghly Collegiate School.
,	· , Shastivar		L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore,
	Quaranneggui	***	Hare School.
	Ilmorroad		Ditto.
	Ronaldson, E.	144	Doveton College.
	Rudra, Madhusudan	***	Octerparali School.
	Sarkar, Bipinvihari		Hare School,
	,, Nagendranáth		Ditto.
		144	Doveton College.
100	Sarkies, J. M.	***	Hindu School.
190	Sen, Adharlál Amvikacharan		
	**	***	Dacca Collegiate School. Ditto.
	" Bamacharan	141	
	,, Gadadhar		Patna Collegiate School.
	" Kalimohan	4+4	Dacca Collegiate School.
	,, Navakrishna	***	Burisa Aided School.
	,, Rajkrishna	4.4	Krishnaghur Collegiate School,
	Trigunacharan	114	Hare School.
	Shah, Mohommed Azam	***	Bhagulpore School,
	Sheo Lál	***	Delhi Zillah School.
140	Sil, Kanailal	***.	Hindu School.
	Sinha, Brajeschandra		Kandi School,
	" Rasiklal	4 + +	Hare School.
	Syod Fyzuddin Hosen	4 5 4	Dacca Collegiate School,
	"Khyrat Ahmed	14.5	Gya School.
	Tarapdar, Chandrakisar	+	Mymensing School.
	Toozs, R.	***	La Martiniere College, Lucknow.
	Townsend, J.	***	St. Xavier's College.
	Trivedi, Mahendranath		Hooghly Collegiate School.

		. 8	SECOND D	IVISION.
		In		cal Order.
	Abdul Alim			Queen's College, Benares.
	Acharyya, Aksh	aykumar		Hindu School,
	Adhikari, Brajal		414	Bauleah School.
	Adya, Kálidás			Hare School.
	Amed Beg			St. Stephen's College.
	Alvis, A. W.		***	St. Thomas College.
	Angelo, J.			Boys' Orphanage, Shahjehanpore.
	Asgar Ali Ahme	d		Dacen Brahmo School.
	Ashraf Hosen		416	Calcutta Mudrissa.
10	Azimuddin Khar	n	***	Bareilly Collegiate School.
	Bágchi, Bijaygo		22.1	Berhampore Collegiate School.
	Baksiram Sing		***	Fyzabad High School.
	Balmokund			Lahore Collegiate School,
	Bandyopadhyay,	Aghornáth	144	Serampore College.
	33	Amvikacharan	141	Sodepore School.
	,,	Asutosh		Ilsoba Mondlye School.
	**	Benimadhav	444	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
	13	Bhairavimohan	***	Sanskrit College.
		Bholanáth		Hare School
20	28	Brajendranáth	111	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore.
		Gopal Chandra	191	Thi TY A 1
	37	Haricharun		Calcutta F. C. Institution.
	"	Jaganmohan	414	Allahabad Zillah School,
	"	Madhavehandra	***	Howrah School.
		Nanilál	111	Donnier Added Calend
	1)	Párvaticharan	***	Howrah School.
	22	Satischandra	***	Serampore College,
	22 .		741	ourment content

Bandyopadhyay, Sivehandra ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	n.
Barál, Manikiál Hare School,	n.
Wilmani Hacehly Branch School	
,, Nilmani Hooghly Branch School.	
Barhamdeonarayn Mozufferpore School. Basu, Amarchandra Hare School.	
Americala) Comarel Agramble Instit	bution.
Atulkrichus Patra Collegista School	4
,, Avinaschandra Hare School.	
Chandramohau Kishnaghur A. V. School	
" Harachandra · Dacca Collegiate School.	
40 ,, Kedarnáth Konnugger School.	
" Mahendralál Calcutta F. C. Institution	l.
,, Mahendramohan Garden Reach School.	
" Matilál … Cawnpore Zillah School. " Nilmani … Bhastarah School,	
Radbilanath Reminers School	
,, Rájanikánta L. M. S. School, Khagra	
" Thakurdás Joynarain's College.	
Bhaduri, Prankrishna Malda School.	
Bhagavan Sing St. Stephen's College!	
50 Bhanja, Jogendrachandra Hooghly Collegiate School	1.
Bhatta, Dwarkanath Dacca Collegiate School.	
Bhattacharyya, Baikunthanáth Jessore School.	
Bhavadev Furreedpore School. Bisveswar Daeca Collegiate School.	
Giricolanulea Kichnochan A V Sahaal	
Harimohan Kishnaghur Collegiate Sc	
" Hemeliandra Baraset School.	
" Jogendranáth (Junior) Calcutta F. C. Institution	١.
" Mahendranath Ditto.	
60 , Mahinimohan Jonye Training School.	
,, Matilál Sanskrit College.	
" Rajanikánta … L. M. S. Institution, Bho " Rámnáth … Patna Collegiate School.	wanipore.
Bhonya Garadas Midagon School	
Bhuramal Jeypore Moharaja's College	2C.
Birjvallabh Agra Collegiate School.	•
Birjviharilál Ditto.	
Bisvas, Priyakrishna Hooghly Collegiate School	d.
Bisveswar Dyal Oonao Zillah School,	
70 Bowers, W. H Bengal Academy. Brahma, Sivprasad Cuttack School.	
Radhlann Airean Callanista Calead	
Chakravarti, Basantakumár Dacca Brahmo School.	
" Bhutnáth Metropolitan Institution.	
Damodar Khanakul Kishnaghur A.	S. School.
" Durganáth Santosh Jahnavi School.	
" Gaganchandra Chinsurah F. C. Instituti	on.
Harachandra Mymensing School.	
Kalipada Ditto. 80 Franchandra Konnusger School.	
Ramoschandre Hoosely Rentch School	
Ramraman Serampore College.	
,, Sitalprasad South Baharoo School.	
, Sudhindrachandra Dacca Collegiate School.	
Chandra, Bipinvihari Beerbhoom School.	
Dwarkanath Badla Aided School.	
Changdar, Napharchandra Midnapore School.	
Charat Sing Chahachu Rawulpindee Mission Sch Chattopadhyay, Abhayacharan Fyzabad High School.	.00L
90 Bacalashoran Hamah Saka-1	
Baradaprasad Culna Moharaja's Sohool.	
" Bibhutibhushan Hooghly Collegiate School	
Binadvibari Maldah School.	
Ringdmhori Wallah Calan)	

Ch	attopadhyay, Jaykrishna	***	General Assembly's Institution.
	" Jogendranath	***	Hooghly Branch School.
	Jogendranath	***	Cawapore Zillah School.
00	Jwalaprasad Kesayebandra	100	Canning College, Lucknow.
00	Prasamakumár		Hooghly Collegiate School. Nagpore F. C. Institution.
	Presannakumár	***	Chinsurah F. C. Institution.
	Rachunath	,	Burdwan Maharajah's School.
	Saratchandra	101	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore.
	" Suryyakumár	18.5	Muragateha School.
	Taradás		Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
	,, Tarapada	***	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore.
, Ch	audhuri, Amritalál	411	Calcutta Training Academy.
	,, Annadaprasad		Monghyr School.
10	" Apurvakrishna	1.0	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore.
	" Jogendrachandra		Maldah School,
	,, Matilál	***	St. Peter's C. M. S. School, Allahabad. Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Co	" Purnachandra	***	Calcutta Boys' School.
_	nor, J. A. modardás	***	Agra Collegiate School.
	modardás	1+4	Christ Church School, Cawnpore.
	n, Purnachandra	1++	Konnuggur School.
	s, Amarnáth	111	Metropolitan Institution.
37	Bihárilál	***	Hooghly Collegiate School,
20 "	Dharmadhar	411	Calcutta Training Academy.
33	Govindaprasad	,	Mymensing School.
73	Harinath		Commillah School,
12	Indrakumár	***	General Assembly's Institution.
23	Madanmohan	* ***	Sylhet Government School.
27	Radhavinad	***	Kandi School.
23	Kameschandra Sitamohan	4 4 9	Midnapore School.
.10	Sitanath	***	Sylhet Government Schoo'. Ditto.
93	Tarakehandra	***	Ranaghat School.
30 Da	tta, Bhagavaticharan	***	Badia Aided School.
	, Bhuvaneswar		Cuttack School.
	Chandicharan	104	Hooghly Collegiate School.
	, Chandrakánta		Ooterpurah School.
,	, Dinanáth	4++	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
	, Dinanáth	4.0	Metropolitan Institution.
1	, Girijabhushan	1++	General Assembly's Institution.
	, Gopaldás		L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore.
1	, Haricharan		Mymensing School.
40	, Hridaynarayan , Kedarnath		Amptah School. Bagnan School.
	Neiginhalturger		Burrisa Aided School,
	Dhanidhay		Debroogurh School.
	, Sasibhusan	**1	Calcutta F. C. Institution,
	, Upendrakumar		South Baharoo School.
Da	ulatram '		Umritsur Mission School.
	, Chandrasekhar	F41	Hooghly Collegiate School.
	Dwarkánáth	***	Dacca Collegiate School.
	vidin		Hume's High School, Etawah.
	viprasad	4	Mirzapore Zillalı School.
	an Sing	758	Delhi Zillah School.
	ar, Bholanath	2.4	Hindu School.
	, Bihárilál , Kshetralál	191	Pogose School. Hindu School.
	nespressd	***	Bhangulpore School,
	rgaprasad	144	Agra Collegiate School.
	eha	144	Nagpore F. C. Institution
	set Hosen	***	Ajmere Collegiate School.
_	asmus, J. C.	***	St. John's College.
Ga	jadharprasad	***	Bareilly Collegiate School.
00 Ga	ngopadhyay, Apurvachandra	***	Hare School.
	" Devendranath	414	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
	" Jadunáth	141	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore.
	20 Phanibhushan		Chineurah F. C. Institution.

Metropolitan Institution. Gangopadhyay, Upendranath Ghosh, Amritachandra Burrisaul School. Sulkea School. Basantakumár 181 Durgadés Beerbhoom School. ... 22 Haranath Burrisaul School. h = 4 " # Heramvachandra Hindu School. ... 170 Kandec School. Jogeschandra ... Kamikhyanáth Metropolitan Institution. --,, Kasinath Harinavi A. S. School. ... L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore. Khiradebandra ... ,, Berhampore Collegiate School. Saugor High School. Khudiram ... 33 Kshetragopál ... 22 L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore. Mahendralal *** 73 Paresnáth Kishnaghur A. V. School. ... ,, Ramgopál Hooghly Collegiate School. ... ,, Ramkalpa Luckhimpore School. . . . 33 Barrackpore School. Hare School. 180 Saradaprasad ... ,, Saratehandra ... ,, Oriental Seminary. Calcutta F. C. Institution. Socrool School. Sitanáth 27 Syamacharan Ghoshal, Nagendranath Gilbert, W. R. Golam, Kaioom ... La Martiniere College, Lucknow. Hooghly Collegiate School. ... 4 8 7 Rahaman Garden Reach School, ,, Rahaman Goonewardene, W. S. J. . . . St. Thomas' College. Serampore College. Delhi Zillah School. ... Gosvami, Prasaddás ... 390 Gridharilál, I. . . . Grossman, A. St. Xavier's College. Guha, Manmolian Dacca Collegiate School. Prasaunakumár Pegese School. . . . Gulab Sing Bareilly Collegiate School. . . . Gupta, Bipinvihári Bhagulpere School, ... Girindrakumár Hazaribaugh School. 1.64 73 Gurucharan Dás L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore. ... Culna Maharaja's School. Radhaprasanna Hafiz Ali F # 1 "Sauger High School. . . . 200 Haldar, Purnachandra ,, Tinkari L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore. ... Howrah School. 447 Haraprasad Luckhimpore School. Roy Bareilly School. Harising Hoyle, J. La Martiniere College, Lucknow. ... Jagonnáthprasad Joynarain's College. ... Jana, Ramraksha Midnapore School. . . . Jansz, R. Colombo Academy. . . . Patna Collegiate School. Jaynáthpati ... Jeffereis, C. R. 210 John, G. M. Jones, Charles St. Xavier's College. ... Armenian Philanthropic Academy. St. Xavier's School. Calcutta F. C. Institution. Karmakar, Lakshmanchandra Bareilly Collegiate School., Kasiram 1.61 Kedárnáth Hume's High School, Etawah. Kisanlál Bareilly Collegiate School. . . . St. Stephen's College. Kundanlál ... Kundu, Bhagavaticharan Hooghly Collegiate School. Calcutta F. C. Institution. ... Bipinvihari >> ... Napharchandra Ditto. ... 220 Kunjviharilal Allahabad Zillah School. Hume's High School, Etawah. Lachminarayan Leonard, H. Bishop's School, Simla. ... Lilley, H. La Martiniere College, Lucknow. . . . Lissant, G. La Martiniere College. ... Bishop's School, Simla. Lister, A. ... Lumeden, E. R. St. Xavier's College. * 1 7 Madanmohanlál Shabjehanpore School. Fyzabad High School. ... Mahadeoprasad Cuttack School. Mahapatra, hamkrishna 230 Mahtab Ahmed Máiti, Krishnachandra Patna Collegiate School, Cuttack School

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Maitra, Viahnuchandra
                                                      St. Peter's C. M. S. School, Allahabad.
     Majumdar, Janakinath
Kalidas
                                                      Dinagepore School.
                                                ...
                                                      Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
                                                0.44
          91
                 Naranarayan
                                                      Purneah School.
                                                4 - 5
          2)
                 Nilkanta
                                                      Midnapore School.
                                                444
          33
                 Priyagopal
Upendrachandra
                                                      General Assembly's Institution.
Metropolitan Institution.
                                                ...
          33
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     Makhaniai, Joel
                                                      St. John's College.
                                                ...
                                                      Agra Collegiate School.
240 Makundalál
                                                ...
                                                     Ditto ditto.
Gowhatty High School.
St. John's College.
Bishop's School, Simla.
     Mensharlál
     Manirám
     Matilál
     Matthew, C.
                                                      Bengal Academy.
     Mendies, J. M.
     Milne, T. A.
Mitra, Ganeschandra
                                                      Doveton College.
                                                      General Assembly's Institution.
                                                . . .
                                                      Metropolitan Institution.
            Gopalchaudra
                                                ...
       23
            Khagendranáth
                                                      Hare School.
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       33
                                                      Mymensing School.
            Krishnakumar
250
                                                , . .
       78
            Narayanprasad
                                                      Cuttack School.
                                                110
            Nityagopal
Sarotchandra
                                                      General Assembly's Institution.
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       33
                                                      Agurparah C. M. S. Institution.
                                                 1 1 2
                                                      South Baharoo School.
            Umeschandra
                                                 ...
     Mohammed, Azim
                                                      Sultanpore School.
                                                . . .
                                                      St. Stephen's College.
                   Hosen
                                                 177
                                                      Hooghly Collegiate School.
Monghyr School.
Hurdui Zillah School.
                   Isaq
          23
                   Scrajal Haq
     Moula Baksh
                               .na41.
                                                      Calcutta Mudrissa.
260 Muin-ud-din Ahmed
                                                 ...
     Mukhopadhyay, Adharchandra
Amvikacharan
                                                      Calcutta Training Academy.
                                                 ***
                                                      Arrah School.
                                                ...
                       Avinaschandra
                                                      Hindu School.
                                                ...
             "
                                                      Bhagulpore School.
                       Brajendrmath
                                                ...
             22
                                                      Bullagurh School.
                       Hariprasanna
                                                ...
             31
                                                      St. Peter's C. M. S. School, Allahabad.
                       Нагіригва
                                                ...
             12
                       Jaygopal
                                                      Jeypore Moharajah's College.
                                                 . 4
             33
                                                      Badla Aided School.
                       Kalimohan
                                                      Jonye Training School.
                       Kamikshyanath
                                                 ...
                       Kantichandra
                                                      Have School.
                                                . . .
270
                                                      Bullagurh Aided School.
                       Nanimadhav
             "
                                                      Pogose School,
                       Nilkamal
                                                      Daces Collegiate School. hool. Ooterparah School.
                       Prasannachandra
                       Priyanath
                                                 ...
                       Radhikaprasad
                                                      Hare School.
             23
                                                      St. Peter's C. M. S. School Allahabad.
                       Rajkrishna
                                                 . . .
             73
                                                      Kishnaghur Collegiate School,
                       Rajkumar
             23
                                                      Sanskrit College,
Chinsurah F. C. Institution.
                       Rishivar
                                                 ...
            23
                       Saratchandra
                                                 ...
             38
                       Trailokshyanath
                                                      Lahore Collegiate School.
                                                 ...
     Nag, Revatikanta
                                                      Pogose School.
                                                 ...
     Nandi, Mahendrachandra
                                                           Ditto.
                                                 . . .
                                                      Kishnaghur A. V. School.
             Umeschandra
                                                 ---
                                                      St. Peter's College.
     Nolan, T.
                                                 ...
                                                      Doveton College.
     Owen, M.
Pal, Adharlal
                                                 . . .
                                                      Seal's Free College.
                                                ...
                                                      Calcutta Free Church Institution.
      " Kalicharan
                                                 ...
      " Nilamvar
                                                      Bancoorah School.
                                                      General Assembly's Institution.
          Sitalchandra
      .. Tulsicharan
                                                      Hindu School.
                                                      Hooghly Collegiate School.
     Palit, Saratchandra
                                                      Delhi Zillah School.
     Pandit, Alopiprasad
                                                      St. Stephen's College.
St. John's College.
     Pannalal
     Pragdan
                                                 ...
     Prukait, Parnachandra
                                                      Hooghly Collegiate School.
                                                ***
                                                      Shahjehanpore School.
     Radhakisan
                                                      Victoria College.
                                                ...
     Radhilal
                                                     L. M. High School, Benarce.
Allygurh Zillah School.
     Reghunathprased
     Reijanlal
                                                                                           18
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500 Ramanugrahanarayan	Patna Collegiate School.
Ramdas	Canning College, Lucknow.
Ramgopal	Allahabad Zillah School.
Ramjimal	St. John's College.
Ramsundarlal	Mirzapore Zillah School.
Ray, Asutosh	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipere.
, Benidas	Nizamut School.
" Bhairavchandra	Dacca Collegiate School.
, Bipinvihari	Baraset School.
" Brajavallabh	Mihirpore School.
310 " Chandrakanta	Berhampore Collegiate School.
" Gnanadaprasad	Kishnaghur Anglo-Vernacular School.
,, Gopalkrishna	Maldah School.
,, Haricharan	Canning College, Lucknow.
" Kailasehandra	Pogose School Rowile School.
,. Kailaschandra Kedarnath	Dames Caland
Makandanath	Outuntal Commissions
Muthumpresed	Gazeepore Mission School.
Sandlantagual	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
320 Raza Hosen	Bareilly Collegiate School.
Rockwell, J. W.	Boys' Orphanage, Shahjehanpore.
Rodrigues, J. F.	Honghly Collegiate School.
Saha, Gopivallabh	Metropolitan Institution.
Sahay, Bhavani	Patna Collegiate School.
" Rughuvir	Oonao Zillah School.
Samarekoon, J. K. B.	St. Thomas' College.
Sankar, Dyal	Agra Collegiate School.
Sanyai, Jogeschandra	Bewate Student.
Sarkar, Baradaprasad	Bancoorah School,
380 ,, Gangagovinda	General Assembly's Institution.
,, Govardban	Hooghly Branch School.
Jagadisvar	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
" Matilal " Matilal	Jonye Training School.
Rajandralal	Kishnaghur A. V. School. Kounugger School.
Survisialiuman	D C. 11
Sarkies, J. C.	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling.
Sarma, Parus/ im	Debroogurh School.
Saudagarla	Delhi Zillah School,
340 Scheerder O. C.	St. Xavier's College.
Sen, Agamrak anda	Mymensing School.
it riverile canida	Hindu School.
,, Akshaykumar	Sulkea School,
■ Gopalchandra	Burrisaul School.
,, Govindachandra	Dacca Brahmo School,
,, Kailasebandra	Pogose School.
,, Kamalkrishna	Dacca Collegiate School, Hindu School.
, Lalmohan Rajanikants	Noal-haller School
4KO Subanta	Cantack Take mi Oak at
Umaabahandus	Burrisaul School.
Seneviratue, A.	St. Thomas' College.
Set, Manilal	Hare School.
Sexton, C.	St. Peter's College.
Sinha, Gaurisankar	Queen's College, Benares.
" Jogendrachandra	Houghly Collegiate School.
, Sasibhushan	General Assembly's Institution
Sasibhushan	Beersingha A. S. School.
Sirimanne, D. W.	St. Thomas College
360 Smith, J. C.	Mussoaree School.
Srimani, Sasibhushan	Metropolitan Institution.
Stephens, M.	Armenian Philanthropic Academy.
Sukla Tularam Surjandas	Cawnyore Zillah School,
Syed Ryazat Hosen	Lahore Collegiate School, Rhagulages School
Thakurprasad	Bhagulpore School Queen's College, Benares.
Thakurprased	Arrah School.

Tiwari, Ramnarayan Sheunarayan

370 Vishnuchandra 871 Wajeh-ud-din ... Christ Church School, Campore.

... Hurdui Zillah School.
... Queen's College, Benares.

... Bauleah School,

THIRD DIVISION.

In Alphabetical order.

St. Stephen's College, Delhi. Abdul Aziz, Khaja Mozufferpore School. Abdul Haq Abdur Babim Khan Sulkea School. . . . Acháryya, Kedaresvar Adhikari, Chandra Kanta Ahmad Ullá Dighapatia School. ... Pubna School. .., Chittagong High School, L. M. High School, Benares. ---Ali Hossain ... Anantarámchandra Chapekar Teacher. ... Govinda Chandra's School, Patna. Arshad Ali ... 10 Bagchi, Maheschandra ,, Mahinimohan Howrah School. , . . Santipore English School (old). J.) ... Upendranath Hindu School. ... Balwant Rao Sauger High School. Beerbhoom School. Bandyopadhyay, Bidhubhusan Durgacharan Allahabad Mission School. " - \$5.5° Hooghly Collegiate School. Girischandra 35 Howrah School. Hariprasanna 33 Cossipore School. Hirálál ... *** Jogendranath Baraset School. ... 13 20 Kalinath Bancoorah School. ... " Mirzapore Zillah School. Kedarnath 100 -Saratchandra Ootterparah School. . . . Barál, Bhuvanmohan Barát, Upendranath Jessore School, . . . Hooghly Branch School. ... Barma, Gopalchandra Basak, Radhikamohan Burdwan C. M. S. Institution. ... Dacca Collegiate School. *** Besu, Asutosh Metropolitan Institution. 4.1 Bipinchandra Cossipore School. 114 Jessore School. Dinauath . . . 33 Dwarkanath Noral School. 30 12 Harinavi A. S. School. Gopalchandra 1) Mare School. Grindranath ... 32 Berhampore Collegiate School. Agurpara C. M. S. Institution. Haramohan . . . 33 Jivandhan * 4 1 32 Kedarnath Howrah School. . . . Kunjavihari Noral School. ... 2) Mymensing School. Rajendrakumar ... Burrisal School. Saratchundra -. . . Sivchandra South Baharoo School. ... Umeschandra Ootterparah School. 4 - 5 Baul Girijakants Mymensing School. Barabanki School. ... Bechulal . . . Benimadhov Bullerampere School. Howrah School. Bhaduri, Chandranath Nilratan Furreedpore School. . . . Bhar, Chandrakante Hare School. *** Bhattacharyya, Baradagovinda Kailaschandra Beauleah School. ... Scrampore College. General Assembly's Institution. ... Sasibhusan 33 ... Trailokyanath 50 Kandi School. 4 6 6 Bhawaniprasad Joynarian's College. ... Ajmere Collegiate School. Biharilál Beauleah School. Bishi, Krishnachandra Bisvás, Isanchandra Seal's Free College. Navadwipchandra Kishnaghur Collegiate School. ... an . Umeschandra Baraset School. Brindayan * * 4 Hume's High School, Etawah. St. John's College, Agra. Allygurh Zillah School, Chadaiál Chakravarti, Bhayaniohandra

44	F37 3 17 754 4 5			will be written as
60	Chakravarti, Bhuvanchandra		1	Intelly Institution.
	,, Jadunath		117	Mirzapore Mission School.
	" Prasannakumar		111	Kishnaghur A. V. School.
	,, Rajanikanta		4	Bhowanipore Institution.
	" Rajmohan			Dacca Brahmo School.
	Chandra, Akshaykumar		1 8 4	Hare School,
	Chattopadhyay, Dinanath		+41	Queen's College, Benares.
	, Haridas			Beerbhoom School.
	,, Harinath			Bansbariah F. C. Mission School.
	, Hariprasanna			Oonso Zillah Schodle
70	" Kaliprasanna		41.0	Pogose School.
	,, Kisarchandra			Kishnaghur A. V. School.
	" Mathurmohan			Bullagurh Aided School.
	" Rupnarayan		***	Oriental Seminary.
	, Saradaprasad			Cuttack School.
	" Saratchandra (ju	nior)		Kennugger School.
	" Srinath			Bancoorah School.
	Chaudhuri, Akshaykumar		*48	Reerbhoom School.
	, Chandranath			Beaulcah School.
	" Isvarchandra			Beauleah School.
80	" Jánakináth •		41.0	Mymensing School.
	" Jaynerayan		+++	Kucheakolo Rajgram School.
	,, Khiradehandra			Ootterparah School.
	,, Madhavchandra			Barrackpore School.
	" Makundalàl			Beerbhoom School.
	,, Prasannakumár			Bhowanipore Institution.
	Rádhikánáth			Okersa School.
	,, Saratchandra		*11	Commillah School.
	Das, Amritalál		***	Hare School.
	" Khemkaran			Allygurh Zillah School.
90	,, Krishnakumar			Chittagong High School.
	,, Lakshmikanta		• • • •	Gowhatty High School.
	_ Madhavkrishna		- + +	Calcutta Seminary.
	, Ramial		***	General Assembly's Institution.
	,, Umeschandra			Pogose School.
	Datta, Akshaykumar		***	Moradpore Training Seminary.
	,, Anantálai			Bancoerah School, Hooghly Branch School,
	Baradaprasad Hemchandra			Chineurah Hindu School.
	- Hemnath		144	Hare School.
100	Kamallandhaa		104	Noral School.
100	Minanimohan			Mymensing School.
	Ramanath			Calcutta F. C. Institution.
	Davis, C.		* * *	Bishop's School, Simla.
	De, Premchaud		450	Bancourah School.
	_ Purnachandra		***	Chinsurah Hindu School.
	Deoram			St. John's College, Agra.
	Dev, Prakaschandra			Sylhet Government School.
	Deviprased			Roy Bareilly School.
	Dhar, Rasiklal		***	Hindu School.
110	Duliehand		***	St. John's College, Agra.
	Francis, D.		114	Teacher.
	Ganes Ramchandra Gadgil			Nagpore Free Church Institution.
	Gangaprasad		140	Gobindachandra's School, Patna.
	Gangopádhyáy, Haricharan			Pogose School.
	" Kantichandra			Moradpore Training Seminary.
	" Saradacharan		***	Joynarian's College, Benarca.
	Syamlal		***	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
	Ghosh, Avinaschandra		***	Chinsurah Hindu School.
	,, Banavarilal			Bancoorah School.
120	,, Brajamohan		***	Jessore School.
	, Chikanlal		148	Beerbhoom School.
	" Dinanath		- * *	Bancoorah School.
	" Hemchaudra		143	Cuttack School.
	,, Kedaruath			Berhampore Collegiate School.
	,, Nagendrakumar		1 + 1	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
	, Rakhalchandra			Hooghly Collegiate School,

1	Ghoshál, Annadaprasad		Agurparah C. M. S. Institution.
1	Gupta, Gopalchandra	+++	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
	, Plyarimohan		Pogose School.
130	Saratahandra	111	Dacca Brahmo School.
100	Habibar Rahman		Calcutta Mudrissa.
	Hajra, Govindajivan		Berhampore Collegiate School.
	rialis, Govindajivaa	+ = 4	
	Haldar, Nandalal	***	Sanskrit College.
	Hickson, J. A.		St. Peter's College, Agra.
	Kalimuddin Ahmed		Intally Institution.
	Karmakár, Chandranath		General Assembly's Institution.
	Keelan, R.		La Martiniere College.
	Khurshed Ali		Calcutta Mudressa.
	Kirpárám		Labore Collegiate School.
140	Lachman Rao Praker	•	Saugor High School-

	Lahn, Umacharan	***	Bancoorah School.
	Lahiri, Purnachandra	***	Berhampore Collegiate School.
	" Saradamohan		Beauleah School.
	Lal, Hariharcharan	9.64	Patna Collegiate School.
	" Hazari		Bareilly Collegiate School.
	" Sohan		Moradabad School.
	., Sundar		Ditto ditto.
	Mahadeo Rao Pulnsilker	***	Saugor High School.
	Maitra, Kailáschandra	***	Kishuaghur Collegiate School.
150	Majumdar, Avinaschandra	***	Christ Church School, Campore.
	,, Kedarnath	100	Ootterparah School,
	" Trailokyanath	4.01	Patna Collegiate School.
	Mallik, Lakshminorayan	***	Hare School.
	Manguram	414	Lahore Collegiate School,
	Manna, Umácharan	111	Jonye Training School.
	Misra, Haringrayan	*11	Kandi School.
			Ooterparah School.
	Mitra, Baradaprasad	•••	
	" Bhuvanmohan	101	South Baharoo School.
	Purnachundra	100	Putpa Collegiate School.
160	Mofakharar Rahman	++4	Calcutta Mudressa.
	Mozharul Haq		Ditto ditto.
	Mukhopádhyáy, Akshaykumar	***	Hooghly Collegiate School,
	Chandranath	***	Joynardn's College,
	Durondas		Calcutta Training Academy.
	" Girindrachandra		Santipore English School (old).
	/1	114	Dacca Brainno School.
	_ Jaminikumar		
	ognesvar Jognesvar	151	Bancoorah School,
	" Narottam	100	Beerbhoom School.
	, Parvaticharun	* 4 *	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
170	,, Piyarilal	140	General Assembly's Institution.
	, Prasannakumar	***	Metropolitan Institution.
	Proconnatumer	***	Pogose School.
	Raimohan		Oriental Seminary.
		* * *	
	, Ramnath	+ - +	Beerbhoom School,
	" Srikumar	* = *	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
	", Syamacharan	4)4	Ooterparah School.
	Mulhar Rao	***	Schore High School,
	Nag, Tinkari	114	Scebpore Aided School.
	Nandi, Mahendranath	1.4	Hooghly Collegiate School.
180	Nath, Biswambhar (II)		Delhi Zillah School.
	Chundrolemman	***	General Assembly's Institution.
	Niogi, Avinaschendra	1 - 4	Hooghly Collegiate School.
	Pal, Bidhubhushan	***	Kishnaghur A. V. School.
	Paladhi, Haricharan	444	Heobs Mondly School.
	Palit, Isanchandra	**1	Bancoorali School.
	,, Krishnadhan	***	Calcutta Training Academy.
	Pandit, Kasinath Thakur		Saugor High School.
	" Pirthunath		Canning College, Lucknow.
	Pereira, J. E. R.		Colombo Academy.
190			L. M. High School, Benares.
100	Phagunprasad	*4*	
	Pitamvar	111	Aimere Collegiate School.
	Pracad, Lakshmi		Patna Collegiate School.
	Raghuvardas, Kaith	***	Christ Church School, Campore.
	Ramchand Rao Devasker	111	Sauger High School

	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1
Ra	maevak	114	L. M. S. Institution, Mirzapore.
	gaisan		Umritaur Mission School.
	y, Benimadhav		Metropolitan Institution.
	Z1 1 1 1		Furreedpore School.
	Chamakandua		Bhagulpere School.
200	Wannahandar		Buraset School.
70	Li ana am ta beneva u		Kishuaghur Collegiate School.
11	Tadanath	***	Poorse School.
53	Dimmeth		Patna Collegiate School.
-	Damon 64h		Howrah School.
35	Q		Kuchiakol Rajgram School.
D."		***	Bengal Academy.
	llo, A. D.		Doveton College.
	oke, C. M. S.	*	Lahore Collegiate School.
	lliaram		Calcutta Free Church Institution
810	na, Batekrishna	h = 4	
210 ,		***	Santipore English School (old).
Bal	hay, Jagdam (I)		Patna Normal School.
	, Ramesvar	4+1	Mozusferpore School.
Sei	nyal, Nrityagopal	h 4 P	Bogra School.
	Tarinikanta	***	Serajgunge School.
Sat	kar, Bhuvanchandra		Bhowauipore Union Academy.
	, Krishnachandra		Hindu School,
Ser	i, Annadánanda		Furreedpore School.
	Gopalchandra	849	Calcutta Free Church Institution.
	Hariprasanna	4 + 4	Mymensing School.
220 "	Kedarnath	1.5.4	Calcutta Training Institution.
22	Makhanlal	114	Hooghly Collegiate School.
22	Mathuranath		Balasore School.
39	Nandalal	1.4	Calcutta Free Church Institution.
12	Purnachaudra		Moteehari School.
	Rajanikanta	1 - 4	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore
	Ramesvar		Teacher.
39	Sirischandra .	***	Bhowanipore Union Academy.
She	ikh, Abed-ul Rahmau		Patna Normal School.
	, Azizar Rahman	***	Gowhatty High School.
0.00	,, Belait Hossain		Burdwan Moharaja's School,
	,, Hossain Baksh	***	Bhagulpore School.
She	ewdurean		Teacher.
	, Binadvihari	7.1	Oriental Seminary,
"	Gosaindás	719	Chinsurah Free Church Institution
	g, Ator		Amritsar Mission School.
J:	C18-1 //1	111	Umballa Mission School.
	Guidif		Umritsur Mission School.
91	Tail.		Rawul Pindee Mission School.
31	San land	414	Moradabad School.
0.10	Ol. and	***	Umritsur Mission School.
, ,	(Zalima		Fyzabad High School.
Sin	ha, Chunilal	111	Midnapore L. M. School,
	Dandagarden	11+	
Si on	o, Sureschandra	Nag s	Queen's College, Benares. Hare School.

	trishna Appaji Pandhe		Nagpore Free Church Institution.
	d, Abduselam	4 + -	Norman Phys Church Tuetienties
ser ius	faramvishnu Gosavi	* * *	Nagpore Free Church Institution.

J. SUTCLIFFE,

Registrar.

CALCUITA UNIVERSITY, 2% 27th December 1871.

BENIOR SCHOLARS, 1872.

LITTOT OF	
Sen, Tara Prasanna	Presidency College.
Labiri, Prasanna Kumar	Presidency College.
Bhattacharya, Sarvesvar	Presidency College.
Ghosh, Nagendra Nath	Presidency College.
Ghosh, Barada Prasad	Krishnaghur Col-
 ,	lege.
Datie Puma Chandra	Presideens College.

Patta, Purna Chandra ... President College.
Percival, H. M. ... Dacca College.
Datta, Ram Lal ... Rughly College.
Mukhopadhyay, Khatra Presidency College.
Mehan.

Bandyopadhyay, Nistaran... Presidency College.

SEGOND GRADE.

Ghosh, Rama Prasanna
Das, Navin Chandra
Sarkar, Narendra Nath
Sen, Aditya Chandra
Datta, Ram Narayan
Nath, Prayag
Ghosh, Apurva Krishna

... Presidency College.
Presidency College.
Presidency College.
Presidency College.
College.
Cathedral Mission
College.

Bandyopadhyay Tripura
Charan ... Presidency College.
Ghoshal, Uma Nath ... Krishuaghur College.

Chattopadbyay, Aditya
Kamar ... Presidency College.

Sur, Hari Mohan ... Hughly College. Patnéyak, Chatur Bhuj ... CuttackHigh School.

THIRD GRADE.

CALCUTTA CIRCLE.

,	
Sarkar, Purna Chand	
Dhar, Gokul Chandr Sinha, Hari Mohan	College. Presidency College.
Sinha, Hari Mohan	Presidency College,
Datta, Man Mohan	Presidency College.
Sarkar, Natavar	Presidency College.
Randvanadhuare	Mahan

Chandra ... Presidency College.

HUGHLY CIRCLE.

Chattopadhyay, Bipra Charan Cuttack High School.

Bhattacharya, Kedar Nath... Hughly College.
Réy, Madhu Sadhan ... Cuttack High
School.

DACCA CIRCLE.

Gangopadhyay, Rajani Nath Dacca College. Chandra, Manik ... Gowkatti High School.

Sarma, Kasi Nath ... Gowhatti High School.

Parma Circle.

Prasad, Dorga ... Paina College.

Kriemhaghun Circle.

Mukhopadhyay, Harendra Krishnaghur Col.

Nath lege.

Pal, Hari Das ... Krishnaghur College.

Gangopadh ay, Piyari Lal ... Krishnaghur College.

Sanyal, Kedar Nath ... Berkompur College. Chakravarti, Giris Chandra Berkampur College.

W. S. ATKINSON, Director of Public Instruction.

FORE WILLIAM, The Sed Jenuary 1872.

Nuddea Rivers.

Report showing the least depth in the present navigable channels for the week ending Friday, 5th January 1872.

NAMES OF RIVERS.	Least depth of	Water.	Немалко.			
MAPABANGAR.	Ft.	In.	-			
On the Entrance Sheal Thence to Hat Bouleah, 44	ı	6				
miles	1	9				
Hat Bouleah to Alickdeah, Alickdeah to Kissengunge.	2	0				
Kissengunge to Hooghly	1	8				
River, 34 miles	. 3	0				
Belgibutter.						
Entrance	5	0	Boats drawing 4 feet			
Thence to Jungipore. 9 miles	4	6	can pass up and			
Jungipore to Berlampore,	3	9	down the Bhaugi- ruttee.			
Berhampore to Cutwa, 56	3	9				
miles	3	6				
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles	4					

Height on guage at Berhampore on the 8th January 1672. ■ feet 8½ inches.

T. H. Wickes, c.E.,

Ese. Engr., Nuddea (Local) Rivers Division.

BERRAMPORE, The 8th January 1872.

Notification.

The Commissioners for making improvements in the Port of Calcutts, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, do hereby declare that the wharf on the east bank of the River Hooghly, extending from the Mint premises on the North to Mullick's Ghât on the South, is ready for receiving, landing, and shipping goods, from and upon vessels not being sea-going vessels; and order that within the limits of that portion of the Port of Calcutta situate between Tolly's Nullah on the South and Ahirectollah Ghât on the North, it shall not be lawful to land or ship any goods out of or into vessels of the class above specified, other than those hereinafter excepted, except at the aforesaid wharf, or at the wharves extending from Ahirectollah Ghât on the North to Juggurnauth Ghât on the South, and from No. 6 Jetty on the North to Colvin's Ghât on the South.

The above order shall not be held to apply, until further notification, to inland steamers, or to boats laden with bamboos, hay, straw, vegetables, fruit, meat, and market produce. Such goods can be landed at the public ghats under any rules and restrictions at present or hereafter in force thereat.

By order of the Commissioners,

W. D. BRUCE, Fice-Chairman.

The 44k January 1872.

(1055-8)

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Caloutts.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V. (B.C.) OF 1870.

Tun following Packages landed at the Jettics from the undermentioned Ships have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act —

Date of removal to Import Warehouse. 1872.	No., mark, and description.	Consigness.	Ships.
,, 2nd ,, 2nd 2nd ,, 2nd ,, 2nd ,, 2nd	1 Parcel, addressed 1 Case, addressed 1 Parcel, addressed 1 Parcel, [M B H B] [G] 1 Parcel, [H] F L 1 Parcel, H P S 8 Cases, R D 1 Case, addressed	Mrs. Beale, Mrs. Ta Feyyons Max Forbes Williams Order Shaw, Jameson & Co Order Taylor Arthur, Esq.	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto.
,, 2nd ,, 2nd 1871. Dec. 26th	3 Cases, W V 3 Cases, W G 1 Bale, R. M. & Co.	Order	Ditto. Ditto. Asiatic.
	r	W. D. Bruce,	Ditto. Ditto. Fiee-Chairman. (1057—1)

NOTICE.

The following Packages landed from the undermentioned Ships are lying unclaimed at the Costom House. If the Goods are not cleared on or before the dates stated against each item, they will be sold, under Section 57 of Act VI. of 1863, for the restization of duty, wharfage, and other charges:-

Date of	Sale.	Mark or Address	of Packages. Ships.
1872, Feb.	3rd	1 Case, [8 N H] A B	Victoria Cross.
у п	3rd	1 Box, [R M]	. Arratoon Apear.
	3rd	4 Cases, E A R	Meinam.
33	3rd	1 Box, H & Co.	Ditto.
)1	3rd	1 Package, N F	China.
27	3rd	3 Baskets, V M	Ditto.
23	8rd	2 Bags, Nil	Ditto.
29	3rd	1 Case, E E S	Indus.
	8rd	6 Chairs, Nil	. Ditto.
- D	3rd	l Package, Nil	Ditto.
CALCUTTA (Customs, A January 1	872.	J. A. CRAWFORD, Collector of Customs.

NOTICE.

THE following Packages have been landed at the Custom House from the undermentioned Ships ander the provisions of Section 52 of Act VI. of 1868. If the Goods are not cleared before the dates stated against each item, they will be sold for the realization of duty, wharf rent, and other charges, under Section 56 of Act VI. of 1868:—

Prince 9 co.) will do			1.01	ì
Date of S	ale.		Mark or Address of Packages.	Shipe.
1872, Mar.	6th	8	Packages, [S N H] A B	Victoria Cross.
29		2	Cases, [S W M) A. B. & Co.	Ditto.
22	6th		Cases, [M S M I] A B	Ditto. }
1)		1	Keg, [8]	Ditto.
. 29	8th	1960	good and broken Cakes of Spelter	Seindia
CALOUTTA	Cues	OW a	1 4 /	CRAWRURD, Collector of Creatons
CERO0114		v=-;	#4 454 V	DEFINED OF SECTION OF CAREFORM

The 9th January 1872.

J. A. CHAWFORD, Collector of Oxetome.

Termio.

J. F. Galavye,
Collector and Supervisor, Catcutta Canals.

Per cheet.

9 Per balo.

Per hide.

1 Per tabe.

. Por bale.

	MARIN CO	Canal Chitpers (Republication)	Samodepotta		NAMES OF CROWNINGS		MANAGE Chitpora	Capaly's Khal	Charleson and T	
						<u> </u>	;	<u>-</u>	:	
CHA	Menned to medianal	118117334	1 1 2	1 2	Mumber of boats. Manndere by cenal	:	223	1	-	P-0-
Chandoal.	Assementational desired of caree	1,077	129 POSSO	517	Treamonages of earth		#7510e, 1	1	-	_
	Acted to welliand a	48			ok capturaço.	÷	1,599,70		•	_
1 000 P	James Çû ayabitina M Jingatoria wasa	100112	: : :	40	Mumber of boats.	8	÷	2	:	_
Coat	Maundage of cargo by caldmate.	908	1 1 3	\$104¢	Merindage by center	100 E	;		:	-
Panch Gooda, Natyre Propectiv	Mumber of hosts. Manualage by cacal monaturement	1 1 1	1 1 1		Ograe to sandare of cargo	1249	:		1	-
POR.	อรูเลขก 30 อลูลอกเมตรัฐ อุปสากต่อง รูก			To	Mumber of beats.	**	6	- 1	4	_
7 24	lenen to reducing	- 83 - 83	: -	Tobacco	Tannay teacher	1352	9787	- -	900	_
Prece Conda IMPOUTED FABRICE	Anstroamerom				Manushine of cargo. by estimato. Namber of dente.	3246	1700		ģ	_
	hy settimate.	+ : 82		Lixegap	Manadage by caunt	22 1025			₩	_
Hroga	Meissel am hy canal	20075,157,652	:::	53D.	nester entering		i .	ž	65.00 65.00	_
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ပိ	Manual of bease.	Se iii		Pabor	Maundage by cental	· 65	*		‡ –	*
Cotros.	диминовинального размения раз	₩1 : + ::		, i	oguse to egaliticati.	1 100		<u> </u> - 	400 11	140 41
	Standard in realistics	- 2			grand to radiate?	1500		11	\$ 00v52	
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	is summer of loging.			ei ei	pa saturação glarendace of costo	916	:	: 	14/4	_
Cavron 'Mil.	grana, meani				ashoot to nedmind	-6 -8		: [: \$	-
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Ē	Agend no herburs.	<u> </u>	9	{	румания продержания об сетиро	6573	:		!	
Тявіво	on a schildren ge	=9 : :	: : & :		-8146M To 140/ustr M	6	i	! 	2	Board.
	sedical Bo tocknot M	2 1	92 22 23	Bics.	Status by extraction of the categorial.	401100	į	1	20776	A Comment
Jan Giller.	देवाणाः स्था वस्त्राप्तकारमञ्जूतः विभागमान्यकारमञ्जूतः	32500	0006		ра вкрипича уржиний от сико	1225.0	:	<u>:</u>	\$ 35,440	20000
ë.	oyres to exchanged	16400	15.00		Manher of boats	#	:	j		-
	Nember of boats.	1 1 1 1	1 9	WHELL	Maundage by classic	9300	:		ï	-
Jeen	Mensione by cent.	614300	6,51011		Maighdage of cargo	00.5	!	· .	:	_
	у саривира у саривира	₽-825-400 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0000	1	salend to vodera?	i ‴_ ≋	;	- 1	<u>'</u> <u>:</u>	_
ភ	Manufage by count	81		LESTIL	Distriction of correct	818	<u> </u>	 - :		_
Learn.	Mannatage of carro	004-62	20.2		Summer of heads.	\$6 \$6 \$6	:	= <u>:</u>	<u>.</u> ,	_
	Number of bosts.	11300		GRAIN	Codes Mil combined by same and a second code of the co	3	:	;	:	
MUSTER D.	Meundage by must	80 30580	36280	35 P1	Mannisher of sargu-	18	;	:	ŧ	
2	Manuschant of cerro	5 21425	8 :		To redrigger less?'	975	2442	150	1025	_
← 41	Cintaber of bosts.	# #	'	BURDACED	Yellah manudage by atteneranasan lanas	110407	SECTION	#8 11	200	
Mercian Stan One	Maundage by cental	1 5 1	1 1 1 1	1 2		1	73	-21	9	_

DEAFFA TOLL COLLECTON'S OFFICE,
The 4th January 1872.

CURRENCY NOTES.

Tax following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lest, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are piaced against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Troits waterly than in Generagor.						
Register No.	No. of Notes.	Valva.	Name of Claimant.			
		Rs.	1			
4406	A 46208	100	Udovto Kabaus.			
4408	A 35619	100	The Manager, Beer-			
			bheem Coal Co.			
4416	杰 17790	300	T, Malcolm.			
4419	₹ 17763	100	٦			
	,, 30779	100				
	30780	100	Poornochunder Dutt.			
	30781 , 01872	100 100				
4421	A 65937	50	Jodoonath Sirear.			
4422	A 01143	50	Denonath Bose.			
	A 51178		Mecheerfell Doss.			
4424	₩ 51178 ₩ 37035	1,000	<u> </u>			
	50741	1,000	T, Benke.			
4425	A 66444		Tara Mohun Mullick.			
	A 98575	100	Rajendro Narain Bosc.			
4483	A 50775	10	Mrs. Emily Hoff.			
4434 4437	A 58704	50 100	Prosannauath Sandyal.			
E301	♣ 58704 ♣ 40156	20	Rajendronarain Bose.			
1441	A 80174	20	3			
	29805	20	J. P. Edmunds.			
4442	A 81771	20	1 Gobind Chunder			
	A 23631 A 83709	20	Bose.			
444 3	A 83709	100	Bitto ditto.			
4446	54805	100 20	•			
	A 28181	#U	The Chief Pay-master, E. I. R.			
4447	A 28851	160	Gopal Chunder			
	₀ 17888	100	Barmo.			
4448	4 26319	50	Prasana Chundra			
	:		Ghosh.			
	Notes no	rtially l	est or destroyed.			
4409	A 20019		Sreenauth Bose.			
4410	A 02089	20				
	A 10318		H. Woodrow.			
4411	∰ 64131 	10	Womachundra Moo-			
1040	4 46050		kerjee.			
4418	A 47070	10	Mohendroich Dutt.			
4414	27625 ,, 17202	100				
	A 61548	100 500	Sumboochunder Mitter.			
4417	A 99869	20	The Revd. E. Lafont.			
	99868	20	Line and the Late of the			
4418	A 83486	10	Ditto ditto.			
4430	A 64725	100	Nundo Mohun Dose.			
4400	13449	100				
4431	63238	20	Messre. Scallan and			
4482	,, 63223 4 49620	20 10	Messrs. W. H. Fize,			
4204	\$4733	20	and Co.			
4486	A 39116	1,000	Abdool Haque.			
4440	\$ 59116 \$ 85003	10	Hurry Bongs Chatterjee.			
4449	58698	50	H. S. Thompson.			
	,, 53699) of recember			
	I.e.		1			

Wrongly	joined.
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Register No.	Na. of Notes.	V	alue.	Name of Claimant.
			Rs.	1
4407	3 13106 ,, 13110	}	20,	Messre. Burjorges, Fram- ges and Co.
4412	. 64958	}	10	Sectul Prosad, Khurg
	45208 45208 92750	}	10	Prosad.
4415	∰ 74810 → 74809	}	10	Berashur Mitter.
4409	A 00265	}	10	M. C. Proby.
4438	74801 , 74810	Ì	20	r. Page.
	1	4		

IA BERKELLY, "

Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.

Paper Currency Department, The 8th January 1872.

Post Office Notification.

List of remaining and unclaimed letters accumulated in the Calcutta Post Office during the week ending 6th January 1872.

Ackroor Chunder Roy. Ackhoon, L. J. Beiten, N. Beale, Mrs. S. Beil, R. C. Brady, C. Brady, C. Brady, C. Braggot, M. O. L. Braham, F. E. Bell, Mrs. W. E. Briggs, Licut.Col. Buchell, Pro. L. Brown, E. Bhundell, H. W. Beverley, Mrs. W. G. Bell, W. E. Carlisle, Capt. J. F. Chisholm, J. W. Cunningham, Gent. A. Dunsford, R. C. Donaldson, T. C. DeSouza, A. S. Dyer, Mrs. W. A. D'Souza, A. DuBordread, C. Emclia. Empson, Mrs. E. Frizzle, Mrs. J. Forbes, T. T. Frascr, A. A. H. Fox, A. Gomes, S. A. Goeool Chand and Sockdov Dass and Co. Gregory, J. M. Holroyd, W. Hodge, Capt. T. H	Johans, Miss. E. Johans, J. V. Jardine, W. Johnston, Mrs. M. Keefer, Br. W. N. keating, Colonel. Lawson, R. Lynch, J. Lloyd & Co. Leslie, Mrs. Landeshut, S. W. Mendes, Mrs. J. March, M. and Co. Mackenzie, D. Muir, J. F. McNamara, J. E. Newbery, Capt. E. Pereira, B. Smith, Mrs. S. Smith, W. F. Sutherland, Mrs. Stoney, E. Stater, F. T. Snoll, Miss. Stoney, E. The Manager, Press. Templeton, Gunner The Manager Up Commercial Ass Thomson, Mrs. Wilkinson, E. J. Watson, J. and Co.	Adelphie r R., per India ociation.
Hodge, Capt. T. H	Wafson, J. and Co	>
Issur Chunder Condon and	Wodehouse, Sir P	
Chunder Coomar Condoo.	Wilson, Miss. E.	
Jordon, V.		4.35
	W. H. McGov	PARI

W. H. McGowan, Post-Master,

Calcutta Post Office, The Sth January 1872.

Postal Notice.

SHA AND OVERLAND MAILS.

For	liox closes at	Date.	For Steamer.
Akyab, Rangoon, an Moulurein. Madras, Ceylon, Penan, Singapere, Malace Hong-Kong, China, Japa	g, 6	10th Jan. 17th ,,	Madras. Surat.
and Australia. The Straits and Hong Kong.	1	10th _	Hindoostan and Glen- artney.

The next Overland Mail wid Bombay will close on

Friday, the 12th January 1872.

2. Book Post and Pattern Packets must be posted on the 11th.

N.R.—The letter box will close at 7 s.m. precisely, after which home Overland letters fully propaid and bearing extra postage stream of two amous use such cover will be received up to 7-30 s.m., or bearing an extra postage strong of four amous on each cover up to 8 s.m., and after 8 up to 9 s.m., by a Post Office Clork at the East Indian Railway Schtion, Armenian that.

N.B.—No letters, newspapers, books or pattern packets, are sent to Aden. Such or Europe, or places vid Europe, by Peninsular and Oriental Company's Steamors from Calcutta; the route to such places being sid Humissy.

W. H. McGowan, Post-Master.

CALCUTTA, The 9th January 1872.

Statement shewing the importation of Salt (privat property) in band and affout on River Hooghly, subject to Custome' duty on the 1st January 1872.

	Government Golaha	Privata Golska	Aftont.	Total.
Linerpool Penguls French Kurkutch Italian Ceylon Madras Arubian and Persian	In Mds. 15.21.6482 19.644 2,768 1.634 66,3102	In Mds.	8,91,317 14,178	20,12,074 31,542 2,746 1,634 54,3102
Gulf's Kurkutels and Museat Rock	4,05,701}	P45-197-	26,766	4,82,4671
Tatal	20,07,621	#9,308 }	4,33,161	25,39,084

By order of the Board of Revenue, L.P.,

J. A. CRAWSORD, Collector of Customs.

CALGUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, The 4th January 1872.

Ausolbent Motices.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the several matters?

On Saturday, the 6th of Ivie Gordon, Joseph Savigny, James day of January instant, it was ordered that the William Hendry Campbell, Norman Brothers, and Charles Balfour Wallis, Insolvents.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee.

In the matter of Roop-On Monday, the 11th loli Nundun, Mohendro- day of December last, nath Nundun, and Isser it was ordered that the Chunder Mitter, Insol- matters of the petition of the said Insolvente be heard on Saturday, the 3rd day of February next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

S. Vertannes, Attorney.

In the matter of Alfred \ Notice, that an application for an ad Albert an Insolvent. interim protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Monday, the 15th day of January instant, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

* Any creditor of the said Insolvent desir-"ous of apposing such application must appear "before the said Court at the time and place afore-"said."

E. O. Moscs, Attorney.

In the matter of Alfred On Wednesday, the Albert, an Insolvent. 3rd day of January instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 3rd day of February next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

E. O. Moses, Attorney.

In the matter of On Thursday, the 27th Charles Henry Lane, an day of December last. Insolvent. first Court day in January 1873 be appointed for the further hearing of this mottor, and that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally, as well as to his after-acquired property, from all liabilities for debts, claims, and domands, of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his potition for relief.

Trotman & Co., Alterneys.

In the matter of Francis On Friday, the 5th John D'Elboux, an In- day of January instant, solvent. It was ordered that Saturday, the 3rd day of February next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally, as well as to his after-acquired property, from all liabilities for debts, claims, and demands, of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

M. Camell, Attorney.

In the matter of Golam On Saturday, the 25th Abbas, an Insolvent. I day of November last, by an order of this Court the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge under the Act XI. Vic., cap. 21, as to all persons named in his schedule as creditors or claiming to be creditors respectively.

S. N. Doss, Attorney. Chief Clerk's Office, the 9th January 1872.

Sheriff's Office, the 19th December 1871.

Notice is hereby given that the First Criminal Session of the year 1872 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court House, in the Town Hall of Calcutta, on Thursday, the Eighteenth day of January next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said session be then and there to prosecute.

J. R. BULLEN SMITH.

Sheriff.

মারিক আঞ্চিম ১৮৭১ সংল ১৯ ভিন্সেম্বর।

मनागत स्वता याहरणह या मृद्य वाकामात्र क्षां छेह निम्नय मृद्यंत चकीगित्र कां छेह निम्नय मृद्यंत चकीन गहत
गित्र कां छ चनामा भारत को क्षणाती
विगत निण्डा क्षणा चां भारत को मृद्यांत
व्रुष्णिवात दना ३२ विगत गमत बदः
विगत प्राप्त दना ३२ विगत गमत बदः
विगत कें क ममदः किन कां जात को गमत मारत
शिवित छेक ममदः किन कां जात को गमत्र निद्यक
बदः बज्दांत दिन किन मित्रक कां याहरणह व्यः
विगत दिन किन मित्रक कां याहरणह व्यः
विगत वाहरणह कां विगत कां वाहरणह व्यः
विगत वाहरणह कां वाहरणह वा

J. R. BULLEN SMITH,

Sheriff

Notice

Is hereby given that the undermentioned lots of waste lands, estimated to consist of about 334 acres 2 roods, and 24 poles, more or less, situated in Pergunah Kalain, Mouzah Digabeer, Zillah Cachar, and bounded as shown at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Province of Bengal," will be put up to sale by suction to the highest bidder above the upset price of two rupees and eight annas per sere, on the 20th day of January 1872, at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863:—

BOUNDAMIES.

Rest—Lands of Pattab 27, belonging to Sabil Mahomed and others, Bhyrub Bari, Junamer Mockem and Khas lands.

West - Lands of Patiah 34, belonging to Asu Myan and others, and Khas lands of Mouzah Bhoirabpore.

North—Khas lands and Panchpir Mukam. South—Settled lands of Mr. Davidson in Pattah No. 89.

O. G. R. McWilliam, Offg. Depy. Commissioner, Cachar Dry. Comme.'s Office, The 14th October 1871.

Mistelluneous Adbertisements.

Notice.

THE annual Rungpore Fair will be held on the usual ground close to the Jail on the 1st February 1872, owing to the Fallacotta Fair which is to take place in January 1872. Articles sold are live-stock and manufactures of every description.

RUNGRORE, Offg. Civil Surgeon.
The 29th December 1871.

বিজ্ঞাপৰ। -

এড দ্বার সর্বে সাখারণকে ভাত করা বাই ভেছে বে, কালাকটোর মেলা আমুআরি সালে ভইবে স্থতাং রজপুরের মেলা জেলবানার নৈকটা পূর্বে দানে ইংরেজি ১৮৭২ নালের আমুআরি মাসের পরিবর্তে কেব্রুজারি মাসের সালের ১লা ভারিখে জারের হুইবে, এই মেলায় জীবভস্ত ও মর্বে প্রকোরের ভিত্তেশাং-পার দ্রনা বিক্রীত হুইবে ইভি।

K. D. Gnear, विदिल मध्यकाणा

েলারজপুর। ১৮৭১ টেলেম্র।

In the Court of the Judge of the District of Bhaugulpore.

Notice.

Under Section 250, Indian Succession Act, 1865, No. 568 of 1871,

In the matter of the Estate of John Fitzpatrick, Esquire, deceased.

Whereas an application under the Indian Succession Act, 1865, for Probate of the Will and Codicil, dated respectively the 27th day of September 1870 and 12th day of September 1870 and 12th day of September 1870, of John Kitzpatrick, Esquire, deceased, late of Bhaugulpore, has been made by Walter Beatson Pemberton, Esquire, of Tirhoot, and whereas Monday, the 22nd January 1872, has been fixed for the hearing of this case, notice is hereby given that any person having any interest in the administration of the estate of the said deceased may, if be desire, appear in this Court on the said 22nd day of January 1872, and show cause why the application of the said W. B. Pemberton should not be granted.

Given under my hand and seal of this Court, H. Mancous.

Buaudulpone District Count, The 23rd December 1871.

Indge. (1040-0)

(1068-1)

Secretary and Treasurer.

STATEMENT of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of interest in Landon, under deduction of amount ve-transferred to India, and antabanding in the books of the Bank of Bengal on the 30th December 1871.

		30 w			124 ***	4 PER CERT. LOAN	LOAN.				1000年	Sì PER CERT.		ē PER	5 PER CHAT.	Jo u	DE	DEBENTURES FOR	OR	
83,100 20,374 2,312, 10,88,615 10,23,740 1,48,51,40 1,122,867,701 1,31,510 1,122,740 1,121,123 0 1,122,740 1,121,123 0 1,122,740 1,131,121 1,123 0 1,122,740 1,131,121 1,123 0 1,122,740 1,131,121 1,123 0 1,122,740 1,131,121 1,123 0 1,122,740 1,131,121 1,123 0 1,122,740 1,131,121 1,123 0 1,122,740 1,131,121 1,123 0 1,122,740 1,131,121 1,123 0 1,123,131 1,123 0 1,123,131 1,123 0 1,123,131 1,123 0 1,123,131 1,123 0 1,131,131 1,131,131 1,131,131 1,131,131	PARTICULARS,	Cent. Los is,	4281 Jo	of 1828.	of 1532.		P. 61.61		Transfer		vised a	104 Jeda 1138	le anted	1824-65	de 7	•	5 years at a lee, cent.		15 years at 5 per cent	Total
63,100 20,374 2,311 [0.984,815 In.) 149,51,400 [1,23,56,770 [1,33,56,410 14,70 23,53,500 [1,21,47,300 [1,24,2,900 [4]1,143,100 29,53,00 [1,34,400 [1,24,40] [1,43,40]		and #6	Š	රු සා	ణ్				of 13%5.		1920 1930 1930	Posti d	18781 Transite		1858-57		Repayable	Repayable June 1977.	Repayable June 1882	
58,100 20,374 9,357,10,06,613.40,75,000 1,19,75,200 (23,53.0 1,23.98.50 11,50.0 3,51.70 (25,53.70 1,23.98.50 11,50.0 3,51.70 11,50.0 3,51.70 (25,53.70 1,23.98.50 11,50.0 3,51.70 (25,53.70 1,23.98.50 11,50.0 3,51.70 (25,53.70 1,23.98.50 11,50.0 3,51.70 (25,53.70 1,23.98.50 11,50.0 3,51.70 (25,53.70 1,23.98.50 11,50.0 3,51.70 (25,53.70 1,23.98.50 11,50.0 3,51.70 (25,53.70 1,23.98.50 11,50.0 3,51.70 (25,53.70 1,23.98.50 11,50.0 3,51.70 (25,53.70 1,23.78.50 11,50.0 3,51.70 (25,53.78 11,50.0 3,51.70 1,23.78.50 (25,53.78 11,50.0 1,50.78.50 1,50.18.18.50 1,50.18.18.50 1,50.18.18.50 1,50.18.50 1	;	\$3,100		9 3	18,68,69,01	0,39,750.0	1,49,51,400.1	02298,294	1,33,56,400	14,3% 30	3.36,30% 8	\$75,000.1,			12,42,60 (L)	1,11,18,100	99,83,0.70	-	38,30,000	13,60,33,836
58,1509 20,374 2,847 [9,98,545 40,125,000 1,9,73,290 (1,29,43,10) 1,131,40,30 1,131,50 1,131,	App					T					!				4					
58,100 20,374 2,347 19,98,615 40,75,000 1,49,43,100 1,23,298,200 1,45,70 3,45,70 8,75,000 1,92,75,70 1,49,73,100 1	Amount unfaced at Madras between 16th and 20th Desember 1871	÷		:	\$ 4 4 4 5 H					:	÷ ;	1		<u> </u>	:	**			12.00	•
59,100v 20,374 2,347 10,98,615 40,75,000 1,19,73,200 1,23,38 10,1121,40,9 1,13,38 1,10,000 1,32,37,500 1,32,37,500 1,49,73,200 1,49,73,200 1,40,73,200	Amount enfared at Bember between	!		1 1	1				Ansount tra	berred at	It no	1 1 1	:	:		*		:		į
59,160 20,374 2,347,19,86,615 40,75,000 1,19,73,200 1,23,38,40 1,23,38,40 14,500 33,54,76 8,75,000 2,28,35,600 2,15,12,100 2,25,000 34,14,000 35,100 1,23,400 1,23,25,70 1,10,800 1,23,37,500 1,10,30,10,10,30,10,	Amount enfaced at Calentta between 18th and Soth December 1871		:- : :	?	± ;	16,350	\$6.00 \$6.00	38.00	Regions Egons	nds ice	from B.r. 18,500		69,49,500 48,55,600		: :	1.4 % 300		1 1	1	63.62,709
53,100 20,374 2,347[9,92;815 40,17,600 1,49,43,100 1,21,40,980], 1,10,500 1,00,33,500 35,37,500 1,19,50,30, 1,13,113,00 22,22,400 33,11,00 33,100 1,21,40,980], 1,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10	1	58,150	1	9,347	10,98,615 4	0,75,000,1	1,002,87,61,1	29,93,310	1,23,98,100	14,500 3	3,34,760, 8	3,73,000 2,	28.35,000	Ι	1000000	6,16,00,000	\$9.55.00km	33,14,000	36,50,000	14,89,80,896
53,100 20,374 2347[9,98;645 40,17,600 1,49,43,100 1,21,40,940] 1,30,634	Diocer							11	,-						•					
Source 2.347 19.88 40.17.600 1.48 43.10 1.21.40.00 1.52.73 8.75.000 1.52.57.500 1.52.57.500 20.52.5700 20.52.	Amount written off in the Lordon Registers	:						1.85,300	1,10,6เป				35,37,500		0012000	2,40,10	:	3000	È	1.34.40,400
to 31st Oct. 1671—Enfaced from India 1,221 lakba, re-transferred from Lomion to 15th Nov. , ditto ditto 8 , ditto ditto to 15th Dec ,, ditto ditto 10 ditto ditto		53,100	20,374	2,347	19,98,615	00,17,600	,49,43,100.	0.001.12,1	1,895,880.1	14.8m/3		3,75,000 1,			19,50,300	0.13,11.530	90,400 pt		34,30,000	13.55,40,238
to Joth Nov. , dirto dieto 9 , dieto dirto to lota Dec ,, dirto disto 10 ditto dieto			, Key	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ո Ձէև յա	ne 1667	. 83 Q 131	18:1-	nfaced from	India	1,221 1ak1	ba. Te-tran	leferred from	J. Complete		n E.Pha		-		
" to loth Dec ,, ditto ditto 10 m ditto ditto 140				Prof	n let N	ur. 1571	to 15th Be)V. pl	ditto	litto	39 ec	dia	2	irts :		1 10				
				Tol	n 1st Nec		_		Ü	Sito	10,		-	eres Ato						

GEO, DICKSON, 1,258 lakhe. ... 2 dilto Jitto ... 30 lakles, 46 ... 1,288 ditto Belauce nguinst India ditto ī to 30th ... From 10th ...

PUBLIC DEST OFFICE, BANE OF BENGAL, CALCUTTA, The 5th January 1872.

Abstract Statement of the Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund as at 4th Quarter of the Official year 1870-71, compared with the corresponding quarter of the year 1869-70.

				In the 4th Qui Soth April	(rter et 187).	ading	to the 4th Quar 80th April	den e. 1870.	អតិក្រ -
				Re	. As	- Р.	Ila.	As.	P.
Balance at credit of the Fund beginning of the 4th quarter	e of the past	and carrent yo	ears .	34,53,21	0 3	11	82,71,580	14	9
Receipts and credits during current years	the 4th qui	irter of the pr	ist and	1,14,15	9 4	8	1,02,321	10	Đ
		Total		85,67 ,8 6	9 8	7	33,73,902	้อ	G
Л	royast)						1		
Pensions paid in the quarter of Paid fixed office establishment Interest on Reserve Fund and	and continge	ncies	 to enli-	64,07 7,36	⊫13 7 10		59,268 7,537	_	0
scribers qualified to share th			.,	23	ā 0	6	12	4	G
		Total		71,67	7 8	3	66,617	G	8
Net balance on the 30th Apri review on the Government									
capital	-+-			34,95,60	9 0	4	33,07,085	3	10
MONTHLY RECEIPT	rb and Diskt	TREMENTS.							
Amount of subscriptions of 98	2 subscribers	in both Funds	.,.	36,70	§ 1	7	33,198	12	4
	SDUCT						-		
Pensions payable Establishment and contingenci	es			21,97 2,56		(i 4	19,947 2,555		2 2
Interest on Reserve Fund divi	ded among m	embers of five	years'			•	1	_	_
standing Divisible Surplus under Resolut			66	6,44 6,44	_	0	5,775 1,308		
		Total		37,44	1 6	10	29,557	15	4
Net monthly difference exclusive	ze of interest	upon capital		Deficit 70	3 5	9	facome 3.640	13	0
							.'		
	Number of subscribers for wives only.	Number of subscribers for wives god children.	Numl subscrib chil- anty	ers for pro-	tal love of ritors,			յունը։ Aldge	
For the year 1869-70	365	. 422	1:	29 8	109	1	787	 1,50	9
Ditto 1870-71	388	461	1:	33 ()82		819	1.64	4

(E. E)

E. W. HOLLINGBERY, Anditors, G. W. MACLEOD,

Uncoud. Service Pamily Pension Fund.

Published by order of the Directors,

Uncovo. Service Family Pension Fund Office, The 20th December 1871.

G. W. KBLENER, H. Andrews, Accountant and Collector,

Secretary.

(1061-1)

Notice.

THE annual Chutia Fair will be held at Chutia, near Ranchi, Chota Nagpore, commencing on Sunday, the 25th February 1872, corresponding with the 1st of Phalgun 1279 Fuslee, and continuing for fifteen succeeding days.

E. T. DALTON, Commr. of Chota Nagpore.

CAMP PURULIA. The 25th November 1871. . .

Notice.

In the matter of the (English) Companies' Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the matter of the Life Assurance Companies' Act, 1870, and in the matter of the European Assurance Company.

Whereas by an order made by the Vice-Chancellor Mains in the above matter, dated the 17th day of November 1871, Charles John Bunyon, of No. 19, Sergeant's Inu, Fleet Street, in the City of London, William Pollard Pattison, of No. 20, Cornhill, in the City of London, and Stephen Philpat Low, of No55, Parliament Street, in the County of Middlesex, were appointed Provisional Official Liquidators of the said Company, and empowered (amongst other things) to receive premiums on any p dicies of assurance of the said Company, and to carry the same to a separate account to continue to carry on the business of the said Company so far as is necessary for keeping it together, and to collect and get in the outstanding assets of the Company, and for all or any of such purposes to do all acts and execute in the name and on behalf of the Company all deeds, receipts, and other documents.

Notice is hereby given that all persons in British India indebted to, or in possession of, property or effects belonging to the said Company, are required forthwith to pay and deliver the same to Charles James Groom and William Joseph Curtoys, carrying on business in co-partnership together in Calcutta, under the firm or style of Grindlay and Company, and at Bombay in the name or firm of Grindlay, Groom and Company, the joint and several constituted attorneys of the said Provisional Official Liquidators and of the said Company, appointed with the approval of the Court.

The Calcutta business of the said Company will, until further notice, be carried on at the office of Messieurs Grindlay and Company, No. 6, Strand, Calcutta, where premiums on policies of assurance granted by the Company will be received and carried to a separate account, and where persons desiring information as to the Company are requested to apply.

Dated the 5th day of January 1872.

C. J. BUNYON, W. P. PATUISON, S. P. Low,

(1058 - 3)By their Attorney W. J. Currors

Administrator-General's Office.

List of Estates which have come under charge of the Administrator-General of Bengal during the months of October, November, and December 1871. Anderson, John, late a Tea Planter in the distriet of Cachar.

BARR. A., late a Fitter in the service of the East Indian Railway Company.

Bett, Charles, late a Lieutenant in the Royal

Artillery.

BLAKE, WILLIAM, late Chief Engineer of the Steam Tag Court Hey.

BRUGGEN, MRS. EMMA TERRER, late a widow, residing at No. 2, Huzzooreemull's Tank Lane, in Calcutta.

CHARWICK, JAMES THOMAS, late of Calcutta, a licensed Leadsman.

CONNELL, OWEN, late of Moultan, a Contractor. Cornish, Charles, late a British subject, residing in Jersey.

Dubnia, Witalam, fate on Inspector in the service of the East Indian Railway Company

Goddand, William, late Steward of the United Service Club at Simla.

HARRIS, FREDERIC MILLS MALEY, late a Captain in the General List of Infantry.

KELLY, G. L. A., late District Superintendent of Police at Loodiana.

LAWSON, CHARLES, late of Howrah, a Hotelkeeper.

McDonald, John, late Superintendent of Messrs, Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, Calcutta.

MILLARD, WILLIAM STALLARD, late Superintendent of the Calcutta Docking Company.

Mooder, Ayleck, late a Barrister-at-law, and Officiating 2nd Judge of the Small Cause Court, Calcutta.

Mosses, Philat Augustus, late a Lieutenant-Colonel in Her Majesty's 1st Battalion 6th Regiment of Foot.

NELSON, JOHN SMITH, late a Captain in Her-Majesty's 38th Regiment of Foot.

OBBSERY, JAMES, late a Private in the 2nd Bengal Fusiliers.

PARRY, GRORGE EDWARD, late a Lieutenant in Her Majesty's 37th Regiment of Foot,

PRARCE, ALPRED JAMES, late Station Master. East India Railway, at Buxar.

Pereus, Mrs. A. M., late widow of Captain C. E. Peters, deceased.

SAUNDERS, ROBERT POWER, late a Captain in the Royal Horse Artillery.

SCOTT, ALEXANDER, late a Conductor in the Ordnance Department.

WALKER, JOHN, late of No. 18, Kildare Terrace, Bayswater, Middlesex, formerly of the Indian Uncovenanted Civil Service, and Deputy Magistrate and Collector of Mirzapore,

WALSH, DAVID JOHN, late an Assistant Surgeon. in the Bengal Medical Establishment.

Weld, George, late of Chunar, a Lieutenant-Colonel in the Bengal Stuff Corps.

WOOD, WILLIAM CLAYTON, late an Assistant to Messrs. Ernsthausen and Oesterly, Merchants of Calcutta.

N.B .- All persons having claims upon being indebted to, or holding property belonging to, the above Estates, are requested to place themselves in immediate communication with the undersigned.

> L. P. D. BROUGHTON, Administrator General.

4, STRAND, CALCUITA, The Olk January 1872.

Administrator-General's Office.

Admitted claims against the undermentioned Estates are payable on Tuesday and Friday as usual:-

ESTATES.	Chaims or Dividend.	Rotes of Prividend per Rupec.
Mocot, C., Captain, late in Her Majesty's 1009h Light Infantry ones, W. L., Staff Assistant Surgeon, late attached to G. Buttery, 16th Bri-	list Dividend.	at I an. 51 pie.
endo II A	Ditto	nt 5 ns. 104 pie.
remassion Kai Khaasma, late a Parson Merchant of Jullunder		nt 8 as.
Connell 31 1 Major jete in the 2nd Hattalian, Her Mujerly's 1st 1500	Claims	in քոll.
diene M M late Decreer in the Almernal Department at Commun, in	i a district	103 *
Timerah	181 Payhilant	at 13 m, 10% pie.
	1151.60	
The same and the state of the s	Claims	in full.
ewayt, W., Inic a Fitter in the East Indian Ranway Company		
Bons, R., late Manager of the Lipper Assam Tea Company's Saw Alills, Deli-	Ditto	Ditte.

N.B.—Persons interested in the surplus of the Estates marked* are requested to make incrediate application to the Administrator-General, forwarding documentary evidence of their clause.

Persons presenting receipts for payment are requested at the same time to produce the registry certificates which have been geneted to them from this office.

CALCUITA, 4. STRAND, The 9th January 1872. L. P. D. BROUGHTON, Administrater-General. (1059---1)

Public Zemindarco Sale.

Tur right, title, and interest of Bahoolal Sahoo, Sheoburrut Sahoo, Neraujan Sahoo, Raghoonandan Sahoo, and Sheosaran Sahoo, Insolvents in the following Monzah, situate in the Pergumah of Pearo, in the Zillah of Shahabad, vested in the Official Assignce of the Court for Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta, and Assignce of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, will be put up to auction sale on the 22nd day of January 1872, at the Office of the undersigned, at Huxar :-

Name of Mouzali.	Towice namber.	Insolvents' share	Area of Inscivents' share.	Jumper of ditto.	Government Revenue for ditto.	Annual prolit.
and the second section of the section of the second section of the section of the second section of the		Δ, R. P.	B. R. D.	Rs. As. P.	. Its. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Ayar, Pergunnah Pearo	4,501	4 0 0	271 5 0	784 9 0	979 2 71	355 6 1

For conditions of sale and further particulars apply to

Buxan,

The 22nd December 1871.

PRILIP W. CARTER,

Official Assignee's Agent. (1054 -

Landing and Shipping mpany, "Limited." Calcutta Company,

Notice.

An Extraordinary General Meeting of Share-holders of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 2, Hare Street, on Thursday, February 1st, 1872, at noon, for the purpose of altering clause No. 21 of the Articles of Association, to enable two Directors in lieu of three to form a quorum.

■y order, GEORGE LOWEN,

Manager.

CALCUTTA. The 20th December 1871.

(1053-4)

Notice.

Ms. EDWARD CLARKE is this day admitted a Partner in our Firm.

J. H. Fergusson and Co.

CALOUTTA, The lat January 1872.

(1045-2)

Victoria Tea Company, "Limited."

Notice is hereby given that the eleventh ordinary general meeting of shareholders will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 104, Clive Street, on Monday, the 29th day of Janu-ary, at 12 o'clock ucon, for the purpose of receiving the Directors' report, passing the accounts, and transacting such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

BORRADAILE, SCHILLER AND Co., (1948-f. n.)

Central Provinces Gagetteer.

Edition of 1870 in one Vot.

A LIMITED number of the above work, strongly bound in cloth, octavo size, for sale at Rs. 12 per vol., exclusive of postage charge. Apply to

> MESSES. THACERS, VINNING, Bombay, MESSES. THACKER, SPINE & Co., Calcutta, or to Supdt., Chief Commr.'s Office, Nagpur.

Re-Estate of the Honbje P. O. Tagors.

Notice

Is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed as one of the Trustees to the estate of the late Hon'ble P. C. Tagore, c.s.r., by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, fon the 15th day of May 1871, in the place and stead of Raja Jotendromohun Tagore, Bahadoor, (who has resigned to act as a Trustee), and that arrangements have been made and agreed upon between the Co-Trustees that all cheques, vouchers, receipts, contracts, deeds, documents, and zemindary affairs, shall be signed and managed by all the Co-Trustees to the above estate from the 1st day of January 1872.

BRUJENDRA BRUSHUN CHATTERJEE,

Trustee.

CALCUTTA, The 80th December 1871.

(1047-2)

रिक्षाशम ।

कामाद्वियल 🛩 धानशकुमात ठोकूरतव (क्रिंहे।

সর্কাসাধারণের গোচরার্থে লিখিত হইতেতে থে,
কাটি উলিয়ন তুর্বের অধীনত্ব বার্মানা প্রদেশের চাই
কাটের (১৮৭১ সালের ১৫ই যে ভারিখের) আদেশাত্গারে অনারেবল ও প্রাপত্নার ঠ কুর সি, এল, আই,
হোগায়ের সমুলয় নিষয়ের ভত্ত্বাবলারক রাজা ঘড়ীজমোনন ঠাকুর বাহাত্ব টুফীর কথা পরিভাগি করাতে,
নিম্পাক্ষরকারী সেই পানে নিযুক্ত হইয়াছেন। ইনি
আগামি ১৮৭২ সালের ১না আসুআরি ভারিথ হইতে
উক্ত ফেটি সভ্ত্বীয় সমুলার কায়োর ভত্ত্বাবলান হেত্
অমিনারী সম্পর্কীর এবং চেক, বাউচর, রিমন, কন্ট্রাকুট ভিড, ভাকিউনেও প্রভৃতি আগালাদিতে অন্যাম্য
সহকানী ট্রফীদিগের সাহিত মিলিত হইয়া আকর করিবেন।

শ্রীয়ত ভূজেন্তভূবণ চটোপোয়া। ১৮৭১ সাল ৩০এ ডিগেন্ধর।

SELECTIONS EROM UNPUBLISHED RECORDS OF GOVERNMENT

FOR THE YEARS

1748 to 1767 inclusive.

RELATING MAINLY TO THE SOCIAL CONDI-TION OF BENGAL

With a Map of Calcutta in 1784.

BY THE REV. J. LONG,

Member of the Government Record Commission.
CALCUTTA:

OFFICE OF SUPPL, GOVERNMENT PRINTING, 8, HARVINGS STREET.

WASTE L'AND RULES.

Boing Chap. XXVI. of the Rules of the Board of Revenue Price, 4 cannot. Packing and postage charges, 2 cannot extra. Calcutta: Office of Supdt. of Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street. To be presented the sold, under a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in the suit No. 529 of one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and dated the thirteenth day of January one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, wherein Golam Akbar is plaintiff, and Ameena Bibee and Shaik Woozeer are defendants, by the Registrar of the said High Court, at the Town Hall, on Saturday, the thirteenth day of January one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, the under-mentioned property, that is to say

All that upper-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement or dwelling-house, with the piece or parcel of land thereunto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation three cottachs three chittaks and one square foot or thereabouts, situate, lying, and being No. 67, College Street, Arpooley, in Calentta, and bounded as follows: on the North by Mr. Joakim's purchased land; on the South by Ramehunder Burral's purchased land; on the East by Company's lane, and on the West by public road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply at the Office of Mr. C. W. Hatch, Attorney for the plaintiff, No. 10, Old Post Office Street.

R. Belchambers, Registrar.

High Court, Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, Registrar's Office, Culcutta, the 29th Nov. 1871. (1004-2)

SELECTIONS FROM CALCUTTA GAZETTES.

Volume V., price & Rupees; 8 Annas for packing and postage.

Selections from Calcutta Gazettes

OF THE YEARS

1816 to 1823 inclusive,

SHOWING THE POLITICAL AND SOCIAL CONDITION OF THE ENGLISH IN INDIA UPWARDS OF

FIFTY YEARS AGO.

BY HUGH DAVID SAKDEMAN, C.S.,

Accountant-General, Bengal, and Momber of the Record

Volume I, 3 Rs., and Volumes II, III, and IV., at Rs. 5 each, are still available.

OFFICE OF SUPDT. GOVERNMENT PRINTING, 8, HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA. The 30th October 1871.

Just Published.

Bengal Official Army List.

Corrected up to 1st January 1872.

The Official Courterly Army List of H. M.'s Forces in Bengal, to which is added a non-official Supplement, commining the latest corrected Civil List, &ze &c. Price Rs. 5, and 8 annas extra for packing and postage.

Calcutia: Office of Supdt. of Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street.



APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1872.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of Class B lands no longer required by the East Indian Railway Company, situated in the District of Beerbhoom, will be put up to sale, at the Beerbhoom Collectorate, on Thursday, the 12th of January 1872, corresponding with 29th Pous 1278.

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions :-

1st.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2nd.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day he a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the Estate to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, m in the case of original sale.

3rd.—The plots will be sold revenue free to the highest bidders above the upset price.

Number of State- ment of Government Ketates.	Number on the District Roll.	N	amon of Estates	and Pergunnah	h.	Approximate area in acres.	Upest price.
						A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.
497	141	Ram Chandr	apore, Pergunn	h Alioager	Bet	6 9 16	491 0 0
M=- =+4	. 446.146	F111	***	416	407	0 1 81	
451144	*****	***	P14	***	473	1 011	8 0 0
***	******	ehr .	414	** -	***	1 0 28	16 0 0

Berreroom Collectorate, The 11th August 1871.

(Sd.) T. T. ALLEN, Offg. Collector.

THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, JANUARY 10, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of lands no longer required by the Government, situated in the District of Shahabad, will be put up to sale, at the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 4th of March 1872, corresponding with 9th Fagoan 1279 F.S.

2. The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid

down at once.

2nd.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance he not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first sale, reckoning the sale to be cancelled, the snue deposited being forfeited to fivernment, and the estate to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3rd .- The plots will be sold revenue free to the highest bidders above the upset price.

Number in State- ment of Govern- ment Estate.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of	Estate and	Pergunnah		Approxim in ac		Upset Price.
		1	. ,			Α.	R. P.	Rs. As. P.
******	******	Pukri, Pergunno	h Arrah	**	,	3	0 3	45 0 0
> > + # ###	B04111	Ditto	her	*41	*	1	1 37	2 5 0 6

D. Barboun, Deputy Collector, for Offg. Collector.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE, The 6th December 1871.



APPENDIX (No. II.) TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1872.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in the District of Nuddea, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Friday, the 2nd day of February 1872, corresponding with 20th Magh 1278 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1871:—

No. 17.—Dehi Alphu, Pergunuah Bagwan; recorded proprietors, Shantiram Roy and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 4,046 2-24 and Police Rs. 44-14-8. This metal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 123-3-3 on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 24.—Bansberia, Pergunnah Shaoojial; recorded proprietor, Madhupanunda Moitra; sudder jumma Rs. 646-9-11. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 248-3-8 on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 117.—Bohi Chandi, Pergunnah Matiaree; recorded proprietors, Mr. John Cochrane, Assignee, and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 5,123-1-4 and police Rs. 64-9-8. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 75-1-1 on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 243.—Dehi Hatichala, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded proprietors, Shantiram Roy and others; sudder jumms, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 1,807-8-10 and Police Rs. 21-6-8. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 69-2-2 on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 258-1.—Kismut Joypore, Pergunnah Joypore; recorded proprietor, Debnath Roy Chowdhry; sudder jumma Rs. 740-10-5 and Police Rs. 8-6-4. This menal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 286-12-3 on account of arrears of Government revenue, viz. Revenue Rs. 282-9-1 and Police Rs. 4-8-2.

No. 258-3.—Kismut Joypore, Pergunnah Joypore; recorded proprietor, Parbutinath Rai Chowdhry; sudder jumma Rs. 740-10-5 and Police Rs. 8-6-4. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 288-0-2 on account of arrests of Government revenue, viz. Revenue Rs. 283-13 and Police Rs. 4-8-2.

No. 258-4.—Kismut Joypore, Pergunnah Joypore; recorded proprietor, Jadupendrunath Rai Chowdhry; sudder jumma Rs. 740-10-5 and Police Rs. 8-6-4. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 288-0-2 on account of arrears of Government revenue, vis. Revenue Rs. 283-13 and Police Rs. 4-3-2.

No. 371.—Dehi Nakaseparrah, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded proprietors, Shantiram Roy and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 3,829-3 and Police Rs. 41-15-9. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 214-7-6 on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 488.—Taruf Ranaghat, Chakla Sreenagur; recorded proprietors, Issur Chander Pal Chowdhry and others; sudder jumms Rs. 1,359-14-3 and Police Rs. 15-10-3. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 32-12 on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 477.—Tainf Shampore, Pergunnah Rajpore; recorded proprietors, Kala Chand Chuckravarti and others; sudder jumms, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 553-3.

This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 21-0-8 on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 3230.—Packa Khoyerpore, Pergunnah Mahamed Shahi; recorded proprietors, Jogendronarsia Rai Chowdhry and others; sudder jumma Rs. 6,649-9-7. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 461-6-5 on account of arrears of Government revenue.

NUUSEA COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
"The 26th December 1871.

C. C. STEVENS, Offy. Collector

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned estate, in the district of Jessore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on Monday, the 23rd January 1872, corresponding with 11th Magh 1278 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th September 1871 —

Class I .- Permanently-settled Betale.

No. 3081.—Chuck Alladipore, Pergunnah Moloye, Talook Chundercant Roy; sudder jumma Rs. 626-7-3. To be sold for recovery of Rs. 589-11 on account of Government revenue.

JESORE COLLECTORATE, The 9th December 1871. C. C. Quinn ,Offg. Collector.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 17, 1872.

No. 50.

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A Bill to anend and consolidate the law aelating to Municipalities.

Whereas it is expedient to amend and consolidate the law relating to Municipalities within the territories subject to the government of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and to make better provision for the self-government of towns and places within the said territories, for the maintenance of police, for the conservancy and improvement of such towns and places, for the diffusion of education therein, and for other objects of utility calculated to promote the health, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of the said towns; It is enacted as follows:—

Short title.

 This Act may be cited as the "Bengal Municipalities Act, 1872."

PART I .- PRELIMINARY.

Divisions of Act.

2. This Act shall be divided into thirteen several heads or parts:—

the first relating to proliminary matters; the second relating to municipal authorities; the third relating to municipal taxation;

the fourth relating to the mode of recovery of municipal taxes;

the fifth relating to the municipal fund and its application.

the risth relating to the registration of births and deaths;

the seventh relating to the municipal police;

the cighth relating to the intervention by Government in municipal affairs.

the sixth relating to various municipal regulations for conservancy and otherwise;

the tenth relating to municipal markets;

the eleventh relating to the jurisdiction of Commissioners in municipal and other cases;

the twelfth relating to third class municipalities; the thirteent's relating to miscellaneous matters.

3. The following words and expressions in this

Context Act shall have the several
meanings hereby assigned to
them, except where a different intention shall
appear from the context, (that is to say)—

"Magistrate of the district" means the chief officer charged with the executive administration of a district in criminal matters by whatsoever designation such officer is called.

"Magistrate" means the officer exercising all or any of the powers of a Magistrate, and charged with the immediate executive administration in criminal matters in any sub-division of addistrict, within which any place to which this Addistrict, within which any place to which this Addistrict within which may be situated, by whatsoever algnation such officer is called. In respect to any much place which is not situated within a sub-division of a district, the powers by this Act conferred on the Magistrate may be exercised by the Magistrate of the district or by a Joint-Magistrate.

"Sub-divisional officer" means the officer in

**Sub-divisional officer" means the officer in executive charge of sub-divisional district.

"Municipality" means any place to which this

"Manicipality" heen extended. A Municipality oreated under this Act shall be distinguished as a first class Municipality, or as a second class Municipality, in manner as in the next succeeding section is provided. Any place to which Part XII of this Act shall have been extended shall be deemed to be a third class Municipality.

"The Commissioners" means the persons
"The Commissioners," appointed or elected by the
rate-payers to conduct the
affairs of any Municipality under this Act, and shall
include ex-officio Commissioners under this Act.

"House," includes any hut, shop, or warehouse.
"Place" includes any town, villages hamlet.

"Place" includes any town, village, namet, suburb, haznar, station, or tract of country.

"Land" includes fields,

"Land" includes fields, plantations, and gardens.
"Bazaar" includes any place of trade where there

"Bazar" includes any place of trade where there is a collection of shops or warehouses, and any place

where a market is held.

"Road" means any road, street, square, court,
altey or passage, whether a
thoroughfure, or not, over
which the public have a right of way, together
with such land (not being private property) whether
covered or not by any pavement, verandah, or
other erection or structure, as may be between the
roadway and the main wall of any house or houses
adjacent thereto; and also the roadway over any
public bridge or causeway within the place; and
the expression "in or near any road" designates
any site within the place. Provided that nothing
in this section shall be taken to interfere with
any easement enjoyed by any person in respect of

such land at the date of the passing of this Act.

"Owner" means the person for the time being receiving the rent of the lund or premises, whether paid in money or in kind, or in charge of the thing in connection with which the word is used, whether on his own account or as agent or trustee for any other person, or who would so receive the rent if such lund or premises were let to a tenant. Provided that no person receiving the rent of land or premises as agent for another person shall be liable to make any outlay by this Act required to be made by the owner of such land or premises in excess of the amount of the funds, or of the value of the produce belonging to the owner which he may have in his possession; nor shall he be subject to any penalty if he can prove that he has made the outlay required to the extent of such funds.

"Official year" means the year beginning on the first day of April, or such other date as may hereafter be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal by notification in the Calcutta Gazette.

Limits of the operation of this Act, except those contained in Part XII, shall have effect in any place not being within the limits of the town of Calentta and of the southern portion of Hastings, defined by Act V of 1868 (passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council), to which the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal may extend the same, and from such date as may by him be a settled.

by notification in the Calcutte Gasette. Provided that every such notification shall specify such provisions of Parts IX and X of this Act as are thereby extended to such place, and all provisions contained in the two last mentioned parts as are not specially mentioned in the said notification shall be deemed to be of no force or effect whatever in the place to which such notification applies. From and after the date mentioned in the said notification such place shall be deemed and taken to be created a Municipality for the purposes of this Act; and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to define the limits of such Municipality, and from time to time to alter or amend such definition, and the Licutenant-Governor shall declare at the time of extending the said Act to such place, whether the same shally for the purposes of this Act, be a first class or a second class Municipality, and may at any time thereafter by notification alter the class. The Lieutenant-Governor may further, from time to time, by notification in the Calentia Gazette, declare to be united for the purposes of this Act, any number of towns or villages or parts thereof; provided that no portion of this Act shall be extended to any village inhabited by persons more than one-half of whom may be employed in agriculture only, or dependent for support on lands so employed, or habitually exercising trades and occupations only for the use of persons so employed, except the provisions of Parts XII and XIII of this Act. All the provisions of Parts XII and XIII of this Act shall have effect in any place to which the same may be extended by the Lientenant-Governor or by any officer empowered in that regard under Section 202 of this Act.

From and after the creation of any Municipality under the provisions of Ropest of certain Acts. the next preceding section, the provisions of the Acts named in Schedule (A) hereto annexed shall cease to have effect therein, except as to any assessment made, or as to any act done, or as to any liability incurred, or as to any money due, or as to any proceedings thereto-fore commenced. Provided that the repeal by this Act of any enactment shall not affect any Act in which such enactment has been applied or referred to. And all references made to any of the Acts named in the said schedule in subsequent Acts, orders or contracts, shall be read, so far as the context will allow, as if made to this Act.

6. All lands, buildings, works, and herodita-All the property and rights of action of the Municipal Commissioners appointed under Acts mentioned in Schedule (A) vestical in Schedule (A) vestical in the Commissioners appointed under this Act.

ments, utensils, materials, books, plans, maps, papers, effects, securities, and monies whether derived under the Acts mentioned in Schedule (A) appeaded to this Act, and

other property, movable and immovable, of what nature or kind soover, and all interest therein, whether vosted, contingent, or in remainder which shall, on the date on which this Act shall take effect in such town, be Wested in, or held in trust for, the Commissioners or Committee appointed under any of the said Acts, who shall hereafter in this Act be designated the late Commissioners, or which would have been vested in, or held in trust for, such Commissioners but for the passing of this Act; and all such estate and interest of and in the same respectivelyans shall then be, or would have been in, or in trust for, the said late Commissioners or aby of these, with all rights of way and other rights

and easements now used and enjoyed by the said Commissioners shall, on and from the date when this Act comes into operation in such town, be vested in the Commissioners under this Act and their successors; and all persons who shall then owe any money to the late Commissioners, or to any person on their behalf, shall pay the same to the Commissioners under this Act, or as they shall direct; and all movies which shall be then due, and owing by, or recoverable from, the late Commissioners, shall be paid by, or be recoverable from, the Commissioners; and all contracts, agreements, mortgages, bonds, covenants, and securities made or entered into before this Act comes into operation to, with, or in favor of, or by, or for, the said late Commissioners, or any of them, or any person on behalf of such late Commissioners; and all rights of action and suit arising out of contract or otherwise -- shall take effect, and may be proceeded on and enforced, as far as circum-stances will admit, in favor of, by, against, and with reference to the Commissioners under this Act in such manner as the same would have taken effect, and might have been proceeded on and enforced in favor of, by, against, and with reference to the said late Commissioners, or any of them, if this Act had not been passed.

7. No action, suit, prosecution, or other pro-Actions, &c., by or against cooling whatsoever, com-Commissioners and to abate, by or against the late Commissioners previously to the coming into operation of this Act, shall aboute, or be discontinued, or? prejudicially affected by this Act, but shall continue and take effect both in favor of and against the Commissioners, in the same manner in all respects as the same would have continued and taken effect in relation to the late Commissioners, or any of them, if this Act had not been passed: and all decrees and orders made, and all fines and penalties imposed and incurred, respectively, previously to the coming into operation of this Act, shall and may be enforced, levied, recovered, and proceeded for, and all administrative proceedings commenced previously to the coming into operation of this Act shall and may be continued, prooceded with, and completed in such or the like manner as if this Act had not been passed, the Commissioners under this Act being, in reference to the matters aforesaid, in all respects substituted for the late Convinissioners.

PART II.—MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES.

Chapter 1.

Municipal Commissioners.

8. In any Municipality created under Part I of this Act, the Lieutenant-Governor shall, if the same Appointment or election of Communiquers shall have been declared by him to biling first class Municipality, and the said Lieute. nant overnor or any officer whom the Licutenant. Governor may authorize in that behalf shall, if the same shall have been declared by the said Lieutenant-Governor to be a second class Municipality, from time to time appoint or cause to be elected. in' manner as hereinafter provided, not more than missioners for carrying out in such Municipality the purposes of this Act.

No person shall be appointed a Commis-Qualifications of Commissioners and members of Committee under this Act Ward Committees. does not either reside or hold land or buildings therein or within five miles from my part of the limits thereof: provided also that when the mode of municipal taxation to be adopted therein shall have once been determined, no person shall be appointed therein a Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee who does not pay municipal taxes to the Commissioners thereof. Subject to the provisions of Section 12 every person so appointed shall continue in office three years, or until his successor shall have been appointed, and shall be eligible for reappointment. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time accept the re-Their removal. signation of any such Commissioners or Commissioner, or may remove any such Commissioners or Commissioner for miscon-

In addition to the Commissioners to be appointed or elected as afore-Ex-officio membere. said, the Magistrate of a distriet and the Magistrate in charge of a sub-division of a district, shall be ex-officio Commissioners of every Municipality situated within their respective jurisdictions, and it shall further be competent to the Lieutenant-Governor to appoint as a Commissioner of any such Municipality any officer in the service of Government holding a -salaried office in the district in which the same is situate: provided that not more than one-third of the whole number of Commissioners shall be persons holding salaried offices in the service of Government, unless such persons be elected to be Commissioners under any of the provisions in this Act contained.

duct or neglect of duty, add to their number, and

fill up vacancies occurring among them.

If at any time it shall appear to the Lieutenant-Governor of Ben-. Blection of Commission-ers by the rate-payers. gal to be advisable that a certain number of the Commissioners of any Municipality shall be elected by the rate-payers, it shall be competent to the said Lieutenant-Governor to take messures for the election of such Commissioners by the rate-payers, subject to such rules in regard to qualification, election, and discharge he may think fit. Subject to the previsions of Section 12 the persons so elected shall continue in office for the term of three years, or until their successors have been elected, and shall be eligible for re-election. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time accept the resignation of any of the Com-missioners so elected, or may remove any of such Commissioners for misconduct or neglect of duty, and may provide for filling up vacancies by election.

Retation of members. Ward Commissioners or any the first time appointed or elected in any Municipality, such number of the members thereof as the Commissioner of the Division may determine, and being not more than one-third of the whole, shall retire at the end of one year, and another equal number at the end of two years, and the rest at the end of three years, to be computed from the first day of the official year next following the date of the appointment or election of each Commissioners or Committee. The members who shall retire at the end of the first and

second years respectively shall be decided by lot. But the ex-officio members appointed under Section 10 of this Act shall not be liable to retirement under this Section. Any person appointed or elected to a vacancy caused by the withdrawal, or removal, or death of another member shall fill such vacancy for the unexpired remainder of the term for which the outgoing member may have been elected or appointed. The Chairman shall keep a roll in Schiority of members. "Commissioners shall be entered in order of seniority according to the dates of their appointment or election. In case of two or more Commissioners being appointed or elected on the same day, the Chairman shall decide the order of seniority between them.

Appointment of Chairman and View-Chairman and View-Chairman of the Magistrate for the purpose, shall be ex-officip Chairman of the Commissioners for any Municipality situate within the district or sub-division under his charge. The Commissioners shall elect their own Vice-Chairman, who shall hold office for one year from the date of his election, and who shall be eligible for re-election at the end of such year.

14. The Commissioners shall have and use a common seal, and shall have their names engraved thereon in legible characters in the English language, and also in the vernacular language of the district. All contracts entered into in respect of any sum exceeding twenty rupees shall be in writing, and shall be sealed with the common seal of the Commissioners, and on their behalf, in the presence of at least two of the Commissioners, one of whom shall be the Chairman, or in the absence of the Chairman, the Vice-Chairman, who shall certify the same by affixing their signatures as witnesses at the foot of the instruments. All such contracts shall be varied or discharged in a similar manner.

15. The Commissioners shall sue and be sued in the name of their Chairman by the description of "The Chairman of the Commissioners of the Chairman of the Commissioners of the Commissioners of the competent to hold property, movable and immovable, to them and their successors as a body corporate, and to convoy the same and to enter into all necessary contracts for the purposes of this Act.

CHAPTER 2.

Property and Contracts of the Commissioners.

Public streets, do., vested in the Commissioners.

Act comes into operation, or which shall afterwards be made, and the pavements, stones, and other materials thereof, and also all erections, materials, implements, and other things provided for such streets, shall vest in and belong to the Commissioners and their successors. But it shall be competent to Government from time to time, by notification, to exclude any road or street from the operation of this Act, and to amove such positication whelly or in part.

Commissioners may with coment of exercise take over the property take over and repair contain attents.

in, and after such agreement to declare, by notice in writing put up in any part of such street, that the same has become a public street. Thereupon such street shall vest in the Commissioners and their successors, and shall thenceforth be repaired and kept up out of the Municipal Fund.

18. All or any hospitals, dispensaries, schools,

bospitals, rest-houses, markets, tanks, Existing hospitals, schools, rest-houses, dec., to be rested in the Comand wells, not being private property, or the property of a religious institution or society, and all medicines, furniture, and other articles appurtenant thereto, not being private property, which at the time this Act comes into operation in any town, shall be found therein, may, by notification of the Lieutenant-Governor, be vested in the Commissioners, and thereupon all endowments or funds belonging to such hospitals, dispensaries, schools, or rest-houses shall be transferred to and vested in the Commissioners as trustees, to hold and apply the same to the purposes to which such endowments and funds were lawfully applicable at the time of such transfer. Provided always that no such notification shall be issued until one month after the intention to transfer such property shall have been potified in English and in the vernacular language of the district in such manner as the Lieutenant-

Power to parchase said owners of any land for the purchase thereof for the purposes of this Act, and may sell any land not required for such purposes either together or in parcels, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied for the purposes of this Act.

Governor shall from time to time direct,

Mode of ascertaining compensation for land, &c.

Mode of ascertaining compensation for land, &c.

mant-Governor of Bengal may, upon representation of the Commissioners, and after such enquiry as may be thought proper, declare that the land is needed for a public purpose, and may order proceedings for obtaining possession of the same for the Government, and for determining the compensation to be paid to the parties interested, seconding to any law now or hereafter to be in force for the acquisition of land for public purposes. On payment by the Commissioners of the compensation awarded, such land shall vost in them for the purposes of this Act.

CHAPTER 8.

Their mode of transacting business.

Commissioners to keep an office where they shall meet for where they shall meet for the transaction of business at least twice in every month, and as often as a meeting shall be called by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, and all queetions which may come before them at any meeting shall be decided by a majority.

22, The Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall preside who to proside at accurry such meeting, and in the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Commissioners shall choose some one of

man, the Commissioners shall choose some one of their number to preside. In cases of equality of votes the President shall have a costing vote.

23. No business shall be transacted at a meeting unless at least four Commissioners be present.

24. In any case of emergency, the Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall exercise with certain exceptions, the powers of the Commissioners.

Provided that it shall not

be lawful for the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman to exercise any power which it is by this Act expressly declared shall be exercised by the Commissioners at a inceting. Any Chairman or Vice-Chairman acting under this section shall inform the Commissioners thereof at the next meeting held thereafter.

25. The Chairman shall from time to time appoint all such overseems clerks, and subordinate officers.

Appointment of overseems, clerks, and subordinate officers and servants as he may think necessary and

proper to assist in the execution of this Act, and may from time to time remove any of such persons and appoint others in their places. And out of the Municipal Fund he shall pay, or cause to be paid, such salaries to the said persons respectively, as may from time to time be determined by the Commissioners at a meeting; or, m case of absence on leave, such portion thereof as may appear to the Commissioners to be reasonable. He may, with the sanction of the Commissioners, make such rules as he may think fit as to the manner in which, and as to the persons by whom, all duties connected with the collection of the tax or the preparation of the assessment, shall be performed, provided such rules be in all respects consistent with the provisions in this Act contuined. Provided that no salary amounting to more than one hundred and fifty rupees a month shall be assigned to any officer or clerk by Municipal Commissioners under this Act without the sanction of the Commissioner of the Division. He shall also take from every collector of Municipal taxes, duties, or tolls, such scennity for the sums collected by him as he may think proper.

CHAPTER 4.

Ward Committees,

Power to appoint Ward on the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting, to divide any Municipality into wards, and thereupon there shall be appointed for each ward not less than three persons qualified to be Commissioners, whether such persons be or be not Commissioners, whether such persons be or be not Commissioners for the time being, to be members of the Ward Committee, and the said Magistrate may define the limits of the ward for which any Ward Committee may be appointed or elected. All question regarding 'the removal, resignation, and filling up vacancies among the members of Ward Committees shall be settled by the Commissioner at a meeting.

Powers of Ward Committee shall exercise, within the limits of their ward, as defined by the Magistrate, all or any of the powers of Commissioners described in Sections 25, 52, 53, 61 to 68 inclusive, 113, 115, and in such sections of Part IX of this Act as shall be in force within the municipality, which the Commissioners at a meeting shall have delegated to them. Sections 21, 22, and 21 of the Act shall, as far as may be convenient, be applieable to Ward Committees.

28. The Chairman of each Ward Committee

Appointment of Chairs shall be appointed by the
man of Word Committees. Chairman of the Commissioners, and each Ward Committee may, if it see fit,
elect their own Vice-Chairman from among their
own number.

CHAPTER 5.

General Provisions

No Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee shall be personally liable for constructs, &c., but only for wifed misopplication, &c., of money.

sime to time in the hands of the Commissioners, shall be liable for, and chargeable with, all conracts and expenses duly incurred as aforesaid. Every Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee shall be personally liable for any wilful missipplication of money entrusted to the Commissioners, to which he shall have been a party, and he shall be liable to be sued for the same.

Panilty on Commissioner or member of a Panilty on Commissioner want of the Commissioners or Commissioners or Commissioners or Commissioners or Commissioners. And if any such person be so interested, he shall thereby become incapable of continuing in office or employment, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees. Provided always that no person by being a shareholder in, or member of, any incorporated or registered company, shall be disqualified from acting as a Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee by reason of any contract entered into between such company and the Commissioners. Nevertheless, it shall not be la-viul for such shareholder or member to act as a Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee in any matter relating to any contract entered into between the Commissioners and such company.

PART III .- MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

CHAPTER 1.

Power of the Commissioners to impose Taxes, Duties, and Tolls.

Power impose taxes.

Power impose taxes.

The state of any Municipality at a meeting to impose, within the limits of such Municipality, any one or more of the following taxes, duties, and tells, at such rate as the Commissioners shall see fit, not exceeding the maximum in any case hereinafter mentioned and prescribed:—But no tax duty or tell imposed by the Commissioners under this section shall

be levied until the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor shall have been obtained to such levy:—

- (a)—An annual tax on persons residing in or owning property in the Municipality, according to the circumstances and the property to be protected of the persons liable to pay the same. Provided that no person who resides outside the limits of the Municipality shall be assessed according to his circumstances, but only in regard to the property which be possesses within the Municipality; and that the average annual tax on each holding shall not exceed its. 4 in Municipalities of the first class, and its. 2 in Municipalities of the second class.
- (b)—A tax not exceeding 7½ per cent. on the annual value of houses, buildings, and lands situated within the limits of the Municipality exceeding Rs. 6 per annum, to be paid by the owners thereof.
- (c)—A tax on corriages, horses, and elephants, kept or used within the limits of the Municipality; and a fee on the registration of carts and other vehicles.
- (d)—A tax on trades and callings carried on and exercised within the said limits.
- (c)—A tax on processions, and any public ceremonies not exclusively religious, and requiring the attention of the police, and performed within the said limits.
- (f)—Duties on articles entering the limits of the Municipality, or dues on articles sold at markets or hats, according to a table of rates sanctioned by the Licutenant-Governor, and subject to such rules and exceptions as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct.
- (g)—Tolis on vehicles and beasts of burden entering the limits of the Municipality, according to a scale sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor; and tells on ferries within the said limits.

CHAPTER 2.

Taxes on persons.

32. When it shall have been determined Duties of Commissioners that an annual tax on persont according to their circumstances and property shall be imposed under this Act in any Municipality, the Commissioners or the Ward Committee shall prepare an assessment in respect thereof upon the several persons liable to be assessed within the Municipality or Ward for which such Commissioners or Committee shall be appointed, and shall prepare a list which shall specify every parcel of land, house, or other holding on account of the occupation of which any person is liable to be assessed, the name of the person liable to be assessed in respect of each such holding, the trade, business, or other description of such person, and the amount payable quarterly by such person. It shall be competent to the Commissioners or to a Ward Committee or to the Mugistrate to omit from the list prepared under this section any person who may by them or him be deemed too poor to be assessed to the tax leviable under this

- Existing assessment mittee shall, if the Commissioners so decide, instead of preparing a new assessment then in force.
- Committee shall for the Committee shall for the same, and such Commissioners to the same, and such Commissioners shall examine, and, if necessary, amend and settle it.
- Magistrate may amend pared, or revised and amendand with assessment as ed directly by any Commissioners. The commissioners and forward to the Magistrate a list containing the same, and the Magistrate shall examine, and, if necessary, amend and settle it.
- Assessment to be published.

 Assessment to be published.

 And settled as provided by the preceding sections, the Magistrate shall sign the list, and shall cause one copy thereot, together with a notification in the form in Schedule (B) to this Act annexed, or to the like effect, and written in the language of the province in which such Municipality is situate, to be put up in some conspicuous place therein or in the division thereof for which such assessment has been made; and a written copy of the said list to be deposited in his own office. So soon as the copies of the list shall have been so hung up and deposited, public proclamation shall be made throughout such Municipality by beat of a draw notifying that such copies have been so hung up and deposited, and that the copy so deposited in the Magistrate's office is open to inspection.
- Assessment to stand good for three years.

 Shall be valid for three years, and until a new assessment shall be made. In ease the occupant of any property included in any assessment shall be changed before a new assessment.

 Change of compation shall be changed before a new assessment shall be changed before a new assessment be made, the new occupant shall be liable in respect of such property for any portion of the amount so assessed which shall have become payable during his occupation; and after notification to such person, the Magistrate may cause his name to be substituted in the said list for the name of the former occupant.
- Power to adopt old sessment is valid, as provided in Section 37 of this Act, shall be about to expire, notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate, instead of requiring any Commissioners or Ward Committee to prepare a new assessment, or to revise and amend the assessment then in force, to adopt the asid assessment as the assessment for the year next following:

- 39. If no new assessment be made and published before the expiraOld secondant to be tion of the first three continued if new not months of any year, for which no assessment valid under the provisions of Section 37 shall be in force, the assessment which was in force at the close of the preceding year shall be deemed to be the assessment for the current year.
- Notice of adoption of old assessment to be given.

 Notice of adoption of old assessment to be given.

 The current year under the last preceding section, the Magistrate shall, in the manner provided in Section 36 for giving public notice that copies of the list of assessment have been hung up and deposited, give public notice that the assessment in force at the close of the preceding year will continue to have effect during the current year, but it shall not be necessary to hang up fresh copies of such list; and every person whose assessment may be so continued shall be at liberty to appeal against such assessment as if it were a new assessment made upon him.
- 41. Any person who shall have been assessed Appeal from assessment made by Commissioners, of whom the Magistrate has not been appointed a member, and who shall be dissatisfied with his assessment, or who shall dispute his occupation of any property, or his liability to be assessed, may appeal on unstamped paper to such Commissioners at a meeting; and in case such Commissioners shall not grant the prayer of such appeal, such Commissioners shall submit the decision of the matter to the Magistrate, and the Magistrate, after making such inquiries as he may deem necessary, by examination of the appellant on oath or solemn affirmation or otherwise, may confirm the assessment or amend the same. In case the Magistrate confirm the assessment, he may order that the appellant shall pay such reasonable costs as may have been incurred in the proceedings on his appeal. The decision of the Magistrate in such cases shall be final, and no objection shall be taken to any assessment, nor shall the liability of any person to be assessed be questioned in any other manner or by any other court. Provided that no appeal shall be received Limitation of appeal. after the expiration of one month from the time of the notification of the assessment prescribed by Sections 36 or 40 or of the notification of the substitution of the name of an occupier under Section 37, unless the Magistrate, upon reasonable cause shown, shall extend the time for receiving such appeal.
- Appeal against assessment when Magistrate has been appointed a member, and who shall be dissatisfied with his assessment, or who shall dispute his occupation of any property or his liability to be assessed, may apply to the Commissioners for a review of the assessment so far as regards himself; and with regard to such applications, the Commissioners at a meeting shall proceed as the Magistrate is directed to proceed in Section 41,

doing regimental duty, at the rate of one horse for each officer; vehicles, horses, or elephants belonging to the Government; vehicles and horses kept for sale, and not used for any other purpose, if kept by bond fide dealers.

59. Every person who may have owned or had charge of any carriage,

Ownership for any num-ber of days in a quarter-oreates liability to the tax for the whole quarter.

horse, or elephant, kept within such place for any number of days in any

quarter, shall be liable to the whole tax for that quarter; but if a carriage shall have been under

Exemption of carriages under repair.

repair for the whole quarter, no tax shall be leviable in respect of such carriage for that quarter.

Whenever the owner of the carriage, horse, or elephant, let out for hire, and kept for the time being in premises situattention of residing therein, ated within any place shall not reside in such place, the sums to be charged for such carriage, horse, or

Carriage, &r., let for hire within any defined place, although award by persons not residing therein, liable to the tax. elephant shall be recoverable from the person in whose premises it is for the time being kept.

The Commissioners at their discretion may compound, for any Commissioners may conspound with livery stable-keepers. period not exceeding one year, with livery stable-keepers and other persons

keeping carriages and horses for hire, for a certain sum to be paid for the carriages and horses so kept by such person, in lieu of the rates specified in the schedule.

- The Commissioners shall from time List of persons liable to and entered, in distinct columns, in a book to be kept by the Commissioners, and to be open to the inspection of any person interested therein, m list of the persons hable to the payment of the tax, a description of the carringes and animals in respect of which they are liable, and the amount of the tax thereon.
- 63. In order to enable the Commissioners to have such list prepared, the Returns may be required Commissioners, or any officer send to all persons supposed to be liable to the payment of the tax, schedule to be filled up with such information respecting the carriages and nimals kept by them as the Commissioners may judge necessary for the assessment of the tax. The schedule shall be filled up in writing, and signed and dated and returned to the office of Commissioners by every person to whom it is sent, whether or not liable to the payment of the
- 64. The Commissioners may summon any Pewer to summon person supposed to be liable to the payment of the tax, or any servant of such person, and may examine such person or his servant as to the number and description of the carriages and animals in respect of which such person is liable to be assessed, and such person or his servant shall answer such questions as may be put to him by the Commissioners.

Any person who may dispute his liabi-65. Appeal against enematax, or the amount of any such assessment, may appeal to the Commissioners: provided that such appeal shall be commenced within ten days after the receipt by such person of a bill for the sum claimed from him in respect of such assessment.

66. Appeals against any such accessment shall be heard and determined by not less than three Commissioners, and their adjudication upon every such appeal shall be final, and no person shall contest any assessment so, made in any other manner than by appeal to the Commissioners as hereinbefore provided.

Registration of mkeeled vehicles.

- 67. It shall be lawful far the Commissioners of Megistration and mm. any Municipality at a meeting, or of luckwies, &c. with the sanction in writing with the sanction in writing of the Lieutenant-Governor first obtained, to de clare and direct, by notification published in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor may order, that every cart, hackery, and other wheeled vehicle without springs kept and used within, or let for hire within or without such place, and used within it, shall be registered by the Commissioners with the name and residence of the owner, and shall bear the number of registration in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct. Provided that this section shall not apply to, or include earts, backeries, or other such vehicles as aforesaid kept at more than two miles distance from the said place and used only temporarily or casually in the place, or to carts, hackeries, or other wheeled vehicles without springs, the property of Government or of the Commissioners.
- 68. The registration of carts, backeries, and other vehicles under the Fee for registration. last preceding section shall be made, and the numbers assigned half-yearly, upon such days as the Commissioners shall notify, and such fee as they shall fix, not exceeding one rupce, shall be paid for each registration. Any person becoming possessed, between the first day of January and the first day of July, or between the first day of July and the first day of January of any such cart, hackery, or other vehicle which has not been registered for the then current halfyear, shall, within a week of becoming so possesse ed, register the same, and the Commissioners shall grant registration in any such case, on payment of s fee for the unexpired portion of the current halfyear, calculated at the rate of the fee to be fixed as aforesaid. When any registered cart, hackery, or other vehicle is transferred within any half-year. it shall be registered anew in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred, and a fee not exceeding four annas shall be paid for every such last-mentioned registration.
- Whoever owns or keeps any hackery, or other whated Penalty for not register-ing a care or hashery. quired under the provideou of this Act to be registered, without having cantal

Any person who may organize 79. conduct procession within Penalty for organizing procession without incense. the limits of such Municipality without first obtaining license, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding three times the amount of the license fee payable in respect thereof under the next preceding section. Any police officer above the grade of constable may call upon the conductor or organizer of a procession to produce his license, and if the license he not produced, he shall report the circumstances to the Commissioners or to the Magistrate; but he shall not arrest any one or stop the procession, unless he is unable to ascertain the name and address of the organizer of the procession. In the case of processions connected with marriage or betrothal the nearest adult male relative, or the guardians of the bride and bridegroom, or of the betrothed parties, shall, unless the contrary be proved, be deemed to have organized or conducted the procession.

CHAPTER 7. Duties on articles.

When it shall have been determined that 80. duties shall be levied on arti-Duties on articles enter-ing Municipal limits. elegentering within the limits of any Municipality, the Commissioners shall prepare and submit for the Licutenant-Governor's approval a schedule of proposed rates for the levy of such duties, and shall prepare and submit as aforesaid bye-laws which shall provide for the collection and realization of such duties, for penalties for non-payment, and for exempting all through traffic from taxation, and for refunding the duty levied on duty-paid goods which are taken out of the municipal limits. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to modify and to approve each rates and bye-laws: provided that no duty shall be levied on any article at a rate exceeding two per centum on the average value of such article. The rates and bye-laws for any Municipality shall, when finally approved, be published in such Municipality in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct.

When it shall have been determined that 81. Market duck on sale of goods. market dues shall be levied upon the sale of goods at any periodical market within the limits of any Municipality, the Commissioners shall prepare and submit a schedule of rates for the levy of such dues, and shall prepare and submit bye-law for the collection and realization of such dues and for penalties for non-payment. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to modify and to approve such rates and bye-laws, provided that such dues shall in no case exceed one quarter of an anna in every rupee of the price for which such

goods may be sold.
82. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners, with the sanction of the Power to lease the same. Lieutenant-Covernor, lease out for any term not exceeding three years, the collection of duties or dues under the two next preceding sections. Such lease shall be subject in all respects to the rates and bye-laws passed under the said sections.

CHAPTER 8. Tolle.

Whon it shall have been determined that Municipal Funds shall he raised by tells on ferries within the limits of a Muni-

cipality the Commissioners shall notify the ferry or ferries at which such tolls shall be levied; and shall also notify such rates of tolls as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time sanction. A table of tolls, written or printed, in the English and native languages, shall be hung up in some conspicuous place near every ferry so as to be easily read by all persons crossing at the ferries.

84. Every toll-keeper or ferry lessee who shall neglect to hang up and keep in good order and repair such table of tolls. or who shall wilfully remove, alter, or deface the same, or allow it to become illegible, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees.

85. Every tell-keeper or ferry lessee who shall ask or take any toll other Extertion or misconduct by toll-keeper. than the lawful toll, or who chall without due cause delay any passenger, cart, carriage, animal, or goods, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees.

86. Every person 'crossing at' any such public ferry, who shall refuse to pay the toll, or Refusal to pay toll, &c. who, with intent of avoiding payment thereof, shall fraudulently or forcibly page by or through any toll-station without paying the toll, or who shall obstruct any toll-keeper or any of his assistauts in any way in the execution of their duty under this Act; and every person who shall mali-ciously damage any toll-bar, boat, or any other thing employed in or about any public ferry, or who shall muliciously remove, alter, destroy, or damage any table of tolls hung up as hereinbefore directed, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees over and above the value of the damage, if any, which he has done.

87. The Commissioners may make rules,

subject to confirmation by the Lieutenant-Governor, By-laws for regulating ferry-boats, &c., to be made by Commissioners.

fixing the number of passengers, carte, carriages, and animals, and the quantity of goods that may be carried in any public ferry-best at one trip, and for the safe and convenient arriage of passengers and property, and for keeping ferry-boats in good order, and otherwise for the due discharge of their duty by all tindale, tollkeepers, and other persons employed at any public ferry: and any tindal, toll-keeper, or other person infringing or disobeying any such rule, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees, and also to make good any loss or damage caused thereby, the amount of which shall be summarily ascertained by the Magistrate, within whose jurisdiction the offence was committed, and such amount may be recovered as any penalty under this Act may be recovered.

Every person who shall convey for bire any passenger, animal, Carrying for hire within three miles of a ferry without license of Magiscart, carriage, or goods, soross any arm of the sea, creek, or river within the province subject to the Lieutenant-Governor to any point or place on the opposite bank a coast within a distance of three miles on either sides above or below any public ferry, without the apenial license of the Magistrate of the district in which the ferry is situated, shall be liable to a penalty
not exceeding fifty known
Province Provided that nothing in

this section shall subject to such penalty any person who shall specially let for hire his boat for the conveyance of any other person or his family or goods across any creek or arm of the sea within the said settlement.

- 89. The Commissioners may appoint at any ferry managed under this Act toll-keepers, and may collect the tolls through such toll-keepers, or they may grant a lease of any such ferry for any period not exceeding three years.
- 90. It shall be lawful for the Lieutelieutenant-Governor mant-Governor to make over may make over existing to the Commissioners any oxisting ferry within the limits of the Municipality, and such ferry shall thenceforward be subject to the provisions of this Act.
- Tolls on vehicles, &c., on vehicles and beasts of burden entering any town, the Commissioners shall submit to the Lieutenant-Governor a table of rates and rules for the levy of such tolls; and the Lieutenant-Governor may modify or approve such tables and rules. The rules and rates, so modified or approved, shall not take affect until one month after they shall have been duly notified. Provided that the rates shall in no case exceed the rates laid down in Schedule (E) appended to this Act.
- 92. The tolls or rates determined as in the next preceding section shall be levied upon all carriages, carts, and animals entering the Municipal limits; and the municipal limits; and the Commissioners may

construct toll-bars, gates, and gate-keepers' stations, and may place the collection of such tolls under the management of such persons as may appear to them proper, or may lease out the same for any period not exceeding three years, and shall frame bye-laws in manner bereinafter provided for the guidance of such toll collectors; and all persons employed in the management and collection of such tolls shall be liable to the same responsibilities as would attach to them if employed in the "collection of any assessment or tax under this Act. Provided that this section shall not apply to carriages, carts, and animals licensed or registered by the Commissioners: provided also that no more than one payment of toll shall be demanded for, and in respect of, any carriage, cart, or animal in any one period of twenty-four hours from midnight to midnight.

In case of non-payment toll on demand, the officer of tell, valide, de., may appointed or duly authorized to collect the same may seize any carriage or animal on which it is chargeable, or any part of its burden of sufficient value to defray the tell. If any tell, together with the cost arising from such seizure and custody, remains andischarged for forty-eight hours, the Commissioners may sell the property seized for discharge of the tell, and of all expenses occasioned by such non-payment, seizure, custody, and sale. Any balance that may remain shall be returned, on demand, if made within twelve ments, to the owner of the property, and

if unclaimed after such period, shall be credited to the Municipal Fund. After seizure of the property as aforesaid, the Commissioners shall forthwith issue a notice in writing that, after the expiration of two days, exclusive of Sunday, they will sell at such place as they may state in the notice the property by auction. Provided that if at any time before the sale has actually begun the person whose property has been seized shall tender to the Commissioners, or other officer appointed by them, the amount of all the expenses incurred and of the toll payable by him, the Commissioners shall forthwith release the property seized.

- Troops, military stores, or of unilitary or Government stores, or of military or of military or police officers on duty, or of any person or property in their custody, or of conservancy carts or other such vehicles belonging to the Commissioners; but no other exemption from payment of the toils levied under this Act shall be allowed.
- The Commissioners may compound with persons living outside the Municipal limits for a psymeat in lieu of tolls.

 The Commissioners may compound with persons living outside the Municipal limits for a sum to be paid annually or half-yearly, in lieu of all tolls payable under the provisions of this Act in respect of carriages, carts, or animals entering the municipal limits; and the Commissioners shall issue licenses for such carriages, carts, or animals; and while such licenses shall remain in force, such carriages, carts, and animals shall be exempt from all tolls as aforesaid upon entering the municipal limits. Provided always that such composition shall include all the carriages, carts, and animals possessed by the person compounding.
- Police to maint toll collectors.

 The collectors when required; and for that purpose shall have the same power which they have in the exercise of their ordinary police duties.
- 18 Properties of the person other than persons appointed or duly authorized to collect the tolls under this Act, who shall levy or demand any tol), and also every person who shall unlawfully and extortionately demand or take any other or higher toll than the lawful toll, or under colour of this Act, seize or sell any property, knowing such seizure and sale to be unlawful, or in any manner unlawfully extort money or aby valuable thing from any person under colour of this Act, shall be deemed to have committed the offence of cheating or extortion, as the case may be, and shall be liable to such punishment as is prescribed for those offences respectively by the Indian Penal Code.
- 98. A table of the tells authorized to be taken at any tell-gate or station, legibly written or painted in English words and figures, and in the vernacular language or languages of the district, shall be put up in a conspicuous place near such gate or station.

PART IV.—Mode of arcovers of Municipal Takes.

Tex Collector to proper the lists hereinbefore mentioned a register which shall contain the names of all persons assessed, the property in respect of the occupation of which the assessment in each case is made, and the amount payable quarterly by each person in the Municipality or division, or portion of a Municipality in which the duties of anch tax collector are to be performed; and every such list shall be attested by the Chairman.

Payment of tax by instalments. The instalment of tax by instalment of tax by instalment of tax on account of any quarter shall be due on the first day of the month in the said quarter.

Bill to be presented. Act, the Chairman shall, unless otherwise specially provided in this Act, cause to be presented to the person liable to the payment thereof a bill for the amount, which shall also contain a statement of the period and a description of the property or thing for which the charge is made. If the bill be in respect of the tax upon carriages, horses, and elephants, it shall contain a notice of the time within which an appeal against such tax may be preferred.

102. For all sums collected on account of any tax under this Act, a receipt shall be given signed by the tax collector or by some other officer who may have been specially authorized by the Magistrate to grant such receipts.

Tax Collector to remit remit, in such manner and at such times as the Magistrate shall direct, all sums of money collected either by himself or by any one of his establishment, and the Magistrate, or some other officer authorized on that behalf, shall give the tax collector receipt for every sum of money so remitted. The Magistrate shall also cause all such sums of money to be credited to the Municipal Fund.

Recovery of taxes.

Act be not paid by the person liable to pay the same within ten days from the presentation thereof, the Magistrate may cause to be served upon such person a notice of demand in the Form (A) in Schedule F annexed to his Act, or to the like effect; and if such person shall not, within ten days from the service of notice of such demand, pay the sum due, together with a fee of two sunes as costs for the service of the notice of demand, or show to the Magistrate sufficient cause for non-payment of the same, the amount of the arrear due, with costs on the scale in the Form (B) in Schedule F, set forth, which shall include those of serving the notice of demand, may be levied by distress and sale of any goods and chattels belonging to the defaulter which may be found within the Municipality, or

of any goods and chattels whatever which may be found on the premises in respect of the occupation of which such defaulter is liable to such tax.

Every warrant of distraint and sale under the last preceding Sala how to be conducted. section shall be issued by the Magistrate, and shall be in the Form (C) in Schedule F set forth. The officer charged with the exe. ention of the warrant of distress shall make ar inventory of all goods and chattels seized under the Magistrate's warrant, and shall give not less than ten days' previous notice of the sale, and o the time and place thereof, by best of drum, in the town or division thereof in which the property is situated and by serving on the defaulter a notice in the Form (D) in Schedule F. If the arrest be not paid with costs before the time fixed for the sale, or the warrant be not discharged or suspended by the Magistrate, the goods and chattels seized shall be sold by public outery at the time and place

Proceeds how be specified, in the most public manner possible; and the proceeds shall be applied in discharge of the arrears and the costs, and the surplus, if any, shall be returned on demand to the person in possession of the goods and chattels at the time of the scizure. The tax collector or other officer appointed on that behalf under this Act shall make a return of all such sales to the Magistrate in the Form (E) specified in Schedule F; and the costs upon every such proceeding shall be such as are mentioned and set forth in Form (B) in Schedule F annexed to this Act.

Sale of preparty beyond ing to a defaulter or being upon the premises in respect of the occupation of which the tax is due can be found within the Municipality in which the premises are situate, the Magistrate on being satisfied thereof, and of the existence of an arrear, may issue his warrant for the distress and sale of any goods and chattels belonging to the defaulter within any other part of the jurisdiction of the Magistrate, or for the distress and sale of any goods and chattels belonging to the defaulter within the jurisdiction of any other Magistrate whatsoever, and such other Magistrate shall back the warrant so issued, and cause it to be excuted and the amount (if levied) to be remitted to the Magistrate issuing the warrant.

107. All goods and chattels, except tools or instruments of trade. Alt goods found on premises liable to sale. which may be found upon any premises in respect of the occupation of which an arrear is due, shall be liable to be distrained for the recovery of such arrear. If the goods and But owner of goods to be in-demarked by the defaulter, chattels belong to say person other than the defaulter, the defaulter shall be liable to indemnify the owner of such goods and chattels from 'any damage he may sustain by reason of such distress, or by reason of any payment he may make to avoid such distress or any sale under the name. Provided that no arrear of tax which has minated due for more than three calendar months shall recovered by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of any person, other than the default himself, who did not reside on the premises in respect of which such tax was imposed at the tax when such arrear became due.

108. Every tex collector and other servants ap-

pointed for, or employed in, the performance of any duties connected with the assessment or collection

of the tax under this Act, is prohibited from bidding for or purchasing any property at such sales as aforesaid. Any person purchasing property in contravention of this section shall be liable, upon conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees, and the sale shall be quashed and the property declared liable to resale.

109. The Magistrate shall cause a regular account to be kept of all Magistrate to keep account of distress and sakes. distresses levied and sales made for the realization

of arrears under this Act.

110. Whoever conceals, removes, or disposes of any property belonging to Removal of property 40 the person who in liable for any amount of tax, for the purpose of avoiding a distress under the provisions of this Act, shall be considered to have concealed, removed, or disposed of such property fraudulently. PART V .- MUNICIPAL FUND AND ITS APPLICATION.

111. All monies, rents, and profits received by the Commissioners by What shall constitute by the Commissioners by the Municipal Fond. Act, and all fines, fees, and penalties paid or levied under this Act, and all other monies which, under sanction of Government, may be transferred to such Commissioners, shall constitute a fund, which shall be called the Municipal Fund, and shall, together with all property of every nature or kind which may become vested in the said Commissioners, be under their control, and shall be held by them and their successors in trust for the purposes of this Act.

112. The Commissioners shall set apart Payment on account of annually out of the Municipal Fund a sum sufficient for the maintenance of police employed under Act V of officers appointed or employed under Act 1861, or any other Act which may for the time being be in force for the regulation of the police within the territories subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal or any part thereof; provided that the number of police officers shall be determined in manner as hereinafter provided.

113. The Municipal Fund, after a sum has been set apart as in the Purposes to which Fund may be applied. manner provided by the next preceding section, may, subject to such rules and restrictions as the Lieutemant-Governor may from time to time prescribe, be applicable within the towns in which it is mised, to the following purposes, that is say—

(1) - The construction, repair, and maintenance,

(1)—The construction, repair, and maintenance, of streets and bridges.

(2)—Works of public utility calculated to promote the health, comfort, or convenience of the townspeople; including the supply of water, expenses of lighting of streets, the construction, repair and maintenance of hospitals, dispensaries, lumitic asylums, rest-houses, tanks, wells, and markets; also the payment of all charges connected with the objects for which such buildings were constructed, the training and employment of madical practitioners and requirements, the sanitary inspections, the regisvaccinators, the amitary inspections, the regis-tration in births and deaths, the cleaning of

tenks or wells, and the application of the Indian Contagious Diseases Act.

(3)—The diffusion of education, and with this view, the construction and repair of school-houses, the establishment and maintenance of schools either wholly or by means of grants-in-aid, the inspection of schools and training of teachers.

(4) -The support or relief of the poor in times

of exceptional distress and scarcity.

114. It shall be competent to the Commissioners, with the sanction or Contribution to ext Municipal expenditure. upon the direction of the Lieutenant-Governor, tocon-

tribute a portion of the Municipal Funds towards the expenses incurred in any other Municipality under this Act, or in any district or sub-division under the District Road Cess Act 1871 passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, where such expenditure is incurred for any of the purposes described in the last preceding section, and is calculated to benefit the inhabitants of the contributing town, or to relieve exceptional distress in the neighbourhood; provided always that, where such contribution has not been originally recommended by the Commissioners, it shall not be abligatory upon them until the proposal to make such contribution shall have been submitted to them by the Lieutenant-Governor, and they shall have had the opportunity of offering their opinions thereon.

115. It shall be competent to the Lieutenant-Appointment of offi-Governor to appoint, from cers to superintend opera-tions of Municipalities. time to time, such officers as may be required for the purpose of inspecting or superintending the operations of the Municipalities created by this Act, and to assign to them such salaries as the Lieutenant-Governor shall think reasonable; and the expense incurred by reason of such appointments shall be defrayed in rateable proportions out of the funds of the several Municipalities established under this Act. And the said Lientenant-Governor may direct that the municipalities in any district or division shall pay such sum as he may consider reasonable towards the cost of clerks or other establishment maintained in the office of the Collector or Commissioner for pur-

poses of supervision under this Act.

116. The Commissioners shall consider and

pass at a meeting, a state-Annual estimates of exposediture to be prepared. ment or estimate showing the probable receipts, and the expenditure which it is proposed by the Commissioners to incur during the year commencing on the first day of April then next, and the items in respect of which it is proposed to inour such expenditure, and may also consider and pass a supplemental estimate providing for any modifications which they may deem it advisable to make in the distribution of the amount to be raised in the official year then current for the purposes of

this Act. 117. Copies of the aggregate estimates for any Municipality which shall have been passed under the Estimates to be published.

have been passed under the provisions of the next preceding Section, and if necessary, translations thereof into the vernacular of the district, shall be lodged in the offices of the Magistrate, of the district and of the Magistrate, and at some convenient place within such Municipality. During fourteen days after such estimates shall have been so lodged in the said offices of which due notice shall be in the said offices, of which due notice shall be

publicly given, such estimates and translations in the vernacular of the district shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times and seasons by any rate-payer of such town who may desire to inspect the same.

118. As soon as is practicable, after the expiration of the said fourteen days, the of the said fourteen days, the Magistrate of Magistrate shall transmit to the Magistrate of the district the said estimates, with any remarks or objections thereupon which

with any remarks or objections thereupon which may have been recorded by himself or by the Municipal Commissioners at a meeting. The Magistrate of the district shall transmit to the Commissioner of the Division the said estimates, together with any remarks or objectious made by the Magistrate or the Municipal Commissioners, and his own opinion thereon.

Power of Commissioner of the division shall sanction, if unobjectionally, any estimate forwarded under the next proceeding section. If he see any objection to such estimate he may record his objection; and he shall have power to remit for reconsideration the estimate of any Municipality made under this Part which may have been voted by less than two-thirds of the Commissioners of such Municipality.

An annual report of proceedings, and statements in detail of all the works executed by them, and of all sums received and expended by them. All the municipal accounts shall be audited by such person and in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct. The annual report shall be published in the Calcutta Gazette.

121. All sums collected under this Act, and all funds appropriated by Government for the purposes of this Act, shall be paid into the nearest Government treasury of the district, or, with the sanction of Government, into any Bank or branch Bank, or Native Banker established in or near to the Municipality, and shall be credited to an account to be called the Municipal Fund of the Municipality where they have been raised, provided always that it shall be competent to the Commissioners, with the sanction of Government, to invest any sums not required for immediate use either in the Government Savings Bank or in Government securities, or in any other form of security which may be approved of by Government.

Mode of drawing money.

In his absence, by the Vice-Chairman, or, in the absence of the Vice-Chairman, by any two of the Commissioners.

123. Within one month after the commencement of each year, the Magistrate shall cause to be prepared accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the Municipal Fund during the previous year; and shall cause such accounts to be laid before the

Municipal Commissioners for the space of one month, and shall cause copies of such accounts and of any remarks made thereon by the Municipal Commissioners to be forwarded to the Magistrate of the district, who shall forward the same to the Commissioner of the Division.

PART VI .- REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DRATES,

Commissioners may keep a register of births and deaths, and appoint Registrars. Shall divide the Municipality, into such and so many districts as they shall appoint a person to be Registrar of births and deaths within the Municipality, and for this purpose they shall appoint a person to be Registrar of births and deaths within such district.

Every Registrar shall dwell within the district of which he is Registrar, and shall cause Registrar, and shall cause this name, with the addition of Registrar for the district for which he shall be so appointed, to be placed in some conspicuous place on or near the outer door of his own dwelling-house; and the Commissioners shall cause to be printed and published a list, containing the name and place of abode of every Registrar in the town.

Commissioners shall cause to beprepared and printed a sufficient number of register
books prepared
and numbered.

which may take place within the Municipality
according to the forms prescribed in Schedules (G)
and (H) to this Act annexed, and the pages of
such book shall be numbered progressively from
the beginning to the end.

127. Every Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and births and deaths.

The gistrar to inform births and deaths. The first day of September, and shall learn and register, as soon as conveniently may be after the event, without fee or reward, the particulars required to be registered, according to the forms in the said Schedules (G) and (H), respectively, touching every such birth and every such death, as the case may be, which shall not have been already registered, every such entry being made in order from the beginning to the ead of the book.

Information of births to be given within one meanth. In case of the death, illness, absence, or inability of the father and mother, the occupier of the house or tenement in which such child shall have been born, shall, within one month next after the day of every such birth, give information to the Registrar of the district according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the everal particular hereby required to be known and registered touching the birth of such child. Any person whose duty it such be to give information to a Registrar under section, who shall reuse or neglect to give information, shall be liable to penalty to be districted to the control of the section of th

Information of death death, or in attendance during the last illness, of every person dying within the Municipality, or, in case of the death, illness, inability, or default of all such persons, the occupier of the house or tenement, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, some immate of the house or tenement in which such death shall have happened, shall, within eight days next after the day of such death, give information to the Registrar of the district, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the death of such person. Any person who shall refuse or neglect to give any information which it is his duty to give under this section, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupses.

130. Every person by whom the information contained in any register

Person giving information to sign the register.

Given, shall sign in the register his name, description, and place of abode; and no such registration shall be deemed to be complete or of any effect until such person shall have so signed it.

PART VII,---MUNICIPAL POLICE.

131. At such time or times, and in such form as the Lieutenant-Gostrength of the force vernor shall direct, the Commissioners at a meeting shall prepare a statement of the police force required for their Municipality, and such statement, when passed at a meeting of the Commissioners,

for their Municipality, and such statement, when passed at a meeting of the Commissioners, shall be forwarded to the Lieutenant-Governor through the Magistrate to the Commissioner of the division, who shall either himself sanction or amend the statement, or shall forward it to the Lieutenant-Governor for sanction or amendment, according as the said Lieutenant-Governor may, in each case from time to time, direct who shall sanction or amend such statement. The police force, according to the statement finally approved by the Lieutenant-Governor, shall be the police force of the Municipality for the year next ensuing, and its cost shall be incorporated on the estimates of expenditure to be prepared under this Act.

132. When the strength and the cost and distribution of the police of any
Alteration therein. Municipality shall have been settled under the next fore

going section, no alteration shall be made in such strength or cost or distribution of costs, save on the recommendation of the Commissioners and with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, or of the Commissioner of the division in cases where the Lieutenant-Governor may have delegated to the Commissioner powers under this section.

188. The Commissioners or a sub-committee of appointment of police. the Commissioners nominated for that purpose shall control, appoint, and dismiss or suspend the members of the town police force; provided that no police officer above the rank of constable shall be dismissed or suspended without the sanction of the magnituate of the district; and provided that all the sants of a sub-committee under this section shall be liable to terrision by the Commissioners at a matter.

Police paid under Act not to be employed beyond town.

No police officer, who forms part of the strength of the Municipal police, shall be liable to serve beyond the limits of the Municipality, save in excution of duties improved on him by his amelous and the limits of the first or of duties improved on him by his amelous and the limits of the first or of duties improved on him by his amelous and the limits of the first or of duties improved on him by his amelous and the limits of the first or of the firs

tion of duties imposed on him by his employment as a police officer of such Municipality.

135. As soon as possible after the close of each relice to be paid mouthly.

as regards each Municipality, present to the Magistrate, in whose jurisdiction such Municipality may be situated, a bill showing the actual expenses incurred during the preceding month in the payment of the said force, and the contingent expenses thereof; and the said Magistrate, on being satisfied that the bill is substantially in accordance with the estimate for such town, shall cause the amount of such bill to be paid to the District Superintendent from the Municipal Fund.

136. The total amount which shall be chargeable to the Municipal Fund for the cost of any police force police.

The total amount which shall be chargeable to the Municipal Fund for the cost of any police force which may be sanctioned by

the Government for employment within any town, including the contingent expenses of such force, shall not exceed the average rate of one rupes and eight annas per annum for each house in such town, provided that the number of police officers appointed shall not be greater than one superior officer for every fifteen constables, and one constable for every fifty houses.

PART VIII .- INTERVENTION BY THE GOVERNMENT.

Administration of Municipality may be transferred to Magnistrate if Commissioners fail to maintain roads and pay for police.

Administration of Municipality fail to effect the necessary repairs and maintenance of roads, or to pay for the police of the town, it shall be lawful for the Commissioner of

the Division in which such Municipality is situated to convene a Committee, consisting of the district sub-divisional Magistrate, the executive engineer of the division, the civil surgeon, and two members nominated by the said Commissioner; and such Committee shall inquire into and report upon the state of such Municipality. And the Lieutenant-Governor may on the report of such Committee call upon the Commissioners, by requisition in writing signed by him and published in the Calcutta Gazette, to raise the necessary funds and carry out the purposes of this Act, and thereupon if Commissioners neglect for the space of three months then next ensuing to comply with the mid requisition, the Lieutenant-Governor may direct the Magistrate to raise the necessary funds under the provisions of this Act and carry out in all respects the purposes thereof.

Or if Commissioners nant-Governor in regard to any first class Municipality, or to such officer as he may delegate authority under this section in regard to any second class Municipality, either that due provision is not made for the construction and maintenance in the municipal limits of any district road passing through such limits, and that hinderance to the traffic of the country is caused thereby, or that reasonable elementary education is not available at a fair cost for children of the residents, it shall be lawful for

CHAPTER 5.

Regulation of certain offensive trades and of Burial and Burning Grounds.

180. Within such limits as may for the purposes of this section be

Penalty for establishing certain essentive and dau-gerous trades within limits to fixed by the Commis-nitions.

fixed by the Commissioners, no premises shall be newly used except under licenso from the Commissioners, for

any of the following purposes, namely, for melting tallow, for boiling offal or blood, or as a soap house, oil-boiling house, dyeing house, tannery, brick pottery or lime kiln, or other manufactory or place of business from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise, or as a yard or depôt for hay, etraw, wood, or coal; and whoever without a license uses any such promises for such purpose, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day after the conviction for such offence, during which the said offence is continued.

No burish or burning place heaveforth to be formed without leave of Government, or of Com-missioners.

181. No burial or burning ground, whether public or private, shall be made or formed after the passing of this Act, otherwise than by or under the authority of the Lieutenant-

Governor of Bengal, without a license from the Commissioners; and whoever shall bury or burn, or cause, permit, or suffer to be buried or hurned, any corpse in any burial or burning ground made or formed without such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

Commissioners tray order cortain burial or burning places to be closed.

182. If, upon the evidence of competent persons, it shall appear to the Commissioners that any burial or burning ground is in such a state as to be

dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood thereof, and also that a suitable place for interment or burning, us the case may be, exists within a convenient distance and is available, the Commissioners, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal previonely obtained, may, by notification to be affixed on some conspicuous part of the ground, appoint . time, not being less than two months, for the closing of such burial or burning ground, and whoever, after the time so appointed, buries or burns, or causes or permits to be buried or burned, any corpse therein, shall be liable to # fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

CHAPTER 6.

Vaccination and Inoculation.

183. In any Municipality where the Lieutenant-Governor may consider that proper and sufficient Operation of this chaparrangemente have made for the vaccination or inoculation with the cow-pox of the inhabitants thereof, the practice of inconlation shall be prohibited with effect from such date as may be notified by the Lieutenant-Governor at the time of the extension of this Chapter to such Municipality.

184. Any person who shall thereafter produce, or attempt to produce, in any person, by inoculation with variolous matter, or by wilful exposure to variopregnated with variolous matter, or who shall wilfully, by any other means whatsoever, produce the disease of small-pox in any person, shall be liable, on conviction before . Magistrate, to imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding three months, or to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, or to both.

Penalty for entering into any place, subject to this Act, without a proper certificate, before furty days from date of increllation.

having been inoculated with the small-pox in a place to which the provisions of this Act shall not at the time be applicable, at the time be applicable, shall afterwards enter the

town of Calcutta, or any other town or place to which such provision shall then be applicable, before the elapse of forty days from the date of such inoculation, or without a certificate from a qualified medical officer, stating that such person is no longer likely to cause contagion, such person shall be liable, on sonviction before a Magistrate, to imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding three months, or to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, or to both. .

186. Whenever a Magistrate shall sentence an offender to fine under this Mode of procedure. Chapter, it shall be lawful for such Magistrate to award any portion not exceed-ing one-half of such fine to the person on whose information such offender has been convicted.

PART X .- MUNICIPAL MARKETS.

187. If shall be lawful for the Municipal Commissioners to grant licenses for the use of any Power to grant licenses place as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit and vegetables within the Municipality.

188. Every license to be granted under the provisions of this Act shall be in force until the Duration of license, and terms on which granted. next ensuing the day therein named for the commencement thereof, and the said Municipal Commissioners shall grant such license whenever it shall be certified to them in writing, under the hand of the Vice-Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners, that such place is fit to be used as market.

Vier-Chairman bound in writing of the owner of any such places. 189. The Vice-Chairman, upon the application under the preceeding section, unless such place be defective as a market in drainage, ventilation, water-supply, or proper width of paths and ways therein.

190. Whoever wilfully or negligently permits any place within the limits Penalty on permitting unauthorned places to be used as marketa. aforesaid to be used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables, without a license under this Act, shall, unless such place shall have been used as a market for the sale of similar articles at the time of the passing of this Act, be liable to a penalty not exceeding two bundred Rupees; and shall also be liable to a further penalty not exceeding fifty langues for every day during which the said offence shall be continued.

191. Whenever three convictions under the provisions of the next Power to slote antionesd places on the coding section shift to been pronounced in the of the same place, it shall be lauful to

Magistrate, on the application of the Municipal Commissioners, to order such place to be closed, and thereupon to appoint persons, or otherwise take order, to prevent such place being so used; and every person who shall sell or expose for sale, meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables in any place which shall have been so closed shall be liable for each offence to a fine which may extend to ten Rupees.

Present markets to be registered.

Present markets to be registered.

This Act used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables, shall, within aix months of the passing of this Act, registor, or cause to be registered, the same in a book to be kept for that purpose by the Municipal Commissioners at their office, in which shall be stated the name of the owner thereof, and of the lessee, the extent and boundary of the market, and the description of articles sold therein.

193 Such registration shall be made on the application in writing of Mode of registration the owner or lessee, or some one of the owners or lessees thereof, and every auch application shall contain the particulars hereinbefore required to be set out in the registration.

194. Every transfer of interest in any such market as last aforesaid shall be in like manner registered within two months after the date of transfer.

195. Any market which, or the transfer of which, shall not be duly register.

Penalty on omission to gistered under the preceding sections shall be deemed to be a place not used as a market at the time of the passing of this Act.

Power to Municipal Commissioners may from time to time, if they shall commissioners to construct think fit, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, provide places within the said town for the purpose of being used as municipal markets, and may charge such rents, tolls and fees as to them may seem fit for the use of or right to expose goods for sale in such markets, and for the use of shops, stalls and standings therein.

197. All such rents, tolls, and fees which shall be imposed shall be recoverable by the Municipal Commissioners from the persons liable to pay the same, as if the amounts payable in respect thereof were rates due to the Commissioners from such persons under the provision of this Act.

Power to make roles for to make bye-laws for the stablishment and publication of a price-current by measure, weight, or tale of the articles sold in Municipal markets under this Act, and for prescribing the mode of sale of such articles.

Powe to use persons breaking regulations or whose servants may be convicted of disobeying any such bye-law, and to prevent such person by himself or his servants

further carrying on any trade or business in such market, or occupying stalls or shops therein, and to determine any lease or tenure which such person may have in any such stall or shop.

PART XI.—JURISDICTION OF COMMISSIONERS IN MUNICIPAL AND OTHER CASES,

200 It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant. Governor to direct that any Juriediction of Comtwo or more Commissioners of any Municipality may exercise within the limits of such Municipality the powers of a Magistrate in respect of all or any of the offences under the following provisions of this Act, namely, Sections 69, 76, 77, 79, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 97, 117, 118, all the sections of Parts IX and X, and the rules and bye-laws which may be framed under any Section of this Act, and also in respect of all offences named in the Penal Code which may be triable under the Criminal Procedure Code by a subordinate magistrate of the first class. When such direction shall bave been notified in the Calcutta Gazette, then any person accused of an offence, or liable to a penalty under or in persuance of the above-mentioned provisions of this Act, shall be tried by a bench of not less than two Commissioners sitting together. With respect to any matter which may, under this section, be transferred to the jurisdiction of the Commissioners, the powers, duties, and authority of the Magistrate shall cease. Provided that if the Commissioners, or a bench of the Commissioners, refuse or omit to act under this section, the Magistrate may, with the sanction of the Commissioner of the Division, resume for such time as he may seem fit the functions transferred to the Commissioners under this section. It shall be competent to the Lieutenaut-Governor to amend, modify, or recall any direction notified under this section. In case of difference of opinion between the members of a bench of Commissioners, the opinion of the majority shall prevail; when the numbers are equally divided, the opinion of the senior Commissioner shall prevail. The provisions senior Commissioner shall prevail. The provisions of this section shall not be held to affect the appollate jurisdiction of the Magistrate of the district, under Chapter XXX of the Code of Criminul Procedure, or the powers of supervision vested in the Magistrate of the district by section 434 of the same Code.

at a meeting to make byeat a meeting to make byeBye-laws for Beaches. laws for regulating the
rotation in which, and the
place at which, the Commissioners shall sit to
decide cases under the next foregoing section, and
to assign from the Municipal Fund salaries to clerks
and other servants who may be appointed by the
Commissioners to serve in the courts of benches of
Commissioners sitting under the next preceding
section.

PART XII.

THIRD CLASS MUNICIPALITIES.

Appointment of punchapste.

Appointment of punprovisions of this and the
next succeeding Fart to any
place not being a I or II Class Municipality, and
it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor
to delegate the power of extending the said
provisions to such officers as he may see

fit. After such extension shall have been notified the Magistrate of the district may by a writing under his hand and scal appoint not less three and not more than five persons to be a punchayet in such place. Provided that no punchayet shall be appointed for any place in which there shall be less than sixty houses, and provided that no punchayet shall be appointed in any place, until a Magistrate shall, in personal communication with some of the residents of such town, have explained to them the general duties of a punchayet.

Power to make unions of places.

Power to make unions of places.

The property of the places is nituate within one mile of some house in each of the others, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to form such places into a union, and for the parposes of this part such union shall be deemed to but a village.

204. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate of the district to permit or cause Linction of punchayet. the election of a punchavet, under such rules as the Licutemant-Governor may from time to time prescribe for any place, instead of appointing such punchayet under section 20) of this Ast. The Magistrate of the district shall have power to accept resignations and to fill up vacancies in punchayets either by election or by appointment. Every member of a punchage: shall hold office until a successor be elected or appointed. But no person shall be eligible for membership of the punchayet of any place, unless he a resident in such place, or the proprietor or holder of land therein or his local agent, provided that such proprietor or local agent shall not be eligible for membership unless he be resident within one mile from some part of such place.

205. Whenever the majority in number of the adult made residents in any place or in two or more places so situate as in section 202 is set forth shall by a writing

signed by them apply to the Magistrate of the district for the appointment of punchayet in such place or places, it shall be lawful for him to appoint a punchayet under this Part in such place or places without regard to the number of houses therein contained, and all the provisions of this Part shall apply to such punchayet and to such places or places.

206. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate of the district to declare by a writing under his hand and seal what shall be the limits of any Municipality constituted under this Part. But in any case where no such declaration is made, the limits of Municipality under this Part shall be taken to be the boundaries of the area of the village or villages which constitute such Municipality.

207. It shall be lawful for the punchayet of any Municipality constituted under this Part to impose within the limits of such Municipality the tax described at section 31 clause (a) of this Act, provided that the average annual tax on each holding shall not exceed one rupes.

208. The assessment to the tax imposed under the next foregoing section shall be made by the punchayet, embject as far as may be to the provisions

of sections 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39 and 40 of Part III, Chapter 2 of this Act in respect to Commissioners, provided that it shall not be necessary to send any list or notice of assessment under this part anywhere outside the place for which the assessments may be framed; and provided that any person dissatisfied with his assessment may appeal orally or in writing to the punchayet, who shall consider and decide finally on such appeal; and also that the Magistrate may call for the list of assessment of my village, and that he shall call for such list on the application of ten tax-payers of such villages, and may pass such orders on any such list as he may think fit.

209. Every punchayet shall appoint one of their number to receive and collect the tax, and to grant receipts for the same and to keep the accounts thereof, and it shall be lawful for the punchayet to permit the person so appointed to retain any sum not exceeding six per cent. of the amount collected by him to re-pay the costs of such collection.

Manner of realization.

Manner of realization.

Manner of realization.

Shall collect the tax due every quarter, following, as near as may be, the procedure hiddown in sections 99, 100, 102, 104, 105, and 107 of Part IV of this Act, provided that the collecting member shall himself do all which must be done by the tax collector or by the Magistrate under the abovementioned sections; and provided that the collecting member be not bound to make use of the forms prescribed in these sections, so long as any warrant of distress issued for tax due under the hand of the collecting member.

211. Any person against whom distress may issue under the next foreappeal against distress. going section may, if he dispute his liability to the arrear demanded of him, apply to the Magistrate either orally or in writing, and the Magistrate, after hearing the applicant's statement and making such enquiry as he may see fit, shall pass such order as he many deem proper on the application.

Application of tax. part, togother with any fines realized under this Act, and any other sum which may become applicable for the purposes of this Act, shall constitute a fund which shall be called "The Village Fund;" and such fund shall be applicable to the payment of chowkeedars, and the balance after payment of chowkeedars shall be applicable to the supply of drinking water to the residents or to their cattle, to simple conservancy operations, and to the support of patshalas or village schools.

Appointment of chowselears.

Appointment of chowselears.

Appointment of chowselears are they may deem fit, and to assign them salaries out of the Village Fund; provided that not more than one chowkeeder be appointed to every sixty houses, and that the salary of a chowkeeder be not less than three rupees a month, subject to reduction on account of the revenue due any chakran lands enjoyed by such chowkeeder.

Registry of chowksdars by the police. The punchayet shall give to him a certificate signed by the police. The rate of salary at which he has been appointed, and he shall within seven days produce such certificate at the police station within the limits of which his village may be situate, and the officer in charge of such station shall cause the particulars of such certificate to be registered in a book to be kept in such station for the purpose of such registration, and shall report the same to the Magistrate.

215. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate if he see fit to dismiss any chowchowkeedars.

See fit to dismiss any chowkeedar for misconduct or neglect of duty, and the punchayet shall thereupon appoint a successor. It shall be lawful for the punchayet to dismiss or fine to the extent of one month's salary any chowkeedar for neglect of duty or misconduct, provided that such chowkeedar may within sixty days appeal to the Magistrate against such dismissal or fine, and the Magistrate shall thereon make such enquiry and pass such order as he may see fit.

- 216. Every chowkeedar appointed under the provisions of this Part shall perform the following duties:
- (1) He shall give immediate information to the officer in charge of the police station within the limits of which the village is situate of every unnatural, suspicious, or sudden death which may occur, and of every offence specified in the final section of this Part which may be committed within the village of which he is chowkeeder, and he shall further keep the police informed of all disputes which are likely to lead to any riot or serious affray.
- (2) He shall arrest all proclaimed offenders, and all persons whom he may find in the act of committing any offence specified in the final section of this Part.
- (3) He shall observe, and from time to time report to the officer in charge of the police station within the limits of which the village may be situate, the movements of all bad characters in such village.
- (4) He shall report to the officer in charge of such police station the arrival of suspicious characters in the neighbourhood.
- (5) He shall present himself at such station twice in each week, if such station be within two miles of the village, and if it be more remote ones in each week, or once in each fortnight as the Magistrate may direct.
- (6) He shall supply any local information which the Magistrate or any officer of police may require.
- (7) He shall obey the orders of the punchayet in regard to keeping watch in the village and other matters connected with his duties as showkeeder.

Procedure on arrest by person, such chowkeeder shall forthwith take the person so arrested to the police station within the limits of which such village is situate, provided that if the arrest is made at night, such person shall be so taken, as soon as convenient, on the following morning.

Control of chowkeeders control over the chowkeeders, and every member of such punchayet who may know or be informed of the commission within the village of any offence specified in the final section of this Part shall forthwith cause the same to be reported by the chowkeeder to the officer in charge of the police station within the limits of which the village may be situate, and on failure of the chowkeeder, such member shall himself report the same to such officer.

219. Every chowkeedar shall receive, month by month, the full amount of his salary from the member of the punchayet appointed to collect the tax.

Application by chowiesdar for payment of his
adary.

Application by chowiesdar for payment of his
adary.

Application by chowiesdar for payment of his
adary.

Such chowkeedar on or before the
15th of the month following,
such chowkeedar may apply
to the Magistrate, who shall call upon the punchayet within ten days to show cause why they
should not pay the amount due to such chowkeedar, and the Magistrate after hearing the punchayet shall pass such order as he may deem fit
directing the punchayet or any member thereof
to pay the chowkeedar's salary, or directing distraint of the property of the punchayet or any
member thereof to the amount of the arrear due
to the chowkeedar.

221. All powers vested in the punchayet for the appointment and dismissal of Powers of punchaget ay be exercised by the chowkeedars and for fixing may be ext Magistrate. the number of chowkeedars to be appointed and the rate of their pay, and for making and levying the assessments hereinbefore directed to be made, may be exercised by the Magistrate or any person whom the Magistrate may by any writing under his hand authorise on that behalf, in case the punchayet shall, for fifteen days after a notice from the Magistrate to exercise such powers or any of them, reluse or neglect to exercise the same, and the Magistrate shall be bound to enquire into any matter concerning the due observance of the provisions of this part in any village whenever ten adult tax-payers may make a representation to the effect that the punchayet's proceedings require supervision or amendment.

Accounts.

Once in every quarter on a conspicuous place in the village, or in each village of their circuit, an account of the receipts and expenditure of the quarter next preceding. Any ten adult tax-payers of the village may, if the accounts are not published, or I they are discutsfied with such accounts, make a representation to the Magistrate who shall be bound to supervise the same

Jurisdiction of a puachayet.

Jurisdiction of a puachayet.

Governor to invest all or
any of the members of a
punchayet with powers described in Section 200 of this Act so far as the
same are applicable. Two or more of the members so invested may thereafter sit together under
such bye-laws as to rotation, days of sitting and
place of sitting, as the Magistrate may from time
to time prescribe, and so sitting shall have jurisdiction within the limits of their municipality.
All the provisions of the said section with
respect to Commissioners shall apply to members
of a punchayet invested with powers as aforesaid
so far as the said provisions are or may be applicable.

PART XIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Service of potice.

Service of potice.

The problem of the same, any assessment, rate, or tax or any money due in respect of the same, may be served personally upon the person to whom the same is assessed, or be left at his usual place of abode with some adult male member or servant of his family, or if it cannot be so served, may be put up on some conspicuous part of such place of abode, and shall thereby be deemed to be duly served.

Provise.

Provise.

Provided that, if the place of abode of the owner of any house, building, or land in respect of which a rate is assessed be unknown, or if the owner of any such house, building, or land be not resident within

is assessed be unknown, or if the owner of any such house, building, or land be not resident within the limits of the place, every such bill, notice, summons, or notice of demand, shall be deemed to have been duly served, if put up on some conspicuous part of the house, building, or land in respect of which the rate is assessed.

225. No assessment, and no charge or demand of a rate or tax made under imprached if the directions of the Act are in substance complied with.

reason of any mistake in the name of any person liable to pay the rate or tax, or in the description of any property or thing liable to the rate or tax, or any mistake in the amount of assessment, provided the directions of this Act be in substance and effect complied with; and no proceedings under this Act shall, for want of form, be quashed or set aside in any court of justice.

Distress not unlawful for want of form.

Distress not unlawful for shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form in the notice, schedule, summons, notice of demand, warrant of distress, inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto, nor shall such party be deemed a trespasser at initio on account of any irregularity afterwards committed by him; but all persons aggrieved by such irregularity may recover full satisfaction for any special damage sustained by them in any court of compatent invisibility.

estisfaction for any special damage custained by them in any court of competent jurisdiction.

227. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of any rates, taxes, expenses, or charges, recoverable under the previsions of this Act, the

recoverable under the previsions of this Act, the Commissioners may sue the person liable to pay the same in any Court of competent jurisdiction. Power to make compensation out of the MuniPower to make compensation out of the Municipal Fund to any person
sustaining any damage by
reason of the exercise of any
of the powers vested in the Commissioners, their
officers or servants, under this Act.

229. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to make bye-laws, and to repeal, alter; and amend the same, subject to the confirmation hereinarter-mentioned, for regulating the time and mode of collecting the rates and takes mentioned in this Act, for regulating the conduct of persons employed by them, for the management of all matters connected with conservancy, and for carrying out all the purposes of this Act; and to affix fines as penalties for the infringement of such by-laws. Provided that no by-law shall be repugnant to any law in force, and that no fine for any one infringement of aby-law shall exceed twenty Rupées, and that in case of a continuing infringement no fine chall exceed five Rupees for every day after notice from the Commissioners of such infringement.

230. No bye-law or alteration of a bye-law shall have effect until the same shall have been approved and confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and shall have been published for such length of time and in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall order.

By-laws until repealed or altered, to be of like effect as if inserted in this Act.

By-laws until repealed have been duty confirmed and published, shall, until the same be repealed or altered, be of the like effect as if they were inserted in this Act.

232. No action shall be brought against the Commissioners, or against a punchayet, or any of their officers, until after one month's untice of cause of action.

thing done under this Act, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing shall have been delivered or left at the office of the Commissioners or affixed at some conspicuous place in the village of such punchayet, or at the place of abode of such person, explicitly stating the cause of action and the name and place of abode of the intended plaintiff; and unless such notice be proved, the court shall find for the defendant, and every such action shall be commenced within three months next after the accreal of the cause of action, and not afterwards; and if any person to whom any such notice of action is given, shall before such action is brought, tender sufficient amends to the plaintiff, such plaintiff shall not recover.

No charge to be instituted under this Act with
out consent of Commissioners.

penalties, and for the punishment of any persons
offending against the provisions of this Act, and
may order the expenses of such proceedings to be paid out of the Municipal Fund,
and no charge of an effence under this Act shall
be instituted without the order or comment of the

Commissioners, and no such charge shall be insti-tuted except within three months next after the commission of such offence. Any prosecution under this section shall be instituted before any Magistrate having jurisdiction under the provisions of Chapter XV of the Criminal Procedure Code. The procedure of the above-mentioned code shall apply to all trials of offences ander this Act.

All the proceedings of the Magistrate of 284. the district, or of a Magis-

Proceedings of Magis-trate of district and Com-missioner of division res-pectively, subject to control" of Lientenant-Governor.

provided, shall be subject to the control and revision of the Commissioner of the division; and all the proceedings of the Commissioner of the division shall be subject to the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

SCHEDULE A. (Referred to in Section 5.) ACTS REPEALED.

	Title.
***	To enable improvements to be
h+=	made in towns. To make better provision for the appointment and maintenance of police chowkeednes in cities, towns, stations, suburbs, and
	bazans in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal. To make better provision for the order and good government of the saburbs of Calcutta and of
!	The station of Howersh. For raising funds for making and recairing reads in the suburbs of Calcutta and the station of
or Inc	Howealt. For the appointment of Municipal Commissioners in towns and other places in the provinces under the control of the Licutemants-Governor of Bengal, and to make better provision for the conservancy, improvement, and watching thereof, and for the levying of rates and taxes.
5 7 m.	thereon. For the probibition of the practice of inoculation in the town and suburbs of Calcutta and in towns to which Act III of 1864 has been or shall hereafter be extended. For the better regulation of the police in towns and ununleipalities in the territories under
7 Act	the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bongel. For amending Act III of 1884. For amending the District Municipal Improvement Act. For providing for the better regulation of the police in towns under the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and for the conservancy and improvement thereof.
	7 7 7

SOMEDURE B (referred to in section 36). NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT.

personnent made for [kere describe the Municipality for which the assessment is made] upon the several coordiers of houses and other property in the said Municipality pursuant to the Bengal Municipalities Act, 1872, for the purpose of maintaining the conservancy for such Municipality and carrying out the other provisions.

Property occupied.	Names of secupan ts.	Profession or business.	Amount of quarterly assessment.
<u>_</u>			
	:		
1			

Whereas the above assessment has been duly made pursuant to the Bengal Municipalities Act, 1872, and has been revised and settled by me, the undersigned Magistrate of , the several persons whose names are included in the said assessment are hereby required to pay the quarterly instalments set opposite to their names with regularity to the Tax Collector or other person appointed by the Magistrate to receive the same, the first payment on the first day of () and every subsequent payment on or before the first day of () the first day of (), or in default thereof, any arrear that may be due will be realized by distraint and sale of the personal effects of the defaulter, or of any goods and chattels which may be found on the premises in respect of which such defaulter is assessed, and such other proceedings adopted for the recovery of the same as allowed by law.

Dated this

day of Magistrate of

Schedule C .- (Repersed to in Section 58.) Tux on Carriages, Horses, and Elephants.

		Ra.	p. quart
	For every 4-wheeled carriage on springs		
	drawn by two horses	- 4	8
	For every 4-wheeled carriage on springs		
	drawn by one horse or pony, or a pair		
	of ponies under thirteen hands	1	. 8
	For every 4-wheeled carriage without		
	_ springs		8
	For every 2-wheeled carriage on springe		4
	For every 2-wheeled carriage without		
	springs, drawn by a horse, pony, or		
	mule		12
	For every horse		4
		_	- 199
-	For every pony under thirteen hands or		
3	mule	- 0	12
	For every elephant	- 6	0
į	Ponies under eleven hande, and child	ren	e car-
1	riages the wheele of which do not exceed	d to	van i v
1		a br	ione) a
	four inches in diameter, exempt.		
1	#T1-11-0-0		

SCHEDULE D.

(Referred to in Section 70.)

Livense on Professions, Trades, and Callings.

CLASS I. Yourly, Ra Every Joint-StockCompany 100

Class II.	
whilesale Trader, and Commission Agent, and every practising Surgeon, Physician, Dentist, Architect, Civil	R s.
	
CLASS III.	
Every Broker or Duloll employed in the	

Every Broker or Duloll employed in the wholesale transfer or purchase of Imports or Exports, or in the sale of Government Securities, Shares, and Bills > 25 of Exchange, or in precuring Freight. Every Practising Licentiate of Medicine, Apothecary, and Veterinary Surgeon...

Epochecaly, and vetermary bargoon
Every keeper of a Spirit-shop, Punch-
house or Billiard-room, wholesale
Tobacco or Jute Depôt
Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding House-
keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer or
Trader, whose shop or place of business
is assessed under Section at more
' than 250 or less than 100 Rupees a
month
Every Pawn-broker, and every person
having a shop or place of business
registered under Section

CLASS IV.

Every Pleader, Mooktear, or Law Agent,

not included in Class II.

Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding and Lodging House-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer or Trader, whose shop or place
of business is kept in a brick-house, but
not included in Class II. or Class III.

Every keeper of a permanent stall at a
daily public market or in a chouk
Every Poddar or Money-changer
Every Hakeem, Koberaj, and Native
Doctor, not included in any other Class

CLASS V.

Every keeper of a shop not included in any other Class, and every Daloll not included in Class III....

Every Pedlar, Hawker, Box-wallah, and keeper of a shop at a periodical market or hat ...

CLASS VI.

All other itinerant dealers and keepers of a stalls at periodical markets or hate ...

Nora.—A person who carries on several kinds of business, and may come under more than one of the designations in this schedule, shall be chargeable only under one of such designations at the discretion of the Chairman or of the sub-committee as the onse may be, and in the case of a firm consisting of two or more persons, payment by any one of such persons shall be considered to be personn to the firm.

SCHEDULE E.

(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 91.)

Maximum rates of tolls payable on entering the municipal limits.

ļ					Ra.	Åи.	₽.
1	On every	four-whee	sięd carris	ige on			
ļ	sprin			+4+	0	В	· 0
		two-wbee			O,	'4	0
	On every	cart, hacker	y on spri	ngs, or			
ļ		drawn by					
i	bullo	eks, horses,	ponies, as	wee, or			
į		s laden	***	141	0	4	
	W	ditto			-0	2	0
ĺ		d to olahud			0	1	0
		horse laden			0	2	0
		ditto not la			0	1	0
	Ditto			ridden	0	1	0
	Ditto	elephant	ditto	4**	- 1	0	0
	Ditto	enmel	611	4+0	0	4	0

SCHEDULE F.

FORM A .- (REFEREND TO IN SECTION 104.)

Notice of Demand.

Municipality of (

25

To · of

Take notice that the sum of its. being the amount of assessment due from you to the Fund of the said Municipality is hereby demanded from you, and that if you do not, within ten days, pay the same with two annas as the cost of this notice into the office of , the same with costs will be levied by distress and sale of your goods and chattels.

rSd.)

Magistrate of

FORM B.—(REPERED TO IN SECTIONS 104 and 105.)

Table of Fees payable upon distraints under this Act
Suma distrained for Peo.

					1	Rø.	As.
	Under l	l Rupe	e	***	1-4	0	4
1	and and	ler 5 I	Rupees	***	44.6	-0-	-
5		10	12	*11	41+	1	0
10		15	11	***	***	1	8
15	21	20	33	***		2	0
20	22	25	1)	***	***	2	8
25	,,	30	17	***		8	Ĭ
30	21	86	34	414	***	8	8
35	32	40	2)	144		4	Ö.
40	79	45	29		444	4	. 8
45	13	50	23	100	1.7	4	0
50	10	60	33	***		6.	-0
60	23	- 60	12		***	7	8
80	33	100	27		101	ġ.	4
	Above	100	71	444		10	0

The above charge includes all expenses including the service of notice of demand, except white peons are kept in charge of property distrained in which case three annas must be paid daily for each man.

FORM C .- (REFREED TO IS SECTION 188)

To (here insert the name of the of with the execution of the marrent is

of Whereas has not paid or shown sufficient cause for the nonpayment of the sam of Rupees due for rates (or towes) or rates [and taxes] mentioned in the margin for the months of 18, although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said , and ten days have clapsed since the service of the notice of demand: This is to command you to distrain the property of the said to the amount Rupees and such further to the amount of the said sum of sum he may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress, and if within ten days next after such distress the said sum shall not be paid together with such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charge of taking and keeping such distress, to sell the said property, and having paid and deducted out of the proceeds of the sale the said sum of

Rupees and the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress, to return the surplus (if any) on demand to the person whom you shall find in possession of the said property. If sufficient distress cannot be found of the property of the said you are to certify the same to us together with this warrant.

(Signature of the Chairman

or Vice-Chairman.)

FORM D .- (REPERRED TO IN-Section 105.)

Form of Inventory and Notice (state particulars of goods seized).

Take notice that I have this day seized the property specified in the above inventory for the sum of Rupces due for the rates (or laxes) mentioned in the margin for the months of

18 , and that unless you pay into the office of the Municipal Commissioners of the amount due, together with the costs of this distress within ten days from the day of the date of this notice, the property will be sold.

(Signature of the officer executing

the warrant of distress.) Date

FORM E .- (REFERRED TO IN SECTION 105.) Returns of Sales.

1	3	3	4		t t	7	ь	9	10	m m
1 datriet.	Names of definalters.	Amount of delakation.	Amount cost or penalty.	threaten some did	Jale of distress.	Tate of sale,	I'mperty a ld.	Amount realized on	Parcheser's name	Balance.

SCREDULE G .- (referred to in Sections 115 and 116.)

18 . Births in the Municipality of

No.	When horn.	Nationality or caste.	Name, Cany	des.	Name of Father.	Profession of Father.	Signature, descriptions, and residence of interment.	When regis- tered,	Signature of Englisher.
								-,	
9									
							,		
				•					

SCHEDULE H.—(referred to in Sections 115 and 116.) 18 . Deaths in the Municipality of

	- 8									61 14
No.	Then died.	Nationality or caste.	Natue.	Sea.	Age.	Profession	Conse of Death.	Righadure, description, and residence of suffermant.	When regis- tered,	Rignature of Registrac.
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STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

THERE are at present four different laws, besides several amending Acts, under which municipalities in Bengal are administered. The present Bill has been framed with the view of consolidating these different enactments into a single law. Opportunity has been taken to enlarge the powers of Municipal Commissioners; to lay less municipal work and responsibility on the shoulders of Magistrates; to make Municipal Commissioners elective; and in other ways to afford more scope for municipal self-government. The Bill provides for three classes of municipalities; in two classes the governing body will be Municipal Commissioners, while the rural townships in the third class will be administered by purchayets. Municipal Commissioners will have power to adopt one or more of the ordinary forms of Indian municipal taxation, but for punchayers only one form of local taxation will be available. Municipal funds will be devoted to police and to ordinary municipal purposes; and it is proposed to permit of their expenditure on the maintenance of education and on the relief of exceptional distress. Village funds in third class Municipalities shall, it is proposed, be applicable to the payment of chowkeydars, to the maintenance of patshalas or rural schools, and to the supply of drinking water. Power is taken for Government or its officers to intervene in cases where Municipal Commissioners or a punchayet may fail to maintain sufficient police, or where elementary education may not be available at reasonable cost. Provision is made of members of municipal bodies sitting for the trial of petry offences committed within the limits of their townships

In respect of nuisances, of conservancy, of vaccination, of town markets, and such like matters, the Bill adopts the provisions of existing Municipal Acts.

C. BERNARD.

The 9th December 1871.

Henner Cowell, Asst. Socy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Legislative Dept. The following Bill as settled by the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations, is by order of the President hereby published for general information:—

A Bill to extend the borrowing powers of the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta, and to provide for the repayment of municipal debt.

Whereas it is expedient to increase the amount which the Justices are which the Justices are authorized to borrow, by way of debentures or otherwise, under the provisions of Section 9 of Act IX of 1867, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, and whereas it is expedient to provide for the repayment of mordeipal debentures and loans; It is bereby enacted as follows:—

Justices not to borrow where them to lakes.

Justices not to borrow where them to lakes.

Justices not to borrow wherever such words occur, shall be substituted the words "sum of eighty-five lakes of rupees;" and the said section 'shall be hereafter read and construed as if the words hereby directed to be substituted were inserted in place of the words for which they are kereby directed to be substituted.

Recrewing powers therester to time borrowed by the Justices by way of debenture or otherwise, exclusive of any sums now due by them to the Secretary of State for India in Council, shall amount to the said sum of eight-five lakks of rupees, the borrowing powers of the Justices shall thereupon cease and determine, save so far as they are hereinafter expressly reserved.

3. The Justices shall be bound to set aside yearly out of their annual income, before making any Retublishment of reserve disbursements in respect thereof, a sum of not less than two per cent. on the total sum borrowed by the Justices exclusive of the sum now due by them to the Secretary of State for India in Council, and shall appropriate the same, so for as it is required or will extend, to repay the amount (if any) of such loans or debentures issued by them as shall fall due in the course of the year. And they shall invest the ste pray (if any) of the said sum after repayment as aforesaid, or in case there has not been any amount due or paid in respect of such losses or debentures during the year, then they shall invest the whole of the said sum in Government securities or in any eccurities guaranteed by Government in the names of the Chairman of the Justices and the Accountant-General of the Government of Bengal, to be by them held as trustees for the purpose of Praying at due date from time to time the several beans contracted or deboutures issued by the Justices. All interest accraing due on the said securities shall also from time to time be invested by the Trustees in like manner and held upon the like trust,

Appropriation of teneres time to time, whenever any loans or debentures shall talk due by the Justices, to realize the whole or a sufficient portion of the securities held by them as aforesaid, and appropriate the sale proceeds thereof, so far as the same

will extend, to satisfy such losins or debentures. In case any balance in respect of such losins or debentures so falling due as aforesaid shall remain unsatisfied after appropriation thereto of the sale proceeds of the whole of such securities, then the Justices may, for the purpose of paying such unsatisfied balance, issue new debentures in manner as is provided by Act VI of 1863 passed by the Licutement-Governor of Bengal in Council, section 95, clause 3, or otherwise contract new loans for any sum not exceeding such amount as may be necessary for the purpose aforesaid.

year submit a statement to Account of reserve fund. The Justices showing the amount which has been invested during the year under the third section of this Act, and setting forth the date of the last investment made previous thereto, and also the aggregate amount of the securities then in their hands, and the aggregate amount which, has up to the date thereof been paid off in respect of the said debentures and loans. Such statement shall be laid before the Justices and published in the Calculla Gazelle.

6. This Act shall be read with and as part of Act VI of 1863, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, and of the said Act IX. of 1867.

Herner Cowells,

Asst Sicy, to the Gort, of Bengal,

Inglishative Department.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal-

Revenue and General Departments.

·No. 129R. Appointments

The 27th December 1871.—Baloo Kali Sunker Surma Rai to be Sub-Registrar of As-grances at Rabiguage, in the district of Sylhet, with effect from the 1st February 1872.

The 20th Herember 1871.—Moonshee Rayazndin Mahomed to be Sub-Registrar of Assurances at Chandagaon, in the district of Tipperah, with effect from the 1st February 1872.

The 6th January 1872.—Moulvie Abdool Kureor6 to be Sub-Registrar of Assurances at Phonehoogunge, in the district of Sylhet, with effect from the 1st February 1872.

The 9th January 1872.—Mr. Charles Carrie 31.

The 9th January 1872.—Mr. Charles Campbell Quinn to officiate as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade.

The 11th January 1872,—Mr. J. H. O'Donel, Deputy Superintendent of Revenue Survey, First Division. Lower Provinces, is vested with the powers of a Collector, under Regulation VII. of 1822, and Act XX. of 1848, in the districts of Nowgong, Durrung and Kamroop.

The following Officers in the Survey Department are vested with the powers of a Deputy Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1833, in the districts of Nowgong, Durrung and Kamroop:—

Mr. William Henry Patterson.

Mr. B. Carnduff to officiate as a Professor in the Patna College, during the absence, on duty, of Mr. J. K. Rogers, or until further orders. The Reverend Lai Behari De to be an Assistant Professor in the Hooghly College.

The 12th January 1872.—The appointment of Mr. John George Charles to officiate as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade will take effect from the 22nd December 1871.

Mr. William Henry Ryland, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to Howrali.

The 13th January 1872.—Mr. John Arthur Craven, Deputy Collector, Monghyr, is vested with the powers of a Collector, under Act XII. of /1871, in that district.

Baboo Bhugwan Chunder Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Brahmunberiah, is vested with the powers of a Collector, under Act X. of 1870, for the acquisition of land required for the sub-divisional buildings, and also for the Brahmunberiah road in Tipperah.

The 15th January 1872.—The following gentlemen to be members of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Moorshedabad for the management of the Nizamut School at that Station:—

Baboo Bungsheedhur Roy. Mr. J. Carey.

The 16th January 1872.—Mr. Loftus Richard Tottenham to be Magistrate and Collector of Beerbhoom.

Mr. Daniel James McNeile to be Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Howgali, but to continue to officiate as Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

Mr. George Stewart Park, Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Tipperah, to officiate as a Magistrate and Collector of the Second Grade.

Mr. Anthony Patrick MacDonnell, B.A., to officiate as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade.

The above appointments will take effect from the date on which Mr. Tottenham may take charge at Reerbhoom.

Mr. Reginald Porch, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Pirst Grade, Bancoorah, is transferred to Burdwan.

Mr. Edward Hardenstle Ruddock, B.A., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Patna, is transferred to Tirboot.

The following Officers are vested with the powers of a Collector, under Regulations VII. of 1822 and IX. of 1825, in the district of Balassore, vis.:—

Mr. Frederick Jones. Baboo Bhugwan Chunder Sen. Janokeynath Mozoomdar.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 9th January 1872.—Mr. Arthur Weekes, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and DeputyCollector, Second Grade, Purneah, is allowed the usual subsidiaryTeave, from the afternoon of the 18th justant, preparatory to proceeding Europe on furlough, embarking from Bombay.

The 18th January 1872.—Mr. William Henry Byland, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collecto, recently posted to Howrsh, for three months, under Financial Notification No. 8622, dated the 12nd December 1865.

Beadon, B.A., Officiating Private Secretary to the Lieutenant-Governor, is allowed furlough for one year, under Sections III, and IV. of the Covenanted Service Absences Rules, together with thirty days' subsidiary leave from the 1st April 1872, to enable him to embark from Bombay.

A furlough for one year, to be taken before the 1st July 1872, is assigned to Mr. Henry Roberts Madreks, Judge of Bhaugulpore.

The 16th January 1872.—Mr. William Henry Grimley, n.s., is allowed subsidiary leave for one day, in addition to the thirty days granted to him under orders of the 12th ultimo.

H. L. Dampien, Secy. to the Gort, of Bengal,

ERRATA.

The 16th January 1872.—In paragraph 2 of the Notification dated 6th January 1872, published in the Calculta Gazette of the 10th instant, page 101, for "Luskerpasha" read "Sankarpasha."

In the Notification at the top of page 102 of the same "fazette, for "8th December 1872" read "8th January 1872."

> H. L. Dampier, Secy. to the Govt. of Benyal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 16th January 1872.—It is bereby notified that under the provisions of Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII. of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to form a new sub-district in the district of Hooghly, comprising the thannahs of Hurripal and Kristonuggur with Head-Quarters at Hurripal.

This Notification shall take effect on and from

the 1st February 1872.

H. L. DAMPIER.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 3418.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

EXPENDITURE.

Administration.

RESOLUTION.

Fort William, the 80th December 1871.

The Governor General in Conneil is pleased to rule that a sanction for any charge, which has not been acted on for a year, must be held to have lapsed.

To several Departments, local Governments, Comptroller-General, Accountants-General, and Deputy Accountants-General in charge.

H. L. Dauerse, Sooy, to the Goot, of Bongal.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, in the Financial Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 825.—Fort William, the 12th January 1872.—Expenditure.—(Administration).—Resolution.—It is usual for officers, when submitting propositions for the revision of establishments, to set down the average monthly cost of a pay which rises from a minimum to a maximum, however quickly, at the mean between the minimum and the maximum.

- 2. As a matter of fact, however, the monthly average cost of a pay so fixed, unless the period of rise be very long, is much higher than this. By the present erroneous practice, officers may be led to propose, and perhaps the Government sometimes may sanction, proposals for the revision of establishments under a practical misapprehension of their actual financial effect.
- 3. It is not at present possible to show exactly what the average monthly cost of a progressive pay is. No doubt it varies under varying circumstances; and under all circumstances it depends largely upon the length of the period of rise.
- 4. The Governor-General in Council is, however, convinced that the average monthly cost of a pay, which rises by five equal annual increments from a minimum to a maximum, is, at least, the minimum plus two-thirds, and, in the case of ministerial establishments, three-fourths, of the difference between the minimum and the maximum.
- 5. His Excellency in Council is accordingly pleased to direct that, for the present, the average monthly cost of such pay shall be calculated in this way.

 Examples—

The average monthly cost of the pay of an officer in the classified list in the Financial Department, which rises from Rs. 400 a month by five annual increments of Rs. 40 to Rs. 603, a month, is Rs. 400 + 3rds of Rs. 200=(Rs. 134)=Rs. 534.

The average monthly cost of the pay of a clerk rising from Rs. 100 a month by five equal annual increments of Rs. 10 to Rs. 150 a month is Rs. 100+4ths of Rs. 50= (Rs. 87-8)=88, 137-8.

- 6. If the period of rise is 20 years, the average monthly cost may be taken at the exact mean.
 - 7. In other cases an intelligent estimate may be made.

ORDERED, that this Resolution be published in the Gazette of India, and communicated to the Departments of the Government of India, to the local Governments, to the Honds of Departments, and to the Officers of Account and Audit for information and guidance.

LEAVE AND ALLOWANCES.

The 30th December 1871.

The following Notification is to be substituted for the notification under the same number and date, published in the Gazette of India of 6th January last, page 16:-

No. 3463.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the substitution of the following rule for Rules 1 and 2 under Section XIX, Covenanted Civil Service Leave Code:

Before privilege leave can be granted to an officer, he must record a declaration that he has no intention of retiring or of taking furlough, special leave, or leave on medical certificate, within three months of his return to duty. Though not absolutely deharred by this declaration from applying to retire or to take such leave, he will be expected, if he does so, to explain fully his change of intention.

This rule applies generally.

No. 179.—The 11/h January 1872.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the inertion of the following scattenee at the end of Rule 8, under Section XIX of the Covenanted Civil Service Leave Code:—When an officer, who is officiating for an absentee on privilege leave, has, in the opinion of the local Government, sufficient reason for refusing the residence placed at his disposal by the absentee, the house rent attached to the appointment officiated in shall be drawn by the officiating officer and not by the absentee.

No. 817.—The 12th January 1872 —The Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the insertion of the following rule as No. 8 (b) under Section I of the Covenanted Civil Service Leave Code:—

If a Covenanted Civil Servant on his first served in India is unable through bad health to proceed to the seat of the Government to which he is attached, or to any other station to which he may have been ordered, the local Government in whose jurisdiction he is, may, on modical certificate, grant to him subsistances plantages of Rs. 260 a month for not incre than sweet months. Time thus spent is not recknowled a actual service.

No. 239.

NOTIFICATION.

PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES.

Fort William, the 10th January 1872.

In supersession of all existing rules and orders regarding pensionary allowances to public servants in the Civil Department, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following Civil Pension Code. This Code makes no changes in the existing rules, save that the procedure on application for pension is amended.

2. Orders which apply only to particular individuals named in them are

not included in the Code, and will remain in force apart from it.

3. Otherwise the claims of persons now in the civil service of the Govern-

ment will be determined only by the rules in this Code.

4. In accordance with the principle laid down in Section 5 of the Code, the claims of persons who have already left the service of Government must be determined by the rules which were in force at the time they left it. The rules in the Code do not, necessarily, apply to them.

5. Particular attention is requested to the rules in Chapter XIV. The procedure therein ordered should be introduced as soon as possible; but pending

applications need not be revised in conformity therewith.

6. Local Governments and Heads of Departments will take steps to in-

troduce the system set forth in Section 69.

7. Future rulings regarding pensions will be made in the form of corrections and additions to this Code; and quotations should be made in the following form, "Civ. Pen. Code, 63, 2," the first number referring to the Section, the second to the rule under it.

THE CIVIL PENSION CODE.

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THE CIVIL PENSION CODE.

CHAPTER I.

DEFINITIONS.

Interpretation Clause.

- Section 1.—In the following Rules, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—
- (a).—"Local Government" includes a Department of the Government of India, a Chief Commissioner and the Resident at Hyderabad.
- (b).—" Accountant General" means the Account and Audit Officer concerned, whatever be his official designation.
- (c).—"Qualify" and "count" mean "qualify" and "count" for pension and gratuity in accordance with this Code,
- (d).—When pensions or gratuities are said to be chargeable to more than one source, according to the "rule of proportions," it is meant that the charge should be debited to the several sources in the proportion in which the aggregate salary drawn by the officer during the whole of his qualifying service has been paid from them.
 - (c).—"Pay" means "substantive pay." "Salary" means the sum of "pay" and "acting allowance."
 - (/).—"A Local Allowance" is an allowance, not specially declared to be "pay" or "salary," given to an officer in addition to the regular pay or salary of his appointment, either for duties which do not properly belong to his appointment, or in consideration of exceptional local circumstances (such as the unhealthiness or expensiveness of the locality, or the peculiarly arduous nature of the work).
 - (g).—"General Revenues," for the present, include both Imperial and Provincial.
 - (4).—"Local Fund."—When revenue derived from special sources is devoted to specified objects, and not to the general purposes of the administration, whether Imperial or Provincial, the revenue so devoted forms a "Local Fund."

CHAPTER II.

EXTENT OF APPLICATION.

Application be the Code.

- Section 2.—The rules in this Code and its Supplements apply to all public servants, except the following, who are under Military Rules:
 - (a).—Officers and men in the Army or in the Navy (including Covenanted Medical Officers).
 - (b) .- The Subordinate Medical Department.
- Section 3.—The general provisions of the Code do not apply to the under-mentioned officers, whose pensions are regulated as to amount by the special rules contained in the Supplements:
 - (a) .- Covenanted Civil Servants of the Crown in India.
 - (b) .- Judges of the High Courts of Judicature.
 - (a) .- Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains.
 - (d) .- Members of the Pilot Service in Bengal.
- 1. The rules in Chapter VII of the Code, however, apply to Covenanted Civil Servants of the Crown in India.

Option of said Bodes

Section 4.—The following officers are allowed an option (which can be exercised once only) between the rules embodied in the

present Code (which, for the most part, came into force on the 8th June 1863) and the rules which previously applied to them:

- (a).—Covenanted Civil Engineers of the Public Works Department and civil officers of the Telegraph Department, whose covenants are dated before the 8th June 1863, may elect between the rules in this Code and the rules which were in force when they executed their covenants, and which are set forth in Appendix 🖶
 - Provided that if they elect the latter, they must abide also by the Leave Rules which were in force before the 8th June 1863.
- (b).—Marine Engineers in Bengal and Bombay, engaged under covenant in England, before the abolition of the Indian Navy, may elect to serve under the rules in this Code and the Leave Rules which were promulgated with them on the 8th June 1863, or under the terms of their

CHAPTER III.

GENERAL PRINCIPLES AND GENERAL EXCEPTIONS.

Section 5.—An officer's claim to pension or gratuity is governed by the rules in force at the time when he resigns or is discharged, from the service of Government. No officer has any claim to a benefit granted after his resignation or discharge.

Section 6.—Service which qualifies for pension under Military service under Military Rules does not qualify for pension under this Code. An officer who is counting service for military pension cannot, simultaneously, count service for civil pension.

Examples .- An officer who has served in the Indian Navy, if he afterwards enters civil employ, cannot count his naval service. A non-commissioned officer or private soldier, employed in the Civil Department, cannot begin to count his service for civil pension until he takes his discharge from the Army.

Exceptions .- 1. A Hospital Assistant or Native Doctor, if promoted to be exceptions. Sub-Assistant Surgeon, counts service from the date on which he passed his examination as Hospital Assistant.

- 2. Those inspectors in the Telegraph Department who came from England as artificers in 1853, and did not take their discharge from the Army till about 1863, count their departmental service.
- In the Public Works Department, Warrant officers in the grades of Conductor and Sub-conductor, and non-commissioned officers, are obliged, when promoted to the Engineer establishment, to take their discharge, and their whole departmental service then qualifies.

Section 7 .- An officer cannot earn two pensions at the same time cannot or by the same continuous service.

Section 8 .- Pension and gratuity are not earned by a person recommendation and whose whole time is not given up to the regular service of Government, merely because he is paid by Government for work done for it.

Examples.-This rule applies in the following cases:

Advocate General.

Bolicitor to Government.

Government Pleaders and Law Professors, when not debarred from private

Sheriffs and Deputy Sheriffs in Presidency Towns.

Coroners.

Roman Catholic priests.

Church clerks and other church servants.

1. Service as Deputy Sheriff of Bombay qualifies under an order of the Financial Department No. 10300, dated the 26th February 1867. This order was withdrawn on the 11th December 1871. But officers who held the appointment hadren these dates count the whole of their service in it.

Section 9.—On the same principle, public servants earn no pension or gratuity in respect of offices of the kind mentioned in the last Section, or in respect of duties paid for by a "local allowance."

Service under covenant

Section 10.—Service under a covenant which contains no stipulation regarding pension or gratuity does not qualify, unless the Government of India specially permits it to qualify.

Service for a time only

Section 11.—An officer who is appointed for a limited time only, or for a specified duty on the completion of which he is to be discharged, has no claim to pension or gratuity.

Service under twenty-

Section 12.—Except for compensation gratuity, and for pension or gratuity on the inferior scale, service before completion of twenty-two years of age, or as an apprentice, does not qualify.

CHAPTER IV.

QUALIFYING SERVICE.

FIRST CONDITION.—SERVICE UNDER GOVERNMENT.

Berrice under Govern-

Section 13.—Service qualifies only if it is entirely under Government, i. e., if the officer is appointed, and his duties and pay are regulated, by the Government or under conditions determined by the Government.

The following are examples of servants excluded from pension by this rule:

 A marine officer paid by fees fixed by the Board of Trade.

Officer under Baned of Trade. Municipalities.

Servants of a Municipality.

Grant-in-aid Schools and Institutions. Servants of grant-in-aid schools and institutions (c. g., the Asiatic Society and the Canning College in Lakhnow).

Treasurors' Subordinates.

Subordinates appointed by treasurers on their own responsibility, e. g., tahvildars in the North-Western Provinces, and fotadars (moneytesters) in Bengal.

Grantin-aid Schneis: Exception.

2. The educational authorities in Bengal having induced certain teachers of Government institutious to accept service in grant-in-aid schools, by declaring a rule regarding Bombay schools (Section 26, case c) to be applicable to their case, were directed, in December 1863, to offer re-employment in Government schools to the officers referred to: and those who accepted such re-employment reckon their service (not exceeding three years) in grant-in-aid schools as service under Government.

Contre : smablishment.

Section 14.—Service on an establishment paid from an establishment allowance made to the head of the office, with the detailed distribution of which the Government does not interfere, does not qualify. The establishment allowance may be fixed in amount, or may consist of fees received by the head of the office.

Registration Offices.

1. The maximum establishment allowance for Registration Offices in Bengal is not an establishment allowance within the meaning of the Section, because the Registrar General or Inspector General of Registration, under the orders of Government, regulates its distribution, and any balance unspent is saved to Government.

Allahabad Pay Office.

2. Service in the Allahabad Pension Pay Office, which was formerly paid from an establishment allowance, qualifies in the case of the Native Clerks retained in it when it became a regular establishment.

Service paid from Darber and Bempinery Allowances,

Section 15.—Service on an establishment paid from the household allowance of the Viceroy, or of any Governor or Lieutenant-Governor, does not qualify.

Service under employers mipplested by dovern-

Section 16.—In the following cases, service under an employer to whose position Government has succeeded qualifies:

Ветик меф Муноси,

(a).—Service in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and in Mysore, in the case of officers transferred to the Government of India when it undertook the administration of those provinces.

- (b).—Service rendered to Native State and continued to the British Go- service value Native verticent on the lapse or annexation of the State, when old age or infirmity renders the servant a fit object for pension. But claims to pension under this rule must be referred to the Government of India.
- (c).—Service in superior grades in taluquari schools in Oudh, which were rated an action of the Educational Department institutions on the organisation of the Educational Department in that Province.
- (d).—Service on the establishments of the Military and Medical Funds, in Military Funds. the case of the officers who were on the establishments when the Funds were taken over by Government.
- (c) .- Service was guaranteed to the soldiers of the Sikh Government who, on saddon of Elikh Darbar.
 annexation, entered the British service in the following Regiments:

Subhan Khan's Regiment (or 1st Panjah Police Battalion), Sher Dil Regiment (or 2nd Panjah Police Battalion), Kallar Mukhi Regiment (or 3rd Panjah Police Battalion), Suraj Mukhi Regiment (or 4th Panjah Police Battalion),* The 3rd Panjah Light Field Batteries, The 4th or Garrison Company of Artillery, Two companies of Panjah Sappers.

In accordance with the guarantee, those of them who, on the 28th October 1861, were in employment in any department, are entitled to receive pension for their service under the Sikh Darbar, and for that under the British Government, under the rules for invalid pensions to soldiers in local or irregular corps.

CHAPTER V.

QUALIFYING SERVICE.

SECOND CONDITION .- PERMANENT AND SUBSTANTIVE EMPLOY.

Section 17.—Service qualifies only if the officer holds a substant Bervice permanent and tive appointment on a permanent establishment.

- 1. Service in an appointment which, though at first created experimentally or Explanation. temporarily, eventually becomes permanent, qualifies. But this rule does not apply to the case of an officer who is entertained temporarily in one appointment and is afterwards transferred to another substantive appointment.
- 2. An officer officiating in an appointment which is vacant, or of which the permanent incumbent does not draw any part of the pay, may, if he is confirmed without break of continuity, count service as if he had held the appointment substantively.
- 3. An officer, who holds a substantive appointment and draws substantive pay as a "probationer," holds a substantive appointment within the meaning of the Section. So does an officer who is on probation for substantive appointment, if he is employed in a vacancy reserved for him pending probation.

Section 18.—If an officer of a permanent establishment is remained were to detached on temporary duty, on the understanding that, when the temporary duty ceases, he will return to the permanent establishment, he continues to count service as if he had remained on the permanent establishment.

Examples.—A Deputy Collector deputed to assess or collect the Income Tax.

A Muharrir detached on settlement duty.

Section 19.—If the substantive appointment of an officer is abolished within the meaning of Section 47, but the officer is, at the same time, deputed by Government on special duty, his service continues to qualify.

1.—The speciality of the duty is the essential point in this case, and mere employment, in continuation of permanent employment, in a temporary appointment which happens at the time to be vacant, is not within the rule.

Section-Writers.

- Section 20.—Section-writers in Bengal, the North-West, and Madras, and press servants in Madras who are paid for piece-work, are reckoned members of a permanent establishment, if—
 - (1) they are employed, not casually, but as part of a fixed establishment; and
 - (2) during the last 72 months of their actual employment they have been attached to one office uninterruptedly for 24 months, or it has not been through their own choice or misconduct that they have not been so attached.

Esceptions to the Gensral Rule. Section 21.—In the following cases temporary service qualifies:

Medical charge of Go-

(a).—A surgeon, or duly qualified practitioner, in charge of a Government vessel may count that service if he is transferred from it to the uncovenanted medical service.

"Works" establishments, Public Works Depart(b).—Claims by officers of the Public Works Department whose pay was charged to "Works," before the issue of the Public Works Department Circular No. 6 of 1862, but whose employment was really of a permanent character, will, if the sanction to their entertainment was regular, be specially considered by the Government of India.

Custome Service, Cal-

(c).—If the Collector of Customs in Calcutta, in transferring an officer from the Extra or Contingent List of the Calcutta Customs Preventive Service, declares that the transfer is made on the ground of good service rendered, the service on the Extra or Contingent List qualifies.

Settlement and Burvey Departments

Section 22.—(a.)—Service in the Settlement and Survey Departments named beneath, which are on a quasi-permanent footing, qualifies:

The Settlement Departments in Madras, N. W. Provinces, Oudh and the Panjab.

The Revenue Survey Departments in Bengal, Madras and Bombay.

The establishments of the Inam Commissioners of Madras and Bombay.

The Alienation Settlement Department in Bombay.

- 1.—This rule does not apply to officers engaged on the understanding that their appointments are only temporary, or that they will be liable to discharge after a short period of service.
- (b.)—In other provinces (and in the above-named provinces also, apart from the regular departments), settlement and survey work is temporary work, and those engaged in it do not earn pension. But service in the Settlement Department, in any province, and also service in the Malabar Escheat Establishment, Madras, qualifies if it is followed without a break by qualifying service.
- 1.—Deputy Collectors and similar gazetted officers, when not specially employed for temporary work, are not affected by this rule, as they count service independently of the particular department to which they happen for the time to be attached.

CHAPTER VI.

QUALIFYING SERVICE.

THIRD CONDITION .- SOURCE OF REMUNERATION.

Section 23 .- Service which satisfies the conditions laid down in *position of *courses. CHAPTERS IV and V qualifies or does not qualify according to the source from which it is paid.

Service is paid in the following ways:—

- A.—From General Revenues.
- B.—From Local Funds.
- C .- From funds in respect of which the Government holds the position only of a trustee.
- D .- By fees levied by law, or under the authority of the Government.
- E.—By commission.
- F.—By the possession, in accordance with law or custom, of a tenure in land, or of any other source of income, or right to collect money.
- 1. Officers on establishments of Political Agencies are exempted from this routed Agencies. condition. But when their salaries are paid by Native States, they must pay to the Government of India a deduction of 12 per cent. in the case of superior servants, and 64 per cent. (one anna in the Rupce) in the case of inferior servants.

This condition should be introduced gradually, whenever existing arrangements are revised. Officers of the Rewah Political Agency already pay 6 per cent.

Section 24.—If the service is paid from the General Revenues, it Pate from Revenues. qualifies.

Section 25.—The revenues of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts and of Mysore are part of the General Revenues within the meaning of the last Section; provided that pensions and gratuities for service wholly or partly paid from those revenues, shall be charged against those revenues wholly, or according to the rule of proportions, as the case may be.

1. The same rule applies in the following cases:

- (a) .- Mamlatdars and Karkuns on establishments paid from the revenues of the Peint States.
- (b).—Government servants in superior grades transferred to service under the Municipality of Malcohn Peith which is under Government

Section 26 .- When contributions are made by Railway Com- General Berrouses to panies, or from Local Funds, or special sources, towards the cost of "ources. appointments and establishments which are maintained directly from the General Revenues, the numbers and pay being fixed by the Government of India, the establishments are treated as paid from the General Revenues.

The following cases fall under this rule:

- (a).—The Shipping Master, Deputy Shipping Master, and their establishments, thipping Master at Bombay, and the Deputy Shipping Master in Calcutta, the expense of which appointments is provided for by shipping fees.
- (b).—The establishment of the Hooghly College and Collegiate School, and Hooghly and also that of the Elphinstone College and High School, the costs of stone Colleges which are recovered from private endowments.
- (c).—Masters and Assistant Masters in schools established in Bombay on the Bombay Cohools on old system (converse to the grant-in-aid system), whose pay was met in part by local contributions. The pension in this case is reckened only on the share of salary paid by Government.

Boher Moboul.

(d).—The establishment of the Sebor (Central India) School, the expense of which is reimbursed in part from local subscriptions.

Customs Setablishments, Rombey. (e).—The following customs establishments in Bombay, the cost of which (including, in the case of some of them, six per cent. additional to cover cost of pension) is reimbursed by private companies:

	Name of Establishment.	Monthly	e Co	ĸì.	Name of Company reimborning to Government,
			-		
* 1,	Jameetjee Bandar Custom House	1,611	rl	e.	Mesers, Remington and Company.
2.	Hydraulic Press	230	N	0	Mr. Ardasegr Cowasjer Modes,
3,	Victorin land and Pross	321	H	13	Messrs, Remingrou and Company,
4.	P. & O. Company's Dockyard of Mazingina	153	8	ij	P. and O. Campany.
Б.	Arthur Bundar Custom House	411	Ŋ	ΕÌ	London Asiatic and American Company.
6.	Press Land and Pier Company's Bandar	178	В	G.	Meson, Ser Charles Poeless and Company.
2.	Arthur Bandar Fort Press Computer	59	17	ø	Messra Swart, Lathern and Company.
h.	Imperial Cotton Press	13a	ń	(1	Nursee Keskowjee and Company,
19.	Akhar Cotton Press Company	136	r)	42	Mesors, Ewart, Lathem and Company.
10.	Arthur Baighir Coptom House	5 9	II	ij	Harmanijee Duddday Doobash.
11.	Powder Works Double of the Makagon Land Reclamation Company	28:	h	0	Mesors, Bitche, Stewart and Company.
12,	Memes, W. Nicol and Company's Dockward, Starsagon	2%	n	u	Mosers, W. Nied and Company, Agents of the British Indea Steam Navigation Company.

Juli Writers, Bombay.

(f).—Second writers in jail establishments in the Boml ay Presidency, sanctioned by Financial Department Order No. 523, dated 4th June 1867.

book-keeper, High Court,

(g).—The book-keeper of the High–Court at Bombay whose pay is provided for by a three per cent, commission on invested funds.

 \mathbf{R}

Paid from local funds.

Section 27.—Except as provided in the Sections immediately following, service paid from Local Funds does not qualify.

Detectional power of Government,

Section 28.—In the case of Local Funds which satisfy the two conditions following:

- that their income is derived from taxation, or other permanent source, and not from charitable donations, or voluntary subscriptions;
- (2) that the source of their income is under the control of Government;

the Local Government may, at its discretion, treat the service as qualifying.

Raplanetion.

- 1. Taxes imposed by Municipalities are not under the control of Government, so that service under a Municipality cannot qualify for pension from Government. But there are, in the Bombay Presidency, some Local Funds administered by Municipalities, the source of whose income is under the control, not of the Municipalities, but of Government; for it is not in the power of the Municipalities to abolish them or reduce their income. In these cases, if the first condition is fulfilled, the Local Fund would be within the rule.
- 2. In the case of officers of establishments paid from Port Funds, managed by Government, and not by trustees, the rule in this Section applies absolutely.

Pension charged against

Section 29.—Pension or gratuity for service under Local Fund is paid from the Local Fund.

Mind service.

1. When part of the service of an officer to whom such pension is conceded has been paid from the General Revenues and part from Local Funds, the pension is paid from these sources according to the rule of proportions. The Local Fund service may not be neglected, and a pension awarded solely for the service paid from General Revenues.

Pention Pand.

2. The Government does not guarantee the solvency of funds (such as the local educational pension fund, Hombay) formed by the subscriptions of Local Fund servants and established to provide pensions for them. (See Appendix C. Extract 1),

Section 30.—In the following cases, service paid from Local Recognition to General Funds qualifies for pension or gratuity from the State:

- (a).—Government servants transferred to establishments under the Cotton cotton Francis State.

 Francis Act, Bombay, before the receipt of the Secretary of State's despatch to the Government of India, No. 302, dated 16th December 1864, which directed their early re-transfer to the regular service.
- (b).—Servants of the Lithographic Press, Calentta, transferred with it to the Libourghic Press, Alipore Jail in January 1860, and afterwards paid from the convict Calenta.
- (c).—Members of the regular Public Works Establishments, employed on local Public Works Engineer funds works, under the authority of Government. From the date of publication of this Code, this permission is restricted to Engineer Officers

C.

Section 31.—Service paid from funds which Government holds Paid from Trust Pants. only as a trustee does not qualify.

Examples.—Courts of Wards. Attached estates. See Chapter VII.

D. & E.

- Section 32.—(a).—Service in an office paid only by fees levied Paid by Paid on Comby law or under the authority of Government, or by a commission, does not qualify.
- (b).—Service in an office paid by fees or by commission in addition to salary from the General Revenues qualifies.
- 1. Service as Administrator General, or as Official Assignee, does not qualify, Administrator General, even though (as in Madras and Bombay) the income from fees or commission is supplemented from the General Revenues.
- 2. Nazirs on the establishments of Civil or Revenue Courts, who were paid nazis paid by feet, wholly or partly by fees, are entitled to pension, unless the establishment on which they served is excluded by Section 14.
 - 3. Service as a Theogyee (local collector of revenue) in Burmah, qualifies. Theogrees.

F.

Section 33.—Service paid by the possession, in accordance with Pald by a terms in law or custom, of a tenure in land, or of any other source of income, or right to collect money, does not qualify.

1. An officiating hereditary district officer in Kaira appointed under Act XI Kein hereditary officer of 1845, if transferred to qualifying service, counts his previous service.

CHAPTER VII.

OFFICERS LENT TO NATIVE STATES, MUNICIPALITIES, &c.

[Nors.—The rules in this Chapter apply also to Covenanted Civil Servants, and to Military officers in Civil employ. See Appendix C. Extract 2.]

Section 34.—The following rules provide for the case of officers transferred, on or after the 14th October 1871, from qualifying service under Government to service under Native States, Municipalities, or other bodies financially independent of the Government of India. Provided that the transfer is made, under the general or special sanction of the Government of India, on public or political grounds, and not only in the interest of the officer transferred.

Transfers to service paid from Local Funds and not admitted under Section 28, and mere temporary transfers to service paid from Local Funds under which service is so admitted, are within the meaning of this Section.

Examples.—The following are examples of "bodies financially independent of the Government of India."

Port Trusts. Courts of Wards.

Rote as to transfere before 16th October 1871.

[Norg.—Before 14th October 1871, the date of the promulgation of the rules in this Chapter, service under Native States, Municipalities, or other bodies financially independent of the Government of India, did not ordinarily qualify, as it did not satisfy the first and third conditions of qualifying service. Unless specially exempted, or unless their case fell within one of the special rules stated beneath, officers, not being Covenanted Civil Servants, or officers of the Army, who accepted such service, ceased to have any claim on the Government of India in respect of pensions. The rules in this Chapter do not affect the position of these officers, and they must abide by the conditions under which they left the regular service. In the same way officers who may transfer their services in future will have no claim unless the transfer is such as is provided for in these rules.

Special rules in force before the 14th October 1871.

1. Officers transferred by competent authority to service under Native States, for a purpose in which the Government is interested, count their service, as if it were under the Government of India.

The following cases are within this rule:-

- (a).—Teachers transferred to the service of the Chamba State. In this case the pension is paid by the Government of India and the Raja of Chamba according to the rule of proportions.
- (b).—Officers transferred to service in the Kolapúr school; the pension being chargeable according to the rule of proportions to the Government of India, and to a fund formed by a contribution proportional to salary paid by the Chief of Kolapúr.
- (c).—Officers transferred under the authority of the Government of the Panjab to service under the Bhawalpur State. In this case the charge for the pension will be shared by the Bhawalpur State according to the rule of proportions.
- (d).—Assistant Opium Agents in independent Native States, whose pay is found by the Native States. In this case the pension is also paid by the Native States.
- Subordinates in the Revenue Survey, temporarily lent to Municipalities
 for duty which, though paid for by them, also promotes imperial interests, count their service as if it were under Government.
- Medical Officers lent to charitable dispensaries or hospitals, count their service as if it were under Government.
- 4. Officers transferred on or after 23rd April 1863 by the authority of Government, or their official superiors, from qualifying service under Government, to service of the following descriptions, count their service as if it were paid from the general revenues:

Service under the Courts of Words.

Service in Jágír States in Bombay.

Service under the Tahuqdari Settlement Officer in Bombay,

Provided that six per cent. of the salary be contributed to the Government of India, either by the officer himself, or from the funds whence the salary is paid. This provise has effect from the 9th November 1870 in the case of service under the Courts of Wards, and from the 6th July 1871 in the case of service in Jágir States or under the Taluqdari Settlement Officer.]

Ominibution required

Section 35.—(a).—From every officer transferred in the manner specified in the last Section, who does not wholly resign the service of Government, or who is not, for special and public reasons, exempted from the operation of the rules in this Chapter,

contribution shall

be levied of one-fifth of the salary which he receives from his employers; that is, he will receive from his employers pay and acting allowance fixed in accordance with the rules of the Government service, for the appointment which he holds or in which he officiates, and retaining four-fifths, will pay one fifth to the Government of India.

- (b).—In return for this contribution the Government accepts the charge for his pension or gratuity, and also that for his absentee allowances (except in the case of privilege leave, regarding which no arrangement can be made, and during which the contribution must be paid in the same manner as if the officer were on duty), in the same manner and to the same extent as if he were in the regular service of Government; save only that the calculation of pension, gratuity or absentee allowance is based only upon the four-fifths which he retains, instead of upon the full amount which he receives, of pay or salary.
- 1. With the special permission of the Government of India in the Financial Department, officers may make the contribution prescribed in this Section in respect of a part only, not being less than two-thirds, of their salary; provided that the pension, gratuity or absentee allowance will be calculated only upon four-fifths of the amount in respect of which the contribution is paid.
- A Native officer may resign all claims to allowance during leave, other than privilege leave, and in such case the contribution required is 12 per cent. instead of one-fifth.
- In the case of inferior servants to whom the leave rules do not apply,
 the contribution required is one anna in the rupee.
- 4. If the salary of the officers is disbursed at a Government treasury, the required contribution will be deducted at time of payment; otherwise the officers themselves must pay the amount directly to the British Government in such manuer as may be arranged.
- 5. An officer whose services are lent or transferred, is not permitted to withhold the contribution upon condition that the time of his service so lent or transferred will not count for pension or for leave. He must either wholly resign the service of Government, or, unless he is specially exempted, make the contribution required by these rules.
- 6. The deduction made under this Section from the salary of a Covenanted Civil Servant includes the deduction on account of Annuity Fund. The portion which is to be considered as Annuity Fund deduction is equal to one-twenty-fourth part of the salary remaining to the officer after the whole deduction; and until the Annuity Funds of the Madras and Bombay Civil Service are abolished, this portion of the deduction made from a subscriber to either of these funds, should be credited to the fund to which he subscribes.
- 7. No officer has any right of property in his contributions, or any claim upon Government in respect of them except to receive such pension, gratuity, or absentee allowance, as may become admissible to him in accordance with the rules of the Government service.

Section 36.—The rules in the last Section do not apply to the Excepted of following cases:—

(a).—Teachers transferred to the service of the Chamba State. In this case the pension is paid by the Government of India and the Raja of Chamba according to the rule of proportions.

Teachers in Chamba-

(6).—Officers transferred to service in Kolapúr school. In this case the pension is charged, according to the rule of proportions, to the Government of India and to a fund formed by a contribution proportional to sulary paid by the Chief of Kolapúr.

Kompur Sehool

(c).—Assistant Opium Agents in independent Native States, whose pay is found by the Native States. In this case the pension is also paid by the Native States.

Assistant Opium Aponta

(d).—Medical officers lent to charitable dispensaries or hospitals. These count carries mervice as if it were under Government.

(c).—Officers lent to Her Majesty's Government in England or to any colonial Government. These cases are left for special treatment as they arise.

CHAPTER VIII.

SUPERIOR AND INVERIOR SERVICE.

Section 37.—Qualifying service is divided into superior and inferior.

[Note,—The terms " superior" and "inferior" will henceforth take the place of " eligible" and "ineligible" heretofore used.]

Interior atraces

- Section 38.—Service on pay not exceeding ten Government rupees, and service in the following capacities, is classed as inferior:—
 - (a).—Messengers, orderlies, and peons.
 - (b).—Boatmen and seamen.
 - (c).—Artificers, (except as specified in Rule 1 under Section 39), bandicraftsmen, and laborers.
 - (d).—Inferior and menial servants of all sorts.
 - * 1. The following have been held to be included in these designations:—
 - (a).—Priests and other officers employed to administer ouths, jamadars, sirkars, turnkeys, chaudharies of bazars.
 - (b).—Maistries in the Public Works Department, distributors and pressmen in printing and lithographing establishments.
 - [c].—Fotadors (money-testers), weighmen in mints (except the Head-weighman), shroffs, daftaries, and muchies.
- Tallaties (village accountants) in Bombay are, by the terms of their appointment, classed with inferior servants.

Superior service.

- Section 39.—Service in capacities other than those indicated in Section 38, is superior service, except where any class of servants have been graded as inferior by the rule or practice of the Local Government.
- 1. The following also are classed as superior if their pay exceeds 10 Government Rupees:—

High these artificers.

- (a),—Cutiers in the Medical Department.
- (b).—Artificers, Assistant Artificers, an. Mounted Artificers in the Telegraph Department.
- (c).--Mint Artificers, if their occupation is injurious to health.
- [Note.—For Dockyard and Military Artificers there is no rule; but the Government of India, in the case of deserving men of long service, recommends the Secretary of State to award special pensions.]

Gonpowder Factory, Hadran. (d).—Workmen employed in the Gunpowder Manufactory of Madras, before the 28th January 1871, when they become permanently disabled by sickness or old age. These are admitted even if their pay does not exceed Rs. 10.

INvers.

- (e) .- Divers (in consideration of the dangerous nature of their employment).
- (f).—Vaccinators in the Bomboy and Madras Presidencies (including in the Madras Presidency those whose pay is Rs. 10); and in other Presidencies where the vaccine establishment has been re-organised in accordance with Financial Department Order No. 4646, dated 23rd September 1863, those retained after the re-organisation.

Book-binders.

(g).—Book-binders (i. c., those whose professional occupation is book-binding, and who are not more daftaries).

Shra**ti**a

(4).—Shroffs in Madras who were in the service on 22nd May 1856, and Shroffs in Bombay, who were really clerks, and whose designation was, under the order of the Court of Directors, No. 1, dated 22nd October 1858, changed into Karkuns.

Bener Kobsala.

- (k).—Kotwals of bazars.
- [Norn.—On 14th December 1869 the following was declared to be the establishment of Kotwals of bazars in Bombay, and the officers who, on that date, filled those posts, may be classed with superior servants retrospectively in respect of service as Kotwal or as Chaudhary of any of the bazars enumerated:—
 - Poons (two), Belgaum, Deess, Mhow, Nasirabad, Aden, Malliquum, Assirghar, Neemuch, Ahmadabad, Ahmadasgar, Sholspore, Hyderabad, Jacobabad.]

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- (I) .-- Commissariat Inspectors, Hospital Perveyors and Violandling Gomashtas, commissariat,
- (m).—Vakils attached to the Barr Infautry (Mysore).

Virkit

- (a).—Workmen employed in printing establishments, except those whose work reason establishments, is purely mechanical, such as distributors and pressmen.
- (a).—Section-writers and press servants admitted under Section 20, in those section-writers, months only in which their carnings exceed Rs. 10.
- 2. If an officer holds two or more offices, each of which is inferior by reason of the pay not exceeding Rs. 10, he cannot count service as superior on the ground that the aggregate pay exceeds Rs. 10, unless the offices were arranged, and their pay determined with the intention that they should be held by one individual.
- Section 40 (a).—When the regular duties of an officer who bears monatories an inferior designation are really such as are ordinarily performed by a superior officer, his claim to pension or gratuity should be specially referred to the Government of India.
- (b).—On the other hand a person whose real duties are those of an inferior officer, is not entitled to pension or gratuity on the superior, scale, merely because he draws pay under a superior designation.

Example.-A lithographic pressman charged for as a copying elerk.

- 1. In consideration of the low scale of pay prevailing in Mysore during the Native Administration, the Chief Commissioner may allow service, even on pay not exceeding Its, 10, in offices which must have been filled by educated men, to reckon as superior service. (See Section 66, Rule 1).
- 2. A class of servants in the North-Western Provinces who were called "fotas Fotadars," but whose duties were really those of accountants, have been declared superior servants, under clause (a) of this Section.

CHAPTER IX.

PERCORS OF LEAVE AND SUSPENSION.

- Section 41.—Periods of absence on other than privilege or pre-sections, paratory leave are not reckoned as superior service. Leave preparatory to leave on medical certificate is not reckoned as service in the case of an officer who has twice before had leave on medical certificate beyond India.
- 1. This rule applies to leave on medical certificate taken before 1850. Such two before uses a leave was reckoned as service under the old rules, but is not reckoned under the new rules, the pursois of service required by which are generally shorter.
- 2. Leave during recess on half pay, granted to Native Surveyors in the Reve. Exception. nue Survey Department in Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, and the Panjab, being allowed for public reasons, is reckoned as service.
- Section 42.—In the case of inferior service, authorised leave have noted in reckoned as service.
- 1. Leave not materially exceeding in amount that admissible under the Unpoweranted Service Leave Rules may, if granted by a competent authority, be considered "authorised."
- Section 43.—The time passed under suspension pending enquiry suspension is adthe reckoned as service in ease of reinstatement. If suspension is adlanged as a specific penalty, the time is disallowed.
- If an officer who has been suspended pending enquiry into his conduct is remained, but with forfeiture of any part of his allowances for the period of sus ferilinon, this period is not reckoned as service. But the authority who reinstates the officer may expressly declare, at the time, that the period shall be reckoned.

CHAPTER X.

FORFEITURE OF PAST SERVICE.

Break in continuity

Section 44.—A break in the continuity of service entails forfeiture of past service, except in the following cases:—

Loang.

(a).—Authorised leave.

Absonce after leave.

(b), +Absence prolonged after the end of leave :

Provided that if an officer remains absent for more than a week after the end of privilege leave, his past services are forfeited, unless the authority whose duty it is to make the appointment re-appoints the officer and makes a declaration (to be communicated to the Accountant General) that his past services, or part of them, shall qualify. If he remains absent for more than a month, his past services cannot qualify without the special order of the Government of India.

This provise has effect from 11th January 1869.

Saspension.

(c).—Suspension followed by reinstatement.

Abultion of afflee.

(d).-Abolition of office,

Transit.

at Barrelle Barrelle and accommission and the

Transfer to non-quilitying service.

- (c).—Transit from one appointment to another,
- (f).—Transfer to non-qualifying service in an establishment which is under Government control. The transfer must be made by an authority competent to sanction it; and an officer who voluntarily resigns qualifying service cannot claim the benefit of this rule. Transfer to a grant-in-aid school always entails forfeiture.

Motory.

(g).—Loss of appointment owing to the mutiny provided that the officer affected cleared his character, and was re-appointed as soon as a suitable vacancy was found for him.

Berooval from office.

- Section 45.—Resignation of the public service, or removal from it on account of misconduct, or for inefficiency, or on account of failure to pass a prescribed examination, entails forfeiture of past service.
- 1. But an officer who resigned the public service, before the 8th June 1863 in the case of superior servants, and before 1st September 1871 in the case of inferior servants, and was re-appointed to the public service within (welve months of his resignation, is permitted to count the service rendered before resignation. This rule can be applied to only one resignation in the case of each officer.
- 2. It is not admissible to grant to an officer pension or grantity because he has misconducted himself, or because it is desired to remove him for inefficiency.

CHAPTER XI.

Conditions of AWARD OF PENSION AND GRATUITY.

Classification.

Section 46.—Pensions and gratuities are of four classes:

A. - Compensation pensions and gratuities.

B.—Invalid pensions and gratuities.

C.—Superannuation pensions and gratuities.

D .- Retiring pensions.

1. Gratuities are paid in single sums, and not by instalments.

A.

Compensation pausion.

- Section 47.—A compensation possion or gratuity is awarded to an officer discharged from the public service when, on reduction of establishment, his appointment is abolished.
- 1. Before a pension or gratuity is granted to an officer discharged on abolition of appointment, it must be carefully considered whether he campot be provided for in some other manner. Heads of Departments, in forwarding to

the Local Government or to the Government of India, applications for such pension or gratuity, should invariably state for what reasons it has been found impossible to provide suitable employment for the applicant; and in the quarterly statements furnished by Local Governments of such pensions and gratuities, it should be stated in respect of each case, that it has been found on enquiry impossible to provide for the officer elsewhere.

2. The discharge of one officer to make room for another is not the abolition Explanation. of an appointment within the meaning of this Section; the abolition must produce a real saving to Government in respect of the cost of the appointment. If it becomes necessary to discharge an officer in consequence of a change in the nature of the duties of his office, the case should be referred to the Government of India.

3. An appointment, the pay of which is reduced as part of a general scheme of reduction, may be considered abolished within the meaning of this Section.

4. Deputy Collectors, Munsifs, and similar officers, who belong to the graded editors public service apart from their particular local appointment, cannot obtain pension or gratuity of this class, in consequence of the abolition of the particular appointment which they happen at the time to be filling.

5. No pension or gratuity can be awarded on discharge after the completion excepted cases, of a specified term of service.

6. No pension or gratuity can be awarded for the loss of a local allowance.

7. If, of two appointments held by one officer, one is abelished, and the other Abelian of our of two retained, the case should be specially submitted to the Government of India.

Section 48.—If an officer who is entitled to receive compensation Tensfer to an appointment of the relation of pension or gratuity, accepts, instead, another appointment in the Government service (whether qualifying or not), he will, if he subsequently becomes entitled to receive a pension or gratuity of any class, receive not less than he would have been entitled to claim had he not accepted the appointment.

В.

Section 49.—An invalid pension or gratuity is awarded to an available conference officer who, by bodily or mental infirmity, is permanently incapacitated for the public service, or for the particular branch of it to which he belongs.

1. An officer discharged on other grounds, has no claim under this Section, merely because he can produce medical evidence of incapacity for service.

2. To prevent undue liability for invalid pensions no person may be appointed to a superior grade in the public service in India without a certificate by a commissioned Medical Officer, or by a Medical Officer in charge of a Civil Station, that he has no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity, unlitting him, or likely to unfit him, for the public service of the Government of India. A similar rule is enforced by the Sceretary of State in respect of persons selected by him for ecryice in India.

Section 50.—Incapacity for service must be established by " Medical continues by medical certificate attested as follows:-

- (a).—If the officer submitting it is on leave in England, by the Medical Board of the India Office.
- (b).—If he is serving at any Presidency Town, by the Inspector General of the Medical Department.
- (c).—If he is a superior servant and is serving within a moderate distance of a station where a Military Invaliding Committee is periodically assembled, by such Committee.
- (d).—In other cases, the local Government may either accept a certificate given by a single commissioned Medical Officer or Medical Officer in charge of a Civil Station, or convene a special Invaliding Committee at a convenient Civil Station.
- 1. If the pension applied for exceeds Rs. 100 a month, a certificate by a single Medical Officer should not be accepted as sufficient, if it is possible, without undue inconvenience, to convene an Invaliding Committee, or to cause the applicant appear before a Medical Board.

Medical certificate what to omitale.

Section 51 .- The medical certificate must state in sufficient detail:-

- (a).—Whether the officer's incapacity for service is or is not permanent;
- (b).—The nature of it, and especially whether it is in any degree the result of irregular or intemperate habits.

Penalen awarded accordingly.

Section 52.—If the incapacity is the result of irregular or intemperate habits, pension or gratuity cannot be granted; otherwise, it is for the Local Government to decide whether the officer's incapacity is such as to render it necessary to admit him to invalid pension or gratuity.

I. An officer who has submitted a medical certificate of incorpacity for further service must not (except for special reasons to be reported to the Government) be retained in the service, pending the decision on his application for pension. The object of this rule is to discourage tentative applications.

Egperanguation pendon.

- Section 53.—A superannuation pension or gratuity is granted to an officer compelled by rule to retire at a particular age.
- 1. An officer in a superior grade, who has attained the age of 55 years, should be required to retire, unless the Local Government considers him efficient and permits him to remain in the service. As the premature retirement of an efficient officer imposes a needless charge on the State, this rule should be worked with discretion; and no officer can claim to retire on the ground that he is 55 years old.
- An annual return of officers permitted to remain in the service after the age of 55 years, should be submitted in the subjoined form to the Government of India in the Administrative Department concerned :-
 - 1. No.

 - Office.
 Name of officer.

 - 4. 5. Period of extension.
 - Grounds of extension and remarks.
- 3. In the Public Works Department, the above rule will not, until the 1st January 1876, apply to officers appointed to the Department before the 1st January 1871, unless they have attained the age of 60 years, or have been in the same appointment, grade, or class, for five years.

Lething pension.

Section 54.—A retiring pension is granted to an officer who voluntarily retires after completing the requisite period of service.

CHAPTER XII.

AMOUNT OF PENSION OR GRATUITY.

Section 55.—The amount of pension or gratuity awardable is determined by length of service as specified in the Sections immediately following.

Explanation.

1. An officer entitled to pension is not permitted to take gratuity instead.

A .- FOR SUPERIOR SERVICE.

Compensation and in-

- Section 56 .- Compensation and invalid pension and gratuity :-
- (a) .- After service of less than fifteen years, Gratuity not exceeding (except in special cases, and under the orders of the Government of India) one month's emoluments (as defined in CHAPTER XIII) for each completed year of service, and not exceeding twelve months' emoluments in all.
- (b).—After service of fifteen years and less than twenty-five years.—Pension not exceeding one-third of the officer's average emoluments (as defined in Chapter XIII), and also not exceeding Rs. 2,000 a year if his average emoluments do not exceed Rs. 12,000 a year, or Rs. 3,000 a year in any other case.

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(c).—After service of twenty-five years.—Pension not exceeding one-half of the officer's average emoluments, and also not exceeding Rs. 4,000 a year if his average emoluments do not exceed Rs. 12,000 m year, or Rs. 5,000 a year in any other case.

Section 57 .- Superannuation pension and gratuity :-

Buyerspoortles persion.

The same in amount as invalid pension or gratuity:

Provided that if an officer's qualifying service have begun after the 20th January 1871, and after he attained the age of 25 years, the pension admissible as invalid pension is to be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of years' service completed, not exceeding 30, and the denominator of which is 30. The limit of Rs. 2,000, Rs. 3,000, Rs. 4,000, or Rs. 5,000, is to be applied before, and not after, this multiplication.

Section 58.—Retiring pension :—

Ratising passion.

After service of thirty years.—The same in amount as the invalid pension admissible after twenty-five years' service.

Section 59.—In the following cases, the prescribed limits of Extension of the manifest 2,000, Rs. 3,000, Rs. 4,000, and Rs. 5,000, may be relaxed:—

- (a).—For officers whose average emoluments exceed Rs. 10,000 a year, and who entered the service before the 19th May 1855, or were, before the 6th August 1862, promoted to salaries exceeding Rs. 10,000 a year, the limit is ordinarily Rs. 5,000 a year; but in cases of extraordinary merit, pensions exceeding that limit may be allowed under the sanction of the Secretary of State.
- (b).—To officers who entered the service before the 19th May 1855, but whose average emoluments do not exceed Rs. 10,000 a year, the Secretary of State, on the recommendation of the Government of India, sometimes awards special pensions in excess of the limits, for "unusually meritorious services."
- (c).—For Native Judges (see Appendix B) who were in the service on the 29th October 1866, the limit is ordinarily Rs. 5,000 a year.
- [Note.—The limits which may be relaxed under this Section, are the maximum money limits, and not the limits of one-third or one-half average emoluments.]

Section 60.—The full pension or gratuity admissible under the Explanation as to be rules is not to be given as a matter of course, or unless the service rendered has been really approved.

1. Where the service has not been thoroughly satisfactory, the local Government should make such reduction in the amount of pension or gratuity as it thinks proper.

Section 61.—In the following cases, certain privileges exist in Friedrage in combing respect of the length of service required for pension:—

- (a).—For educational officers of the following classes entering the service after Educational officers. twenty-five years of age, the periods of service for pension are, twelve, twenty-two, and twenty-seven years, instead of fifteen, twenty-five, and thirty years respectively:
 - (1).—Inspectors of Schools.
 - (2).—Principals and Professors of Colleges.
 - (3) .- Head Masters of Schools and Colleges.

To entitle an officer to the benefit of this rule the whole of the requisite period of service must have been passed in the grades specified.

(b).— Officers appointed before the 5th June 1863 may (if compelled to take officers appointed before invalid pension) be permitted by the Government to count service for one-third or one-half pension according to the old rules: provided that they have not enjoyed any advantages under the new leave rules which they might not equally have enjoyed under the old. The amount of the pension must, however, be calculated in accordance with the rules in this and the following Chapters.

Example.—An officer has served Government for twenty-one years, of which five years were passed before he was twenty-two years old, and two years were passed on leave on medical certificate under the rules of 1856. His service calculated under the rules is only fourteen years, the rest being excluded by Sections 12 and 41, and he would not be entitled to pension under Section 56 (b); but under the old rules (See Appendix B) the whole twenty-one years would count, and he would be entitled to pension under Section 56 (b), having completed the twenty years' service required by the old rules.

Natice Judget

(c).—Native Judges who were in the service on the 29th October 1866, and who were entitled to exceptional advantages under the old rules (see Appendix B) may count service for one-third and one-half pension in accordance with the old rules.

Latinow Garrison.

(d).—Uncovenanted officers who formed part of the garrison of Lakhnow during the siege in 1857 count one year's additional service.

Barristor appointments.

Section 62.—To the following officers, being barristers-at-law, or advocates of one of the High Courts of India, or of the Court of Session of Scotland, viz.:—

Judges of the Chief Court of the Panjah.

First Judges of Small Cause Courts of Presidency Towns.

Recorder of Rangún.

Secretary (formerly Assistant Secretary) to the Council of the Governor General for making Laws and Regulations.

Invalid and retiring pensions are admissible as follows:-

- (a).—After six years and nine months' active service in one or more of the above offices, an invalid pension of £300 a year.
- (b).—After eight years and eight months' such service, an invalid pension of £500 a year.
- (c).—After twelve years' such service, a retiring pension of £750 a year.
- 1. Active service, besides time spent on duty, includes privilege leave, subsidiary leave, and periods of vacation during which the officer I not on furlough or extraordinary leave.
- 2. In cases not provided for by this Section, the officers specified come under the ordinary rules.

B .- FOR INFERIOR SERVICE.

For inferior nervice,

Section 63.—For inferior service pension and gratuity are awarded as follows:—

(a).—Compensation and invalid gratuity:

Service less than 5 years, ----nil.

5 years and less than 10 years, - three months' pay.

(b).—Compensation pension:

Service not less than 30 years,—half pay not exceeding Rs. 4.

(c).—Invalid pension:

Service not less than 35 years,—half pay not exceeding Rs. 4.

- 1. In special cases, the Government of India grants more than half pay, but never more than Rs. 4.
- 2. For inferior service in Mysore no pensions are awardable, but compensation and invalid gratuities may be granted at the rate of one month's pay for each year of service, the pay to be taken at the average of the last three years. Inferior servants on the Sowar establishment and on the establishments attached to the Barr Infattry come under this rule.

3. To servants of the Mysore Palace establishment, the Chief Commissioner grants pensions at the rates prescribed in this Section; and he may grant compassionate pensions to helpless old servants not entitled to regular pensions. A portion, not exceeding half, of the pensions of these servants, may be continued to their widows, if they have no other means of subsistence, and no arrangement can be made to employ any member of the family.

C .- FOR SERVICE PARTLY INPERIOR AND PARTLY SUPERIOR.

Section 64.—If the service of an officer have been for some time superior, he has the option of counting the whole as inferior service towards pension or gratuity on the inferior scale, or of counting so much of it as is superior towards pension or gratuity on the superior scale.

. Section 65.—If the officer was promoted from the inferior to the superior grades as a reward for meritorious service, the case, may be specially considered by the Government of India.

1. This rule is to be strictly interpreted, and claims under it can be founded only on exceptional promotion, made out of the ordinary course.

CHAPTER XIII.

CALCULATION OF PENSION AND GRATUITY.

Section 66.(a).—The words "pay" and "emoluments" used in wombing of "pay" and Chapter XII mean the pay and emoluments which the officer was receiving at the time of his retirement from service.

- (b).—" Average emoluments" means the average calculated for the last five years of service.
- 1. In the case of officers claiming the benefit of Section 40, Rule 1, " average emoluments" means the average calculated for the whole of the service necessary to qualify for the pensions awarded, excluding any excess service rendered before the commencement of the necessary period.
- 2. If during the last five years of his service an officer has been absent on paried of leave, as leave with allowances, or has been suspended and reinstated without loss of past service, his emoluments shall, for the purpose of ascertaining the average, be taken at what they would have been, had he not been absent on leave, or suspended. But if the leave is reckoned as service under Section 41, Rule 2, only the allowances actually received during it should be taken into account.
- 3.. If during the last five years of his service an officer has been nor a period without allowances, or in inferior service, that period shall be disregarded in the calculation of the average, and an equal period prior to the five years shall be included.
- 4. If an officer at the time of retiring holds two appointments, in both case of two appoints of which the service qualifies, the pay and emoluments are taken at the aggregate ments of the two. But this does not apply to an officer temporarily holding, in addition to his own appointment, an appointment usually held by a separate officer; in such case only one of the appointments can be taken into account.

Section 67 (a).—In the term "emoluments" are included the being of matter following:—

- (1).-Pay of substantive appointment;
- (2) .- Personal allowance;
- (8).—Fees or commission, where they are the authorised emoluments of an appointment, and are in addition to a substantive pay; and commission in the case of a Theogype;
- Field allowances (i. s., horse and tent allowances) of Surveyors and Assistant Surveyors;
- (5).—Charge allowance to Signallers in the Telegraph Department;
- (6).—Bullock train allowance in the Post Office Department.

(b).-Other allowances are excluded, such as-

- (1).-Local allowances;
- —Allowances given for duties performed in addition to the work of a regular appointment;
- —Messing allowances, working allowances, and provision allowances to officers in the Marine Department;
- (4).-- Houst-rent allowance, or estimated value of free quarters;
- (5).—Tour allowances (to officers who accompany the Viceroy, or any Government);
- (6).—Allowance given in compensation for dearness of provisions.

Acting showmers.

(c).—Acting allowances are not included unless the "acting" service is counted under Section 17, Rule 2.

Deputation allowances.

- 1. When an officer in permanent employment is deputed on temporary duty, he cannot count the additional allowances obtained by the deputation. (See Section 18.)
- 2. But this rule does not apply to an officer deputed to service in the Income Tax Department, or to an officer deputed on abolition of his appointment, and by direct orders of Government, on special duty. In these cases the full allowances are taken.
- 3. When an officer is temporarily transferred to service not under the control of Government, and does not pay any contribution under Chapter VII, he cannot count, in respect of the time passed in such service, higher pay than he had at the time of transfer to it.

Section writers.

- 4. In the case of section-writers and press servants admitted under Section 20, "pay" and "emoluments" mean the average earnings of the last six months of service. (If the gratuity is on the superior scale, this means the average of the last six monthly bills exceeding Rs. 10. (See Section 39, Rule I (a).)
- "Average emoluments" means the average of the last seventy-two monthly bills exceeding Rs. 10.

Net emolaments only to be taken.

- Section 68.—When part of an officer's pay or emoluments is intended to provide for expenses incidental to his duty, that part should be excluded.
 - Examples.—When a sowar's pay is intended partly to meet the expense of keeping a horse, the pay should be taken only at foot rates.
 - When a consolidated pay specifically includes tentage, travelling allowance, or house allowance, these should be deducted in calculating the pension.
 - The commission which a Theogyce in Burmah obtains goes in part to pay expenses of collection and remittance of money. Account should be taken of the remainder only.
 - So also when an officer's pay is given at two rates, a smaller rate during stationary duty, and a higher rate during periods passed on tour or travelling, the former rate alone should be the basis of the calculation.
- 1. Only emoluments actually received can be included in the calculation. For example, when an officer is allowed to count time retrospectively towards increase of pay, but does not receive retrospectively the intermediate periodical increments, these intermediate increments are not allowed in the calculation.

CHAPTER XIV.

APPLICATION FOR PENSION OF GRATUITY.

Service books to be hopt.

Section 69.—Every non-gazetted servant of Government, with the exception of Police officers whose pay does not exceed Rs. 20, and officers in the Post Office Department whose pay does not exceed Rs. 10, is required to keep a service book in which should be entered a statement of every step in his official life, each entry being attested by the immediate head of the office in which he is serving.

If the officer to whom the book refers is himself a head of an office (e. g., a Deputy Post Master or a Sub-Inspector of Police), the attestation should be made by his immediate superior.

- The opening page should be divided for entries in the following form:
 - (1). Name of officer.
 - (2). Caste or race.
 - Residence. (3).
 - (4). Pather's name and residence.
 - (5). Age.
 - (6). Exact height by measurement.
 - (7). Personal marks for identification.
 - (S). Date of entry.
 - (9). Signature of officer.
 - (10). Signature and designation of the head of the office.

The entries in this form should be renewed or re-attested at least every five years.

- The remaining pages should be divided for entries in the following form:
 - (1). Name of appointment.
 - (2). Whether substantive or acting, and whether permanent or temporary.
 - (3). If acting, here state the substantive appointment.
 - (4). Pay.
 - (5). Acting allowance.
 - (6). Date of commencement of appointment.
 - (7). Signature of efficer.
 - (8), Character of officer.
 - (0). Signature and designation of immediate head of the office.
 - (10). Date of termination of appointment.
 - (11). Reason of termination (such as promotion, transfer, dismissal, &c).
 - (12). Signature of immediate head of the office.

No entries need be made in column 8 except when there is anything either good or had to be recorded.

- 3. Leave of every description (except easual), periods of suspension from employment, and other breaks of service, should be noted with full detail of their duration, by an entry written across the page, and attested by the head of the office.
- 4. A service book in the required form will be issued at cost price as soon as possible to each person at present in the service of Government, in which he should at once enter all past particulars of employment so far as relates to the establishment in which he is at present serving; and the head of the office will attest the entries after verification from his office records. To servants employed at any future time, a book will be furnished by the officer appointing them.
- 5. The service books will be kept in the office in which each officer is serving, being transferred with him from office to office. They may be given up to the officers to whom they refer, if they resign, or are discharged without fault, an entry being first made to that effect.
- 6. The officer to whom each book refers is himself charged with the duty of seeing that it is properly kept up and all crasures in it must be properly attested. If the book is not carefully kept up, difficulties may arise as to verilication of service, should the officer afterwards apply for pension or gratuity.

Section 70.—An applicant for pension or gratuity, not being Application for pension gazetted officer, should submit to the authority, whose duty it would be to fill up his appointment if vacant, his service book, and a statement of the following particulars:-

- (a).-The age of the applicant.
- (b).-List of appointments both substantive and acting held during the service in respect of which pension or gratuity is claimed, stating, when any appointment was only an acting one, what substantive appointment was held at the same time. The dates of the beginning and end of each appointment should be stated, and the pay and acting allowance drawn
- (c).-Dates of beginning and end of each period of leave.
- (d) .- An explanation of each break in continuity of service.

Verification of nerrico

Section 71.—The authority receiving the application should then, in communication with the Account Departments, verify the services claimed.

- 1. In cases of inferior service (regarding which the records of the Account Offices are sometimes incomplete), he should first gather from official records and other sources all the information procurable. In cases of superior service, it will be sufficient to gather, in the first place, only such information as is carrier procurable.
- 2. The information thus received should then be forwarded to the Account Officen concerned, vir.:—

For service in ordinary Civil Establishments ... The Accountant General of the province; The Controller of Public Works ,, the Public Works Department ... Accounts; The Compiler of Post Office -" the Post Office Department ... Accounts; The Compiler of Telegraph n the Telegraph Department Accounts; ,, the Military and Marine Depart-TheController of Military Accounts : ... In Madras and Bombay, the , the Forest Department Provincial Accountant General; in other places, the Provincial

for information as to whether his office records bear out the applicant's statements. If there be any discrepancy, the Account Officer will detail the nature of that discrepancy: for instance, that the post which the applicant states that he filled during a certain period is shown by his registers to have been filled by another man.

Conservator:

- 3. If the service claimed cannot be wholly verified from the records of the Account Offices, reference shall be made to the head of the office in which the applicant states he served during the period in doubt.
- 4. If for any particular reason, verification from that source is not practicable, the officer receiving the application should take the allidavit of the applicant for plain paper,—see General Stamp Act, 1869, Section 15, Clause 12), and should also collect such collateral evidence as may be procurable; for instance, certificates, such as those given by an officer to a subordinate on his leaving an office, and the testimony of contemporary servants.
- The service will be admitted or rejected upon consideration of the whole evidence thus afforded.

Section 72.—After completing the verification in the manner prescribed in the last Section, the officer should draw up the application in Form A, Appendix A, and arranging with it all the documents relied upon for verification of the service claimed, in such manner that they can be conveniently referred to, should forward it, together with the officer's service book, through his official superiors to the Local Government.

- 1. He should certify in the application whether the character, conduct, and past services of the applicant are such as to entitle him to the favourable consideration of the Government. If the application is for pension or gratuity on the superior scale, he must be careful to enter all periods of leave, suspension, &c., which are not reckoned as service.
- 2. If the application is for an invalid pension or gratuity, the requisite medical certificate should be attached to the application; but if omission has been made in this respect, the Local Government may accept a certificate bearing subsequent date.

Section 73.—A gazetted officer should submit his application through his official superiors to the Local Government. The application should be drawn up, in the form prescribed in the last Section, either by the officer himself or by the head of the department in which he is serving; and the rules under that Section apply, save that it is not necessary to have the service formally verified before forwarding the application.

Form of application,

Mazelled sifferen,

Section 74.—The last officer through whom the application for Accountant General, instead pension passes should send it to the Accountant General, instead of forwarding it direct to Government. The Accountant General will, (after, in the case of a gazetted officer, verifying the service in the manner prescribed in Section 71), submit the application to the Local Government with a report as to the extent to which a claim for pension or gratuity is made out, and as to the rules applicable to the case. He will also certify the correctness of the calculations of service, and of pension or gratuity.

- 1. If the case is plainly incorrect or incomplete, the Accountant General' should return it for correction or explanation.
- 2. In the Post Office Department, the Compiler being subordinate to the Director General, the application should go to him first, and to the Director General afterwards.

CHAPTER XV.

Power of Local Governments and of the Government of India.

- Section 75.- In a case falling clearly and strictly within the recommendations. letter of the rules, the Local Government may grant the pension or gratuity admissible. If an interpretation of the rules is involved, or if any indulgence not provided for by the rules is proposed, the Local Government should submit the case, with its opinion and recommendation, to the Supreme Government.
- 1. The Governments of Bombay and Madras should, upon questions of pension and gratuity, communicate with the Secretary of State through the Supreme Government.
- Section 76.—Quarterly statements of pensions and gratuities quarterly statements. granted should be submitted by each Local Government to the supreme Government in Form C, Appendix A (one for pensions, the other for gratuities), within a month after the end of each quarter.
- 1. The statements of pensions and gratuities granted by the Governments of Bombay and Madras in the Military Department should be separate from the statements of those granted in the Civil Department.
- Section 77.—All claims to pension and gratuity are considered decrement of India. But the in the Financial Department of the Government of India. But the other Departments exercise the powers of Local Governments over officers serving under their immediate orders. Quarterly statements need not be prepared by these Departments, but they should forward to the Financial Department copies of the formal application, of the Accountant General's report, and of the order sanctioning each grant.

Section 78.—Pensions and gratuities in excess of the amounts secretary of state admissible under rule, or involving any relaxation of rule, require the sanction of the Secretary of State.

1. The Government of India ordinarily declines to pass any orders us to the chans by officer ust pension to be granted to an officer until be actually retires. Memorials upon the subject, addressed prematurely to the Secretary of State, are uniformly returned.

CHAPTER XVL

MANNER OF PATMENT.

Section 79.—The order sanctioning the grant of a pension or section of grantuity to be paid in India should be forwarded, with a copy

of the formal application, to the Accountant General of the province in which payment is to be made.

1. Pensions and gratuities (except pensions awarded under Section 62) must always be stated in rupees and not in sterling, even though they are to be paid in England.

Permanent payable order

- Section 80.—The Accountant General will then, in case of a pension, draw up a permanent-payable-order in Form B, Appendix A, and will forward it to the officer who is to pay the pension.
- 1. This officer will retain one-half of the order, and will deliver the other half to the pensioner. The pensioner is not to have necess to the half kept by the dishursing officer, in order that there may be as little facility as possible for fraudulent personation.
- 2. Each payment made is to be entered on the reverse, both of the pensioner's half and of the disbursing officer's half of the order, the entries being attested at the same time by the signature of the disbursing officer. When the reverse of a permanent-psyable-order is filled up, both halves should be returned to the Accountant General for renewal.
- 3. If a pensioner loses his half of the permanent-payable-order, the disbursing officer's half may be returned to the Accountant General, in order that he may issue a new order. The requirements of rule 2 will prevent any payment being made on the half alleged to be lost.

Pension when payable.

eramel appearance sime of payment.

- Section 81.—Pensions are payable in India in monthly instalments due after the end of each calendar month.
- 1. Apart from special orders, pensions other than extraordinary pensions under Charten XXII are payable from the date on which the pensioner ceased to be borne on the establishment, or from the date of the application, whichever is later.
- 2. The object of the latter alternative in the preceding rule is to prevent unnecessary delay in the submission of applications. The rule may be relaxed in this particular by the local Government when the delay is sufficiently explained.

Section 82 (a).—Unless specially exempted by the Local Government, pensioners must appear in person at the time of taking payment, and be identified by comparison with the permanent-payable-order.

- (b). Female pensioners who are not accustomed to appear in public, and male pensioners who are unable to appear in consequence of bodily illness or infirmity, or are exempted from personal appearance by the Local Government, may receive their pensions upon the production of a life-certificate signed by a responsible officer of Government, or by some other well-known and trustworthy person. In such cases the disbursing officer must take all possible precautions to prevent imposition, and must, before the first payment in each year, require proof not only of the existence of the pensioner, but also, in the case of a male, of his inability to attend in person to receive payment.
- Disbursing officers are personally responsible for payments wrongly made, and should take every precaution against fraudulent personation. In cases of doubt they should refer to the Accountant General.
- 2. Respectable pensioners may be identified by the disbursing officer at his own house, instead of being made to appear at his public office.
- 3. If a pensioner or measurement person entitled to a gratuity dies, payment of any arrear actually due may be made to his heir. The payment may be made, under the orders of the Local Government, even if the pension or gratuity have not yet been sanctioned. If an officer dies before actually retiring or being discharged, his heirs have no claim to anything.

Cartificate of non-employment.

- Section 83.—Pensioners, drawing pension in India, are required to append to their bills a certificate as follows:—
- "I declare that I have not received any remuneration for serving Government in any capacity during the period for which the above amount of pension is due,"
- 1. In the case of pensioners permitted under CHAPTER XX to draw pension after re-employment, this certaineste must be modified according to the facts.

Section 84 (a) .- An annual return of pensioners in form E, Appendix A, should be sent to the Accountant General, from every office where pensions are disbursed. The Accountant General will submit them, after compilation, to the Government of India.

falling

(b).—The return is in three parts, (1) for pensions not exceeding Rs. 10; (2) for pensions exceeding Rs. 10 but not exceeding Rs. 50; (3) for pensions exceeding Rs. 50.

(See Appendix C, extract 3.)

CHAPTER XVII.

PLACE OF PAYMENT.

Section 85.—A pension is payable at any treasury in India, or at results it any treasure. the Home Treasury in London. A gratuity is payable at any treasury in India.

1. Payments at the Home Treasury are made quarterly at the rate of exchange which is annually fixed for the adjustment of transactions between the British and Indian Exchequers.

Section 86.—Transfer from the Home Treasury to an Indian Transfer between East Treasury, or vice versa, is permitted only once.

- 1. Applications for transfer of payment from India to the Home Treasury should be made to the Accountant General within whose jurisdiction the treasury of payment is. If the transfer is admissible, he will grant a last-pay-certificate, forwarding a duplicate to the Financial Department of the Supreme Government (or, in Bombay and Madras, to the Local Government) for transmission to England; if not admissible, he will take the orders of the Government of India in the Financial Department.
- 2. If the pension is not wholly chargeable against the General Revonues, care must be taken to state on the certificate how it is to be debited.

Section 87.—A Local Government may, on application, and on Transfer in today. sufficient cause shewn, permit transfer of payment from one treasury in India to another. This duty may be delegated to Commissioners of Divisions or to any higher executive authority.

1. Copy of the order directing the transfer should be forwarded to the provincial Accountant General, and the Collector of the district from which the payment is to be transferred should be instructed to return his half of the permanent-payableorder. The Accountant General will then issue a new one to the officer who will in future pay the pension, or, if the officer belongs to another province, will move the Accountant General of that province to do so.

CHAPTER XVIII.

LAPSE AND FORFEITURE OF PENSIONS.

Section 88.—If pension payable in India remains undrawn for Through more than six months, the permanent-payable-order must be returned to the Accountant General, and the pension ceases to be payable. If the pensioner afterwards appears, the disbursing officer may reclaim the permanent-payable-order and renew the payment, but the arrears cannot be paid without the order of the Local Government obtained through the Accountant General.

1. If the suspension of payment attributable to error or neglect by any public officer, the Accountant General may direct payment of the arrests without taking the orders of the Government.

2. Arrears due to deceased pensioners are payable to the heirs within six months after the pensioner's death. They cannot be paid thereafter without the sanction of the Local Government.

Section 89.—A pension which has not been drawn for two years lapses, and can be restored only by the Government of India.

On conviction of crime.

Section 90.—Future good conduct is an implied condition in every grant of pension, and the Government reserves to itself the right of withholding a pension, if the pensioner be convicted of serious crime.

CHAPTER XIX.

COMMUTATION OF PENSIONS.

Bate of commutation.

Section 91.—Life pensions not exceeding twenty rupees a year may, at any time, on certificate of good health by the medical officer (Covenanted or Uncovenanted) of the district, be commuted at the following rates:—

Age of Pensioner			Years' purchase of pension.			
Less than 10 y	rears			13		
10-20	,,	***	***	121		
20-25	,,	111		12		
25-80	,,	*14		}t2		
3035	2)			11		
3540	,,		441	101		
4045	13	119		10		
4550	3)	411		9-}		
5055	1)			9		
5560	11	***	***	8		
6065	,,	•••		7		
65-70	10		*4*	В		
More than 70	13		***	tundmissible except by special order of the Government of Inda.		

1. If a pensioner whose pension has been commuted dies before receiving the commutation value, it is payable to his heirs.

CHAPTER XX,

RE-EMPLOYMENT OF PENSIONERS AND PERSONS WHO HAVE OBTAINED GRATUITIES.

After compensation gra-

Section 92.—An officer who has obtained a compensation gratuity, if re-employed in qualifying service, has the option of retaining the gratuity, in which case his previous service will not count for future pension or gratuity, or of refunding it and counting his previous service.

1. The intention to refund must be stated immediately on re-employment; but the refund may be made by monthly instalments of not less than one-third of the officer's sulary, and not less than the whole gratuity divided by the number of months which have elapsed since it became admissible. The right to count previous service does not revive till the whole amount is refunded.

After detailmention ben

Section 93.—An officer who has obtained compensation pension, if re-employed, may retain his pension in addition to his pay, provided that the sum total does not exceed the pay of the appointment on abolition of which the pension was given. If his re-employment is in qualifying service, he has the option of retaining his pension (subject to the provise above stated), in which case his previous service will not count for future pension, or of ceasing to draw any part of his pension and counting his previous service. No refund of pension intermediately drawn in required.

1. In the case of maction-writer or press servant (see Section 20) re-employed, the pay of the appointment abelished is taken at the average earnings of the last eix menths of employment.

Section 94.—There is no absolute bar to the re-employment of an After invalid pension. Officer who has regained health after obtaining invalid gratuity or pension. The rules in such a case as to refunding gratuity, drawing pension, and counting service, are the same as in the case of re-employment after compensation gratuity or pension.

Section 95.—A superannuation pensioner is, by the nature of the After appendix case, excluded from re-employment.

Section 96.—Officers who have obtained retiring pensions cannot after retiring possion. be re-employed, except on strong public grounds, and with the express sanction of the Government of India in the Financial Deparent. When so re-employed, they are permitted to draw pension in addition to full pay. There is not so much objection to the employment of such pensioners in service paid from Local Funds.

No officer can be permitted to retire with the view of being reemployed, whether in the general service or at the charge of Local Funds, and drawing pension in addition to pay.

- 1. The rules in this Charren do not apply to officers pensioned on the abolition of Navy pensiones. the Indian Navy. If these are re-employed, their service will be on exactly the same terms as if they had never been employed before. But so long as they are employed, their navy pension will be held in abeyance, except so much of it as is necessary to raise their total emoluments to one-and-a-quarter times the amount of the pension. If they have commuted their pension for a single payment, the same deduction will be made from their allowances as if they had not.
- 2. Nor do these rules apply to military pensioners in rivil employ. The claim manage pensioners of such persons to salary, pension, and gratuity in the Civil Department are dealt with without reference to their military pension. But the pensions of commissioned officers other than "good service" pensions, and of the heirs of native non-commissioned officers and soldiers, will, during their employment, merge in their salaries.
- 3. Civil, Military, and Naval pensioners also may, under the orders of the Local Government, be employed without loss of pension, on purely temporary duty, lasting for not more than a year.
- 4. If an officer of the Subordinate Medical Department, holding a civil appointment, continues in civil employ after he has earned his military pension, the pension remains in abeyance.

CHAPTER XXI.

SPECIAL RULES FOR THE POLICE.

Section 97.—The following special rules apply to the members of Police Forces constituted under the following Acts:

XIII of 1858 of the Governor General of India in Council.

XXIV of 1859

V of 1861

VII of 1867 of the Governor of Bombay in Council.

1. The Trans-Indus Police Force, though not organised under Act V of 1861, and never possessing a Superannuation Fund, is on the same footing with respect to paneion and gratuity as the regular Panjab Police.

MUNICIPAL AND RAILWAY POLICE.

Section 98 (a).—If the police of a town is wholly supported by, manufactured and under the control of, a municipality, the Government has no concern with their pensionary allowances.

- (b.)—But if the Government, being interested in the efficiency of a police force paid wholly or partly by a municipality or from the general revenues subsidised by a contribution from a municipality, undertakes the organisation and control of the force, as connected with, and auxiliary to, the civil constabulary, service in it is treated as service under Government, the contributions of the municipalities towards the cost of the pensions and gratuities of such forces being, for the present, undetermined.
- The police forces in the Presidency Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, and in the Municipalities in Lower Bengal, come under clause (b).

Raitway Police.

- Section 99.—In like manner the Railway Police on the East Indian Railway and in Bombay, though the Railway Companies contribute towards their cost, are a branch of the regular police, and their service in it is treated as service under Government.
- 4. In the Bengai Division of the East Indian Railway, the Railway Company pay six-per cent., in addition to pay and salary, to discharge liability for pension. In the other Divisions another arrangement is in force.

QUALIFYING SERVICE.

Qualifying pervice.

Nection 100.—Service in any of the Police Forces mentioned in Section 97, after the establishment of a Superannuation Fund in the force, qualifies.

[Norm.—The Superannuation Funds were finds to which, with the exception of certain societs of the Sikh Darbar (see Section 16 (c)) and members of the Oudh Military Police, police officers whose pay did not exceed its, 20 were obliged to contribute. By these contributions they became entitled to pensions according to the rules of the several funds.

Officers whose pay exceeded Rs. 20 did not contribute, as they came under the operation of the ordinary pension rules.

By Act X of 1869, the Superannuation Funds, established under Acts XXIV of 1859 and V of 1861 of the Governor General in Council, and VII of 1867 of the Governor of Bombay in Council, were shelished. The Superannuation Fund which had been established in the Madras Town Police, under Act XIII of 1856, having been, by Act VIII of 1867 of the Governor of Madras in Council, amalgamated with that established under Act XXIV of 1859, was abolished with the latter. The Funds established under Act XIII of 1856, in the Calculta and Bombay Town Police, are still in existence.

In the Police Forces of which the Superannuation Funds were abolished, the pay of the men was reduced, either individually or on the average, to its previous nominal amount, less the subscriptions to the Funds, the Government undertaking the liabilities of the Funds.]

1. Members of office establishments permitted to subscribe to the Police Superanneation Fund by Financial Department Order No. 3398, dated 27th July 1865, may count the service during which they so subscribed.

Exceptional[privileges.

Section 101.—In the following cases, members of police forces have exceptional privileges in regard to pension:

Akh Daybar Soldiers.

- (a.)--Soldiers of the Sikh Government to whom service was guaranteed (see Section 16 (c)), and who, on the breaking up of the Panjab Military Police in which they had enlisted, were transferred to the Civil Police, are, if their pay does not exceed Rs. 20, entitled to invalid pensions at line rates for their service under the Sikh Darbar, and in the Military Police, and in the Civil Police.
 - 1st Class Sergeants get pension as Havildars, 2nd Class Sergeants as Naiks, and Constables as Sepoys.

Outh Bilitary Police.

(6.)—Men who, after completing, on 3rd May 1861, four years' service in the Army, or in the Oudh Military Police, were transferred to the Oudh Civil Police, and were in employ in that force on 26th January 1864, are, if their pay does not exceed its. 20, entitled for their service in the Army, and the Military Police, and in the Civil Police, to pensions on the terms applicable to local and irregular troops of the rank corresponding to that which they may attain in the Police.

(c.)—Men of the Mhairwarra Buttalion, who were present on parade on 1st Mhairwara Battalion.

July 1857, and were subsequently transferred to the Ajmir and Mhairwara Police, are cutified to pensions at the rates for soldiers of the line.

- Section 102.—In the following cases service rendered before en-Prechaus service when listment in the new Police Constabulary qualifies:
 - (a.)—In the first two cases mentioned in Section 101, if the men subscribed Sim Durbar Schliern and to the Superannuation Fund in order to obtain the higher pensions admissible under its rules, or if, through serving on pay higher than Rs. 20, they have become entitled to the pension prescribed in Section 100, the previous service mentioned in Section 101 qualifies.
 - (b)—Men of the Army transferred to the Police on the reductions of the Men of Native Army. Native army which were made in 1861, count their army service.
 - (1.)—In February 1867 it was declared that this rule would be applicable to all future transfers to the Police on occasions of reduction of the Native army.
 - (2.)—In the Panjab Police, men counting service under this rule, if they were faithful during the mutiny when their regiments joined the rebels, are entitled to pensions at the rates for soldiers of the line, instead of the rates of the Superannuation Fund.
 - (2.)—Men of the Army who formed part of the garrison of Lakhnow during the siege in 1857, count three years' additional service.
 - (4.)—A man voluntarily taking discharge from the Army and entering the Police, cannot count past service.
 - (c.)—Men who were enlisted in the Central Provinces Police in 1861, after Nagraz Irregular Force, discharge with gratuity from the Nagpūr Irregular Force, or who were transferred to the Police from that force, or from the Mulki Horse, count their service in these forces and also that in the forces of the late Raja of Nagpūr.
 - (d.)—Men of the Berar Police, recruited from the Hill Rangers, count their service in that corps.
 - (c.)—Service in the 1st Bengal Military Police Battalion and service in the Military Police qualifies.
 - (//)—Service in superior grades in the old Police (i. e., darogas and officers reviews superior services of higher rank) or in any other department qualities.
 - (g.)—In the North-West Provinces and Oudh, men count half their service in inferior grades in the old Police.
 - (k.)—Men transferred from the Army to the Military Police in the years 1858 to Army service and 1861, preserved whatever title they had, at the time of transfer, to pension for army service. At the same time, service in the Military Police did not give any further title to pension, except in the cases specially mentioned above. Accordingly, men who possessed this title to pension for army service, and were transferred from the Military Police to the Civil Police, count their previous army service.
 - (k.)—Pensions granted to men who count army service under the above remains for army rules will, if their service in the army was sufficient to cutitle them to pension if discharged without fault, be a charge on the Military Department; otherwise the whole will be a charge on the Civil Department.
 - Section 103.—Policemen on pay not exceeding Rs. 20, who re-Broat in motion enlist within one year after discharge, may, at the discretion of the Inspector General, count their service before discharge.

Amount of pension or gratuity.

Section 104.—The pension or gratuity admissible to an officer of the payer of the p

will be determined, as prescribed in the next Section, according to one of the following scales:—

SCALE A.

According to the rules of the Superannuation Fund of the force,

- As the Superannuation Funds did not always provide for compensation pensions and gratuities, the following orders were issued with reference to the reductions directed in 1869;—
 - Compensation pension and gratuity should be awarded at the same rate as the Superannuation Fund Rules provide for invalid pensions and gratuities.
 - (2.)—But if the gratuity thus awardable is less than the amount (without interest) of the officer's subscriptions to the fund, the difference should be made up.

SCALE B.

According to the rules prescribed in CHAPTERS XI, XII, and XIII, for the calculation of pensions and gratuities for superior service, except that (1) all service after the age of 18 years qualifies; (2) in addition to the leave which, under Chapter IX, is reckoned as service, one year's leave in fifteen years' service, and two in thirty years' service, is so reckoned.

Section 105(a)—The pensions and grataities of officers of the Town Police of Calcutta and Bombay are regulated by scale Λ .

- (b.)—The pensions and gratuities of officers of other forces are regulated as follows:—
 - (1.)—Those who were members of the forces before the 19th July 1873—by scale A or scale B according to their election (which, by Financial Department Order No. 2091, dated 19th July 1871, they were directed immediately to declare).
 - (2.)—Those who enlisted or re-enlisted on or after the 19th July 1871—by scale B.

Officers on pay exceeding: Es. 20.

Section 106.—The pension or gratuity admissible to an officer whose pay at date of discharge or resignation exceeds Rs. 20 is determined by the rules which apply to ordinary service, except that service rendered after the completion of 22 years of age, and declared by this Chapter to be qualifying, is treated as superior service.

1. When a police officer, by promotion to a pay exceeding Rs. 20, loses any benefit as to pension or gratuity which he would have enjoyed had his pay remained unchanged, his pension or gratuity may be regulated as if he had not received the promotion.

Previous inferior service.

Section 107.—If part of an officer's continuous service qualifies for pension or gratuity on the inferior scale, but does not qualify under the rules in this Chapter, he may elect to receive, in lieu of the pension or gratuity admissible under the rules in this Chapter, such pension or gratuity as is admissible to him, under Sections 63 and 64, for the whole of his service both inferior and superior.

Example.—Officers who were transferred to the new Civil Police from inferior grades in the old Police or from the Military Police, and who are not entitled under Section 101 or 102 to count previous service, may obtain pension under this Section.

1. Officers who under Section 105 (5 1) have elected to abide by Seale B, will, if they take gratuity under this Section, obtain in lieu of the scale prescribed in Section 68 (a.) one month's pay for every complete two years of service, but not more than twelve months' pay in all.

Section 108.—Except in the case of the Town Police of Calcutta To be calculated and Bombay (Section 105(a)), pensions and gratuities are to be calculated upon the net pay, i.e., the pay actually received by the officer, and not upon the gross pay, i.e., the pay from which were deducted the subscriptions to the Superannuation Funds (see note under Section 100); but this rule shall not be applied to any officer, who, on 19th July 1871, was cutitled, by the rules of the Superannuation Fund, to have his pension or gratuity calculated on his gross pay, until he be either promoted to higher pay, or degraded, for misconduct, to lower pay.

1. Good service pay is not reckoned in calculating pension or gratuity except in the case of these who, before the 19th July 1871, were members of the Police Forces of Bengal jexchaling the East India Railway Police) or the Panjab.

VERTICATION OF SERVICE.

- Section 109(a. —There shall be kept up for each district, by the service sole. District Superintendent of Police, a service roll in English, in which shall be recorded the date of the enrolment of each man in the constabulary, his caste, tribe, village, age, height, and marks of identification at the time of eurolment, his rank, promotion, reduction or other punishment, his absences on leave or without leave, the breaks in his service, and every other incident in his service which may involve forfeiture of portions of his service, or affect the amount of his pension or gratuity.
- (b.)—The roll shall be checked by the vernacular roll and order book, and the punishment register, and every entry in it shall be signed by the District Superintendent of Police.
- (c.)—In addition to the above roll the Inspector General of Police shall keep a record of all service on pay exceeding Its. 20 (except that of gazetted officers), and shall verify the record annually in communication with the Local Accountant General.
- (d.)—From this roll the necessary statements of service of all applicants for pension shall be prepared, additional proofs being collected, as prescribed in Section 71 in respect of any service rendered before enrolment in the constabulary which the Police officer may be entitled to count.
- I. District Superintendents of Police should be on their guard against endeavours to retire on invalid pension by officers who are capable of serving longer. Medical officers should be very scarching in their examination of the physical unfitness of the applicants for further duty; and, whenever the number of applicants for pension or gratuity is large, the examination should, if possible, be conducted by two medical officers.

POWER OF SANCTION.

Rs. 20, to pension or gratuity only for the period of continuous and verified service in the force in which at the time of application they are serving, may, if admissible under the strict letter of the rules, be allowed by the Inspector General of Police, and reported to the Accountant General with the necessary particulars for identification.

All other claims will be treated under the ordinary rules.

- 1. Claims to extraordinary pension or gratuity (see Chapter XXII), even though they may be provided for by the rules of the Superannuation Fund, are subject to the rule in Section 118.
- 2. The quarterly statement submitted by the Local Government to the Supreme Government, should contain particulars of all pensions and gratuities granted by the Inspector General as well as by the Local Government.

MANNER OF PAYMENT.

Section 111.—Payment of a pension or gratuity shall be made by Payment, the treasury officer of the district where the payee resides, on

permanent-payable-orders (in the case of pensions), and on the identification of the payee by the District Superintendent of Police; and special committees shall be assembled every five years for identifying the pensioners.

CHAPTER XXIL

Extraordinary Pensions.

A .- In cases of injury or death.

Section 112.—The following are the Rules for the grant of gratuities and pensions.

- (a) to men so injured in the execution of their duty as to be incapacitated for earning a livelihood;
- (b) to the families of men killed in the execution of their duty.

They apply to all persons employed to do the work of Government, whether permanently, temporarily, or even casually, and whether remonerated by a fixed salary, or (as miners in the Panjab Salt Mines) for piece-work. They apply also to village watchmen.

Not cases of more accident.

Section 113.—Pension or gratuity is granted only when injury or death is met in the performance of a duty which is attended with extraordinary bodily risk.—The Government recognises no claims on account of loss of life or bodily injury resulting from an ordinary accident.

The following would be regarded as primit fucie cases of ordinary accident:-

A policeman falling from his horse.

A policeman on escort duty killed by sun-stroke.

A lasear killed by the snapping of a hawser.

A laborer falling under a burden.

1. The Government recognises no claim on the part of widows on account of the services of their husbands. It is the duty of Government officers themselves to provide for their families, the more so that the Government assists certain funds established for the purpose of enabling them to do so.

Claims recognised in case of death.

Section 114.—A pension or gratuity is granted to the family of a man killed in the execution of his duty, only if he had wife, sons or daughters (legitimate), father or mother, dependent upon him for support.

1. To native claimants preference is given in the following order: son, widow, daughter, father, mother.

Amount of provious

Section 115.—The amount of gratuity or pension is to be regulated by—

- (a) the character and service of the man injured or killed;
- (b) the nature of the risk undergone, and the conduct of the man in accepting it;
- (c) the nature and extent of the injury received;
- (d) the pecuniary circumstances and prospects of the claimant.
- 1. The Government does not bind itself to grant gratuity or pension in every case, nor, if it grants pension, to grant it for life.

Preliminary enquiry

- Section 116.—Whenever so claim for gratuity or pension is made, the head of the office in which the man killed or injured was employed, will hold a formal enquiry, taking evidence on the following matters:
 - (a) the circumstances under which the injury was received, or the life lost;
 - (b) the relationship (in the case of death) and the pecuniary circumstances of the claimants.

Section 117.—The head of the office will then submit the case Pension Noll. with a report, through his official superiors, to the Government, sending (in the case of man injured) the usual form of application (Form A, Appendix A) and (in the case of man killed) a statement in Form D, Appendix A.

Section 118.—The Local Government may grant gratuity not power of Local Government may grant gratuity not power of Local Government grant grant is months, pay (which is ordinarily the maximum given), reporting the grant as in the case of an ordinary gratuity. If it deems a grant of six months, pay insufficient, it should report the case with a recommendation to the Government of India.

Section 119(a.)—The Government of India grants pensions to Power of Supreme to the widows and children of policemen, or of village watermen, killed in the execution of duty, not exceeding two-thirds of the deceased's pay. The grants are made on the principle of giving rather less than would be given in the case of a soldier of similar class killed in action.

(b.)—Otherwise pensions or gratuities in excess of the amount admissible under the last Section require the sanction of the Secretary of State.

B .- Military Service.

Section 120.—Officers and mee, enrolled as volunteers, and having a military organisation, enjoy the same privileges in regard to compensation for wounds, as men of corresponding grades in the regular service, unless they are entitled, under the following rules, or under special conditions of service, to higher rates:

- (a.)—Officers of the Covenanted Civil Service wounded in action while serving (under circumstances justifying their presence) with military forces, will receive such compensation as may be awarded by the Government of India, subject to the confirmation of the Secretary of State.
- (b.)—Other civil officers of the Government will receive compensation in proportion to their salaries according to the following scale:—

If on salaries of Rs. 500 a month, or upwards, as Captains.

27	800 ,	Lieutenants
11	200 ,	Ensigns.
Ja	100 ,,	Subadars,
12	50 ,,	Jamadars.
20	10 ,,	Sepoys.

(c.)—Persons not in Civil or Military Service, wounded in action while serving (as aforesaid) with military forces, will receive compensation according to their station in life, as compared with that of Military Officers, each case being considered separately on its own merits by the Government of India, and compensation awarded subject to the confirmation of the Secretary of State.

C .- Muliny Pensions.

Section 121 (a.)—Widews of Uncovenanted Servants who have received pensions on account of their husbands having been killed in the mutiny retain half their pensions after remarriage. Their half pension is not increased on second widowhood.

(b.)—Daughters of Uncovenanted Servants in the Panjab, who have mutiny pensions "payable till marriage," receive, on marriage, seven years' pension as a dowry.

APPENDIX A. FORM A.—(Four pages.)

FOURTH PAGE-(DOCKEY).

THIRD PAGE.

REMARKS BY HEAD OF OFFICE.

- L. As to therefor not past conduct of applicant.
- Explanation of any maperatus or degradation.
- Reporting one gratuity or pension already received by applicant. See Chapter XX.
- Explanation ender Sention 47, Rale of the office an give it.
 - Any other comerks.

SIGHATURE.

CERTIFICATE AND KRPORT OF ACCOUNTANT GRIEBAL.

months days; CREITIER that (subject to the remarks below recorded) qualifying service in [imferior [perfice or gratuity] not exceeding Rs. , is admissible under of the Civil Pension Code. The cakulations have been duly verified years or superior] grades has been duly proved for and that a Section

Accountant General.

APPLICATION FOR PENSION ON GRANUFY.

Date of application.

Name of applicant.

Last appointment,

Class of pension or gratuity.

Amount of pension sanctioned.

Amount of gratuity sanctioned.

Date of commencement.

Date of sanction.

or the amount upon the production To the Collector of Seen appearing Nora.—Payment of	Calentia Calentia Calentia Calentia Data further notice, and on the expiration of every month, be pleased to pay to Charles and on the expiration of every month, be pleased to pay to		First for densities of Particles of Case of Particles of Particles of Particles of Case of Case of Particles of Case of Cas	Collections Bill.	Account Ago when pensioned Suct or Cause. Account and General of Report Calculated Street, and on the expiration of every month, be pleased to pay to being the emount Pension, as Pension, as Recording to usual form. Account this Bill and a separade raccipt socording to usual form. Accounts as of this Bill and a separade raccipt socording to usual form.	The state of	from the claimant	the sum of Empere. Of the duplicate hereof, tal form.
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FORM C.

Statement of Pensions annotioned by	the	in the
partment during the quarter ending	18 .	

Column 1 .- Serial number.

- , 2 .- Name of recipient.
 - 3.-Designation of last employment.
- ... 4 .- Name of office in which last employed.
- , 5.-Character.
- ,, 6 .- Period counted as service.
- 7. Average emuluments
 Pay or emuluments at time of discharge
- , 8.—Class of Fension granted.
- , 9 .- Amount of Mouthly Pension granted.
- granted; also cases where the pension or gratuity is chargeable to other than general revenues.)

FORM D.

1.—Name and residence.
2.—Age.
3.—Height.

Description of delaimant.

4.—Religion, caste, or tribe.

5 .- Marks for identification.

6.-Present occupation, and pecuniary circumstances.

7. Degree of relationship to deceased.

8.-Name.

Description of deceased.

9.-Occupation and service.

10 .- Length of service.

11 .- Nature of injury causing death.

12,--Amount of pension or gratuity proposed.

3.—Romarks.

DURING THE YEAR 187 -7

RETURN OF PENSIONS PAID AT

Pensions exceeding Br. and not exceeding Re-

							,	•			,		
	Total,												
	86 and принтам		1								4		
CKEA.	BI to 86 inclusive.												
AGE (LAST BIRTH-DAY) OF PEFSION'ER.	76 to 80 inclusive.												
AST BIRTH-DA	71 to 76 juckajive.												
Present Age (n.	66 to 70 inclusive.												
Per	61 to 66 Inclusive.												
	51 to 60 inclusive.			,				-					
	Not more than 50 years.												
		JNumber of pensioners in the list at end of last year. Heading 9 of years return	2Deduct the number transferred into the next period of 1830	8.—Add the number transferred from the last period of age	4-Number from last year thus corrected for	5) TBy new pensions	O PROCORT OR By renewal after being	7) By transfer from other offices	6.—Total of headings 4 to 7, being total number to be accounted for	. 9Number on pension list at end of year	10 REMOVED By transfer to other offices	11 DURING THE By death or non-appearance	13.—Total of headings 9, 10, 11, being total number accounted for

APPENDIX B.

PENSION RULES OF 47H JANUARY 1881.

Rules relative to the grant of superannuation pensions to subordinate officers in the Civil Department.

Subsidiary and supplementary rules of subsequent date are printed in small type.

Section 1.—Superannuation pensions will be granted only to the superior classes of public servants indicated in the annexed list.

[Norz.—This list is not published, as the Code sufficiently declares to whom these rules may now be applied.]

"Inferior servants, sowars, armed or organized peens, including jamadars and other ranks, lasears, boatmen, artificers, labourers, and menials are to have no claim to such provision.

Section 2.—With the exception of Native Judges and Law Officers, the applicant must have been employed in the public service for a period of at least twenty years.

Section 3.—The public servant, whatever may have been the period of his service, must be incapacitated for further employment, by old age, protracted ill-health, loss of sight, or other bodily or mental infirmity.

Section 4.—The character, conduct, and past services of the public servant must be favourably certified by the officer or officers under whom he may have been employed, and must appear to be such as to entitle him to the favorable consideration of Government.

Section 5.—Whenever it may be judged expedient to grant a pension to a public officer, whose case may come within the foregoing provisions, the amount of the pension shall be limited as follows:

Clause 1st.—If the period, during which the individual may have been actually employed in the public service, shall be more than twenty years, but less than thirty years, the amount of the pension shall not exceed one-third of the monthly salary or authorised official allowances of such individual, calculated on an average of five years previously to the date of the application for such pension.

Clause 2nd.—If the period of actual service shall have been thirty years or upwards, the amount of the pension shall not exceed one-half of the salary, or authorised allowances of the individual calculated in manner above stated.

1. Pension may be awarded on the above scale, to persons thrown out of employ by reduction of establishment, without their being required to produce medical certificate.

2. In the despatch from Court of Directors, No. 18, dated 5th May 1854, the following further rule is prescribed:

"We authorise you to grant to any Uncovenanted Servant belonging to a class recognised by the present rules, who, though not possessed of medical certificate of incapacity, may be permitted to retire from the service and who can produce

unquestionable testimonials of a faithful, efficient discharge of his duties during a period of 35 years, a pension equal to half the average salary which he may have received during the last five years of his service. These pensions are to be regarded as the rewards of good service, they will not in any case be claimable as of right; and every pension, which you may see sufficient reason to grant, must be reported to us with a statement of the grounds of your proceeding.

Rules regarding Service.

- 3. The period of service must be continuous, but a break between two periods of employment, if it does not exceed 12 months, and was not caused by dismissal from office for misconduct, will not prejudice the officer in whose service it occurs.
 - 4. To the following extent leave counts as actual service:
 - (a.) All leave taken before the Uncovenanted Service Leave Rules of 1856.
 - (b.) The following leave taken under the rules of 1856:

Two out of three years obtainable on medical certificate.

Leave subsidiary to leave on medical certificate.

Privilege leave.

Leave on private affairs on half pay, (see, VII).

- (c.) Leave during recess on half pay granted to Native Sorveyors in the Revenue Sorvey Department, Bengal, North-Western Provinces, and the Panjab.
- 5. Service before the attainment of 16 years of age does not qualify for pension.

Rules for Calculation of Pension.

- 6. "Authorised official allowances" include the following:
- (a.) House-rest allowance, or value of official residence.
- (b.) Personal allowance given as compensation for reduction of salary.

The following are not included:

- (a.) Personal allowances otherwise than as above.
- (b.) Horse and tent allowances.
- Clause 3rd.—For Law Officers and Native Judges, the period of 15 years shall be substituted for that specified in clause 1st, and 22 years for the term mentioned in clause 2nd.
- 1. This rule applies also to Principals and Head Masters of Colleges and Schools, and also to Inspectors and Professors.
- 2. The concession granted by the rule applies only to cases where the whole of the prescribed period of service has been rendered in the privileged capacities.
- 3. Law officers are a class which now no longer exists. The designation "Native Judges" applies to officers in such positions as Principal Sudder Ameen, Sudder Ameen, and Moonsiff. Goung Gyoups in Burmah are also "Native Judges." Magistrates of Police and Judges of Small Cause Courts are not "Native Judges;" but a "Native Judge" transferred to be a Judge of a Small Cause Court will retain his privileges.
 - Clause 4th.—The rates of pensions shall be fixed on a graduated scale, within the prescribed limitations, with reference to the responsibility and arduousness of the employment, the degree of merit of the individual, and the nature and length of his service.
- 1. The limit of pension in ordinary cases is Rs. 5,000 per annum; but this is subject to the rules under Section 59 of the Code.

APPENDIX C.

EXTRACTS.

1

From the letter of the Government of India in the Financial Department, to the Government of Bengal, No. 3177, dated 31st August 1871.

- 4. The references made in your letter to a proposed formation of a pension fund by deduction from salaries probably arise from the orders of this Department No. 940, dated 16th June 1570, which contained, as models, certain rules proposed by the Government of Bombay for the constitution of an educational Pension Fund there.
- b. The Government of India, on a reconsideration of the whole subject, is disposed to withdraw the approval which it then expressed of the scheme set forth in these rules. There is an almost entire absence of data on which to estimate the amount of deduction which would be necessary to render such a fund solvent, and such calculation as can be made renders it extremely doubtful whether five per cent, is nearly enough to cover the contingent charge; and it is of course out of the question to guarantee from imperial revenues the solvency of any such fund. A pension fund formed by deduction from salary is, perhaps, objectionable also on another ground, namely, that it to a certain extent unnecessarily fetters the hands of the employer.
- 6. In the case, therefore, of local funds which will beyond a doubt be able, without embarrassment, to meet the pensionary claims of employés, it seems to the Government of India that it would be best, should the local Government think proper to grant to the caployés a right to pension, to leave the pensionary claims to be met when they arise. And in local funds regarding whose position there is not the same absence of doubt, it would appear to be the wisest course to abstain from making any absolute promise of pension. The ability of such funds to provide any pensions which, on special grounds, it may be deemed desirable to grant, can be more easily determined when the claim is presented for consideration, than it can be ut a time antecedent by many years to the actual accrual of the charge.
- 7. It might even be a matter for the consideration of the local Government whether, considering the peculiar constitution of local funds, it would not be well, especially in the case of such as are of uncertain solveney or stability, to credit to a separate account the capital value of any pension granted. The necessity of providing at once the entire value of a pension, instead of throwing the charge forward upon future years, would perhaps afford a useful check against indiscriminate recommendations by those who have the management of the funds.

2.

From Resolution of the Government of India in the Financial Bepartment, No. 4359, dated 14th October 1871.

The position of the Government of India, and the difficulty experienced by Native States and public bodies in obtaining competent officers without its assistance, frequently render it necessary for the Government, for political and for public reasons, to transfer its officers to service paid for from sources other than its own revenues. Such transfers would, as a general rule, be impossible if the condition were insisted ou, that the officer transferred should give up his privileges as an officer in the service of the Government of India; and in the papers above read, the question is discussed what financial arrangements are proper to be made in the case of officers of Government lent to, or transferred to service paid by, Native States, Municipalities, and other bodies financially independent of the Government of India, such as Courts of Wards, Port Trusts, 80., and permitted at the same time to retain their privileges as servants of the Government of India.

The remuneration of officers of Government may be thus classified—
 Immediate—Their pay and allowances while on duty;
 Contingent—Their absentee allowances;
 Deferred—Their pensionary allowances;

and such officers when lent to Native States, &c., though they obtain their "immediate" remuneration from the State or fund at the charge of which they are employed, look, for the most part, to the Government of India for their "contingent" and "deferred" remuneration.

- 3. It may sometimes be expedient, for special reasons, that the Government of India should bear such charges; but as a rule it is not so; and it is necessary to prescribe the conditions which should be imposed, so that such charges may be avoided, unless the Government, for special reasons, accepts them.
- 4. The Government of India have accordingly resolved to require, on account of every officer leut or transferred to a Native State, or a Municipality or other financially independent body, who is permitted to retain his position in relation to the service of Government, and his claims to absentee and pensionary allowances under the rules of the service to which he belongs, and with regard to whom the exemption contemplated in paragraph 3 is not declared, a contribution proportional to the salary which he receives and regulated on the following principles:—
- 5. In the first place it is to the officers themselves, and not to their employers, that the Government will look for the contribution required: any other course would be productive of difficulty and inconvenience.
- 6. In the second place, a calculation founded upon such data as are available shows that the cost to Government of the charges above classed as contingent and deferred, excluding, however, privilege leave allowances, is about one quarter of the amount actually disbursed in the form of "immediate" remuneration.
- 13. In the case of Covenanted Civil Servants the contribution of one-fifth required by this resolution, includes the four per cent, deduction to the Annuity Funds which will not be separately levied. The amount of the contribution to be credited to the Annuity Fund is 3½ per cent, of the full nominal pay and acting allowance, being one-twenty-fourth part of the amount retained by the officer after deduction.*

 This proportion, being one-sixth of the entire contribution, will be credited to the Annuity Funds, so long as they are maintained.

3.

Prom Resolution of the Government of India in the Financial Department No. 1586, dated 22nd March 1871.

The Governor General in Council has had under consideration the question of how to guard against fraudulent claims to pensionary allowances being put forward by strangers after the actual incumbents are dead.

- 2. The chief protection against such claims must be the careful testing by disbursing officers of each claim at the time it is presented.
- 3. But it seems advisable also that statistical information regarding pensions should be kept up, and for this purpose His Excellency in Council is pleased to direct that, from every office where pensions are disbursed, returns in the annoxed form shall annually be made to the Account office to which it is subordinate:—
 - (1).—For pensions not exceeding Rs. 10.
 - (2) .- For pensions exceeding Rs. 10, and not exceeding Rs. 50.
 - (3) .- For pensions exceeding Re. 50.
- 4. The Account officers should scrutimise the information thus received, in order that enquiry may be at once made where any remarkable longevity appears, or where any other anomalous features present themselves.
- 5. His Excellency in Council is well aware that there is great difficulty in exercising a check by this means on the action of local officers. The instances in any single disbursing office are necessarily too few to warrant the assumption that their departure from mathematical regularity requires any special explanation; and on the other hand, in the compilation of the figures of several offices, the effects caused by the perpetration of frauds in any one would probably disappear in the
- 6. But while His Excellency in Council, in view of this difficulty in supervising this particular part of their work, confidently expects at the hands of local officers extreme caution in dealing with claims to pensions, he does not doubt that the information contained in the forms now prescribed will be found in both central and local offices to be of great value.

THE CIVIL PENSION CODE.

SUPPLEMENT A.

COVENANTED CIVIL SERVANTS.

[Note.—The rules in this supplement are already in force for the Bengal Civil Service. Their extension to the Madras and Bombay Civil Services is under discussion; but at present the members of these two services are not entitled to any annuity from the State. They obtain annuities under the rules of their respective annuity funds.]

Section 1.—Annuities and gratuities are granted to Covenanted Civil Servants of the Crown in India under the following rules.

Section 2.—"Active service" includes the following periods, besides time spent on duty:

- (a.) The interval between the date of an officer's first arrival in India and the date on which he joins his first appointment.
- The date of an efficer's first arrival in India is held to have been as follows:—
 Before the 31st January 1869,—the date of his actual arrival in India.
- From the 31st January 1868 to the 4th May 1868, inclusive,—the date on which he reported his arrival at the capital town of the Presidency to which he was attached; or if he was attached to the North-West Provinces, the Paujab, or Oudh, and had permission to come to India rid Bombay, the date on which he reported his arrival at Bombay.
- On and after the 5th May 1869,—the date on which he reported his arrival either at the seat of the Government to which he was attached, or at any other station to which he may have been ordered, or permitted, to proceed direct.
- 2. If an officer does not join his first appointment within the joining time allowed to him, the interval between the end of joining time and the date on which he actually joins, is not reckoned as "active service."
 - (b.) Time passed out of employ on subsistence allowance in India, otherwise than on furlough.
- 1. If a Covenanted Civil Servant on his first arrival in India is unable, through bad health, to proceed to the scat of the Government to which he is attached or to any other station to which he may have been ordered, the Local Government in whose jurisdiction he is, may, ou medical certificate, grant to him a subsistence allowance of Rs. 250 a month, for not more than two months. Time thus spent is not reckoned as active service.
 - (c.) Subsidiary leave of absence.
- "Subsidiary leave" includes the corresponding "special leave" under the rules in force before the 1st July 1868.
 - (d.) Privilege leave of absence.
- 1. "Privilege leave" includes the corresponding "short leave on private affairs" and "leave on private affairs" under the leave rules in force before the 1st July 1868.
 - (e.) Leave of absence within the limits of the East India Company's Charter, which counted as service and residence under the rules in force before the 18th June 1855.
 - (f.) Leave of absence on urgent private affairs granted before the 3rd January 1863.
- 1. Examination leave of absence is also reckoned as active service; but not more than twelve mouths can be so reckoned to any officer.

" Active service."

2. One year of leave of absence on medical certificate was reckoned as "residence" under the leave rules in force before the 1st July 1868. This is not reckoned as "netive service," as a reduction of one year has been made in the period required to qualify for annuity.

Section 3.—Four per centum shall be deducted, at the time of December 1981, payment, from the salary and other public emoluments, as specified below, of every officer:—

Bengal Civil Service

... From every allowance except mileage allowance (at 8 annas or 3 annas a mile), and special rewards.

Madras Civil Service

... From pay, acting allowance, subsistence allowance and leave allowance only.

Bombay Civil Service

... From every allowance except house-rent, travelling allowance, tentage, and special rewards.

 The deduction required by this Section is included in the deduction made under Chapter VII of the Code, and is not to be separately made.

Section 4.—An officer who has been twenty-five years in the service remainstanting from the date of his covenant, or from the date of the despatch of the Secretary of State announcing his appointment (whichever may have been earlier),

and who has rendered twenty-one years' active service,

is entitled, on his resignation of the service being accepted, to an annuity of £1,000.

 An officer may resign the service when absent in Europe on furlough. It is not necessary that he should first return to India.

Section 5.—An officer who, being declared by a medical certificate transfer in due form, to be incapacitated for further service, is permitted to resign the service before he is entitled to an annuity under Section 4, is entitled to a gratuity or annuity as follows:—

- (a.) If he have been in the service for less than five years, a gratuity of £500.
- (b.) If he have been in the service for five years or more,—an annuity of £150, plus £20 for each complete year of service in excess of five: provided that the whole annuity shall not exceed £450.

Section 6.—Annuities are payable, in arrear, quarterly, and to rest at partial date of decease.

Section 7.—Payment of these annuities and gratuities may be taken at the Home Treasury in sterling, or in India in Government rupees at the following rate:—

If the annuitant was a member of the Bengal Civil Service, 10² Government rupees for each pound sterling;

If the annuitant was a member of the Madras or Bombay Civil Service, 10-65 Government rupees for each pound sterling;

Transfer from the Home Treasury to an Indian Treasury, or vice versa, is permitted only once.

[Nove.—The reason of the difference in the rate of exchange is to be found in the history of the annuity funds. The rates of exchange differ considerably in the various service funds.]

SUPPLEMENT B.

JUDGES OF THE HIGH COURTS.

[Note.—The following are the regulations made by the Secretary of State in Council of India, under the provisions of 24 & 25 Victoria, Cap. 104, Sec. 6, respecting the retiring pensions of the Judges of the High Courts. They were approved in the Judicial Despatch by the Secretary of State, No. 43, dated 11th October 1871.]

Section 1.—A Chief Justice of the High Court at Calcutta, after an actual service of eleven and a half years as Judge of the High Court, of which period at least half shall have been in the office of Chief Justice, shall receive a pension not exceeding £1,800 per annum.

[Note.—In these rules, "actual service" includes the period during which a Judge is carrying on his duties in a High Court, also periods spent on privilege and subsidiary leave, and periods of vacation during which the Judge is not on "furlyugh or extraordinary leave."

"Extraordinary leave" means any leave granted otherwise than under the rules made by the Secretary of State in Council of India, under the provisions of the Act of Parliament above quoted.]

Section 2.—A Puisne Judge of the High Court at Calcutta, on the same terms as to length of service, shall receive a pension, not exceeding £1,200 per annum.

Section 3.—A Chief Justice of the High Courts of Madras, Bombay, and the North-Western Provinces, respectively, after an actual service of eleven and a half years as Judge of the High Court, of which period at least half shall have been in the office of Chief Justice, shall receive a pension not exceeding £1,500 per annum.

Section 4.—A Puisne Judge of the High Courts of Madras, Bombay, and the North-Western Provinces, respectively, on the same terms as to length of service, shall receive a pension not exceeding £1,200 per annum.

Section 5.—A Chief Justice or Puisne Judge compelled to retire on medical certificate after six years and nine months' actual service shall receive a pension not exceeding one-half the amount of pension allowed for the full period of service.

Section 6.—In the event of a Judge of the High Court, selected from the Covenanted or Uncovenanted Services, receiving a pension under these rules, he will not be entitled to any pension or retiring allowance under the rules applicable to Covenanted and Uncovenanted Servants, respectively.

Section 7.—When a Judge of the High Court, selected from the Covenanted or Uncovenanted branches of the Civil Service, is permitted to retire before completing the full period of service entitling him to the pension of a Judge of that Court, he shall, on retiring, receive such a pension as he would be entitled to under the rules applicable to Covenanted and Uncovenanted Servants, respectively, reckoning the period during which he shall have served as Judge of a High Court towards his time for such pension.

Section 8.—Provided, however, that if a Judge of the High Court, selected from the Covenanted or Uncovenanted branches of the Civil Service, shall be compelled to retire, on medical certificate, after six years and nine months' actual service, he shall be allowed the option of taking his pension or retiring allowance either under these rules or under the rules applicable to the service to which he belongs.

Section 9.—A Judge of the High Court, selected from the Covenanted Civil Service, shall be required to continue his subscriptions to the Civil Annuity and Civil Service Funds.

Section 10.—If a Judge be transferred from one Court to another, the period he shall have officiated in the first Court shall count as service qualifying for retiring pension.

Section 11.—If a Puisne Judge be promoted to be a Chief Justice in the same or another Court, the time he will have served as Judgo will count for pension, according to the rate of a Judge's pension, and the time he shall serve as Chief Justice will count for pension according to the rate of a Chief Justice's pension.

Section 12.—If a Judge of Madras, Bombay, or North-Western. Provinces be promoted to be Chief Justice of Calcutta, the time he will have served as a Judge will count for pension at the rate of a Judge's pension, and the time he will serve as Chief Justice of Calcutta will count for pension according to the rate of such Chief Justice's pension.

Section 13.—If a Chief Justice of Madras, Bombay, or the North-Western Provinces be transferred to be Chief Justice of Calcutta, the time he shall have served in the former capacity will count for pension according to the rate of pension of a Chief Justice of Madras, Bombay, or the North-Western Provinces, and the time he shall serve as Chief Justice of Calcutta, shall count for pension according to the rate of pension of a Chief Justice of the High Court of Calcutta.

SUPPLEMENT C.

CHAPLAINS AND ASSISTANT CHAPLAINS.

[Will be published hereafter.]

SUPPLEMENT D

MEMBERS OF THE PILOT SERVICE IN BENGAL.

[Note:—The following rules were declared in $185\%_{11}$

Section 1.—In consideration of a monthly contribution to the extent noted in the margin, by the pilots of the several grades towards a fund for pensionary support to their widows and orphans, the following pensions will be allowed by Government:—

	by Gove	ernment	;	
Branch Pilot		Rupees	200	a month.
Master First Mate		P3	100	79
	***	107	-60	33
Second Mate and Voluntee	r	1.0	30	27
	Families.			
Widow of Branch Pilot	417	Rupees	100	a month.
Ditto " Master Ditto " First Male	14+	,,,	50	13
There says a state of the says	144	31	30	23
Ditto ,, Second Mate and		19	15	22
	CHILDREN.			
Girls until 10 years of age		Rupees	14	a month.
After 10 years until married Boys until 15 years of age	d	23	20	31
male and to home of the	440	11	12	71

1. The widow of a pilot married to him after he became a pensioner, and the children of such marriages, are not entitled to the benefit of these rules.

- Section 2 (a.)—Pilets are entitled to pension at the above rates on medical certificates by the Standing Invaliding Committee.
- (b.)—A pilot after thirty years' actual service in India, if he shall have attained the grade of branch pilot, shall be entitled to retire upon the pension of Government Rupees 200 month, or if below the grade, upon a pension of Government Rupees 100 a month, provided that in any period of three consecutive years the number of pensions so granted do not exceed four.
- Section 3 —To entitle widows and orphans to the above pensions, pilots are to forward to the Master Attendant certificates of their marriage, of the birth of their children and of their baptism, within one month after the occurrence thereof. Notices of death are in like manner to be forwarded to the Master Attendant.
- Section 4.—No widow who may have been legally divorced or separated from her husband for adultery, or who at the period of her husband's demise, may have quitted his protection and be living in a state of notorious adultery though not divorced or separated from him by law, or who, subsequently to her husband's decease, may be living in a notorious state of incontinence, nor any female orphan living in such state, shall be entitled to receive or continue to receive any pension under these rules.
- Section 5,—If a widow pensioner marries, her pension is to cease during her coverture; but in the event of her again becoming a widow, she shall be re-admitted to the pension to which she was entitled during her first widowhood, unless her second husband shall have been a member of the pilot service, and have been at his death of a higher grade than her first husband, in which case she shall be entitled to the pension of the higher rank.
- Section 6.—All pensioners under these rules are to make personal appearance at the Accountant General's Office on the first day of every alternate month, or to afford such other proof of their existence as the Accountant General may from time to time require.
- Section 7.—Widows and female orphans above the age of fifteen years are required to forward to the Accountant General's Office declarations half-yearly, in May and November, that they are not married, and that they have not been married at any intervening period. The declarations are to be countersigned by the executor to the estate of the deceased member of the pilot service, or pensioner, or by the guardian of an orphan, and by a member of the pilot service, certifying to the truth of the declaration to the best of their knowledge and belief. Forms of the declaration will be furnished on application at the Office of the Accountant General.
- Section 8.—Contributions to the pension fund by members of the pilot service who joined the service on or before the 1st July 1835, and pensions to them and to their families, will continue to be paid in Sicca Rupees. All other contributions, allowances, and pensions, will be paid in Government Rupees.
- 1 If pensions payable in Sicca Eupees are paid at the Home Treasury of the Government of India, payment is made at 1s. 11d for each Government Rupee, Government Rs. 104; being taken as equivalent to Sicca Rs. 100.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is republished for general information:—

No. 25. Fort William, the 10th January 1872.—The following extract from the London Gazette of the 1st December 1871, pages 5485 and 5486, is published for general information:—

London Gazette, 1st December 1871, page 5485.

INDIA OFFICE; 30th November 1871.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the following promotions amongst the Officers of the Staff Corps, and Her Meiesty's Indian Military Forces, made by the Governments in India:—

To be Captains.

Lieutenant Colin Hubert Garbett,—dated 27th June 1871.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, are republished for general information: -

No. 171.—Fort William, the Uth January 1872.—Notifications.—Public.—The Notification of this Department, No. 2031, dated the 15th June 1871, relative to the compulsory retirement of Uncovenanted Officers on attaining the age of 55 years, is superseded by Section 53 of the Civil Pension Code published under Financial Department Notification, No. 239, dated the 10th instant

No. 12.—The 11th January 1872.—Ecclesiastical.—The Governor-General in Council has received with deep regret official intimation of the death of the Ven'ble the Archdeacon of Calcutta, the Reverend J. H. Paurr, on the 28th ultimo, at Ghazeepore in the North-Western Provinces.

The Governor-General in Council cannot allow the death of Archdeacon Caarr to pass unnoticed by the Government which he served so long and so well.

Mr. Pratt entered the service in the year 1838, and was appointed Architeacon of Calcutta by the late Bishop Wilson on the 6th October 1819.

Under the ordinary rules of the service, Mr. Pritt would have retired in October 1867, but so efficiently had be filled his high office in the Church, that he was solicited by Government, with the full approval of Her Majesty's Secretary of State, to continue to hold it.

In adopting this course the Government was moved not only by its own appreciation of the Archdeacon's services, but by the strong recommendation of the late Bishop Cotton, who bore testimony to Archdeacon Pratt's eminent scientific attainments and university distinctions; to the active part which he had taken in the management of the Diocese and in the promotion of all good works; and to his personal piety and high Christian character.

the promotion of all good works; and to his personal piety and high Christian character.

At a later date Her Majesty's Secretary of State, in sanctioning the retention of Archdracon Pratt in the service until October 1872, remarked—"I cannot refrain from expressing the high sense I entertain, in common with the present Bishop of Calcutta, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengad, and your Excellency in Council, of the zeal and ability with which he has for so many years faithfully and laboriously discharged the duties of his office."

The Governor-General in Council feels assured that the death of the Ven'ble Archdencon will be mourned by the entire Christian community in India.

By order of the Governor General of India in Council.

No. 13,—'The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Calcutta, has appointed the Reverend Brownlow Thomas Atlay, M.A., Senior Chaplain of St. Paul's Cathedral, to act as Commissary to His Lordship during the vacancy of the Archdeaconry of Calcutta.

H. L. Dampier, Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal.

The following Notification in the Gazette of India Extraordinary, dated the 15th January 1872, is republished for general information:—

HOME DEPARTMENT. NOTIFICATION.

PUBLIC. Fort William, the 15th January 1872.

The Vicercy and Governor General has received through the Secretary of State for India the following telegram from Her Majesty:—

"The Queen has been much touched by the sympathy evinced by the people of India in the anxiety occasioned by the illness of the Prince of Walas, and desires that your Excellency shall make this known to Her Indian subjects."

The Viceroy knows that this gracious message from their Queen will be received by the people of this vast Empire with sincere gratification. The Viceroy feels sure that with the universal feeling of affection for Her Majesty and Her Family, is mingled that of heartfelt gratitude to GOD, that HE has mercifully spared the Prince of Wales' life, and saved The Queen from a deep affliction, and Her necode from a great calamity.

The Quees from a deep affliction, and Her people from a great calamity.

This Notification to be transmitted to all Governors, Lieutenant-Governors, Chief Commissioners, Residents, Agents to the Governor General, and Native Chiefs and Princes in India.

H. L. DAMPIER, Secy. to the Gout. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th January 1872.—In continuation of the Notification of this Government, dated the 3rd October last, which was published in the Calcutta Gazette of the following date, it is hereby notified that the preliminary examination in English and the Vernacular, prescribed in rules 5, 7, 8, and 9 of the rules for the examination of candidates who have been permitted to appear at the ensuing examinations for admission to the Subordinate Executive Service, the Police, and the Opium Departments, will take place on Thursday, the 25th of January 1872.

- The examination will commence precisely at 11 o'clock, and will be held at the Bengal Office.
- 3. On the results of the above examinations being known, those who have passed will be duly anthorized to present themselves at the further examinations in the remaining subjects, which will take place in surveying and engineering on the 5th February and succeeding days, and in Law on the 16th February.
- 4. For the convenience of candidates employed at a distance from Calcutta, a second supplementary examination in the same subjects (viz. the preliminary examination in English and the Vernacular) will be held at the Bengal Office on Saturday, the 3rd of February, at 11 o'clock, immediately before the examination in the other subjects. No candidate will be admitted to this supplementary examination who has not been excused from appearing at the first examination on Thursday, the 25th of January.
- 5. Applications to appear at the supplementary examination by candidates who have not already been authorized to do so, should be made to the Secretary to Government, Appointment Department, on or before the 18th January.
- 6. Candidates for the preliminary examination on the 25th January, who have been informed that their applications have been accepted, and that they have been admitted to the examination, should present themselves at the Bengal Office. Appointment Department, between the hours of 2 r.m. and 4 r.m., on the 24th instant, when their certificates will be scrutinized and final sanction to appear at the examination given.

H. I. Dampies, Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal

Judicial and Political Departments.

No. 70J.

APPOINTMENTS

The 10th January 1872.—Baboo Baney Madhub Shome to be a visitor of the Lunatic Asylum at Dacca, under Section 2, Act XXXVI. of 1858.

Mr. Frederick Wyer to be Vice-Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners for the town of Purneah.

Assistant Surgeon Joseph O'Brien to have medical charge of the Civil Station of Shillong, in addition to his Military duties, with effect from the forencon of the 29th October last, the date on which he relieved Surgeon Augustus Keppel Reed. The following gentlemen to be Municipal Commissioners for the town of Burdwan:—

Baboo Gopeenath Shaha.

" Kassenath Das.

Ramlali Mookerjee.

The 11th January 1872.—Mr. Edward Melian Showers to officiate in the First Grade of Assistant Superintendents of Police, with effect from the foreupon of the 6th November last, the date on which he was relieved of the charge of the District Police of Patna.

Mr. Thomas Gwyther Charles to officiate in the First Grade of Assistant Superintendents of Police, with effect from the afternoon of the 15th December 1571, the date on which he was relieved of the charge of the District Police of Champarata.

The 12th January 1872.—The following gentlemen to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Poorce:—

Mohunt Mohun Das.
Baboo Kedarnath Dutt.
,. Nundkishore Das.
Mohunt Hurrigrib Das.
Baboo Ramgopal Chatterjee.

Bahoo Surbessur Mozoomdar to officiate as Moonsiff of Madargunge, in Mymensing, during the absence, on leave, of Bahoo Gour Chunder Das, or until further orders.

the 13th January 1872.—The following gentlemen to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Baraset:—

The Moonsiff of Baraset. Raboo Ramehunder Chatterjee. Russick Lall Banerjee.

Bahoo Brindaban Chunder Chatterjee to be Secretary to the Committee.

Mr. John Briscoe Birch to officiate in the First Grade of Assistant Superintendents of Police from the 1st instant, the date on which he was relieved of the charge of the District Police of Balasore.

The 15th January 1872—Baboo Khetternath Bose to be a Moonsiff of the Third Grade, and to be Moonsiff of Janualpure, in Mymensing, vice Tahoo Bhoyenh Chunder Kur, retired. Baboo Khetternath Bose will officiate as Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Jessore, during the absence, on privilege leave, of Baboo Brojomohun Dutt, or until further orders.

Moulvie Imdad Ali to be Subordinate Judge of Gya.

Mr. Samuel Wright to be additional Subordinate Judge of Burdwan.

Baboo Grish Chunder Ghose to be Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Mozufferpore, and to be Subordinate Judge of Tirkoot.

Mr. Wilfred Lucas Heeley, B.A., to be Inspector-General of Jails, Lower Provinces, with effect from the date of Dr. J. Fawcus' death.

The 16th January 1872.—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Abinash Chander Banerjee to have temporary medical charge of the Sub-division of Cutwa and of the Charitable Dispensary there, with effect from the date on which he relieved Sub-Assistant Surgeon Chundernath Biswas.

LEAVE OF ASSENCE.

The 15th January 1872.—Mr. James Horstio Reily, District Superintendent of Police, on special duty, for one month, under paragraph 16 of the Uncovenanted Service Absence Rules,

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 10th January 1872.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by the Reverend Andrew William Roche Quinlan of his appointment as a Municipal Commissioner for the town of Howrah.

The 13th January 1872.—Mr. David Josiah Poole, Assistant Superintendent of Police, having returned to duty, the unexpired portion of his leave is cancelled.

Rivers Thompson, Offg. Secg. to the Gort. of Rengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 9th January 1872.—Erratum.—In the Notification dated 1st June 1871, and published at page 1192 of the Calculta Gazette, regarding the prevention of the spread of cholera in the interior of tea districts, for Durrung, read Debrooghur as one of the stations in which cholera camps had been established.

RIVERS THOMPSON, Offy, Secy. to the Goet. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th January 1872.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned the transfer of the following villages, situate within the police jurisdiction of thaunah Ondah, in the district of Bancoorah, from the jurisdiction of the Moonsiff of Bancoorah to that of the Moonsiff of Ondah. The transfer will take effect from the 1st March 1872:—

Villages.

Nittanundpore. Balyarab. Racedilly. Shalyhun. Dull-duily. Monypore. Kurlance. Namo Shalyheen. Nurraynpore. Bhadooàshole. Kotalpore, Dhàndàh. Mandarbony. Santore. Poonyshole. Notocongram, Nedàshan. Pithabhoomriah. Lourish. Drygram. Bholia. Bickrumpore. Bàoonchiah. Mooracattà. Doobracone. Topobàn, Beersingpore. Notcongràm. Shahèbgunge. Hurryhurpore. Baly-Ashnàsole. Shaecrbakhra Noruttumpore. gooma. Goocennondy. Binaudnugur. Koeilpore. Päharpore, Doondiah Kistonuggur. Rushiàrah. Baleegoomah. Nishchintopore, Amadoho. Beharjooriah. Digshooly. Ittapanchriah. Heerapore. Jaw bariah. Brindahony. Shalghattah. Moochyagorah. Bheempore. Lodenà. Gourmohunpore. Mankhamar. Shonatapul. Dhobony. Bashooara. Modunpore. Patlinchandpore. Nobary. Pattun-heer. Komla. Dhogurryah. Changakànd. Akarriah. Kanklashy. Pàulpàrah. Beerband. Hatbarry. Malatore. Moorrah.

> RIVERS THOMPSON, Offg. Secy, to the Gort. of Bengal,

Soerpanuggur.

NOTIFICATION.

The 16th January 1872.—The Declaration published at page 939 of the Calcutta Gazette of the 12th April 1871 for the acquisition under the provisions of Act X. of 1870 of the plot of land within Kisto Baboo's Garden, situated on the north side of the Government Cutcherries within the Municipal limits of the town of Burdwan, which was required for the construction of public latrine, is hereby cancelled.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, is republished for general information:—

No. 33.—Evet William, the 8th January 1872.—Notification.—Judicial.—Mr. J. Pitt Kennedy resumed charge of his duties as Standing Counsel for the Presidency of Fort William in Bergal on the 4th instant.

RIVERS THOMPSON,

Offy. Secy to the Gort of Bengal.

Public Works Department,-Bengal.

Establishment.

No. 13.

The 9th January 1872.

Natification.—The Notification No. 1, dated and January 1872, transferring Baboo Ramessur Nath, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, from the General to the Irrigation Branch, is cancelled.

No. 14.

Transfer.—Baboo Soodan Chunder Patnak, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, attached to the Burrakur Division, is transferred from the General to the Irrigation Branch.

No. 15.

The 12th January 1872.

Leave of Absence.—Captain C. N. Judge, R.E. Executive Engineer, Second Grade, Darjeeling Division, is allowed privilege leave for two months and fourteen days.

No. 16.

Appointment.—Mr. A. 11. Tyndall, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, attached to the First Presidency Division, to officiate as Executive Engineer of the Darjeeling Division, during the absence, on privilege leave, of Captain Judge, or until further orders.

No. 17.

Transfer.—Mr. J. Bradshaw, Overseer, First Grade, attached to the Berhampore Division, is transferred from the Imperial to the Local Retablishment, and posted to the Nuddea (Local) River Division.

No. 18.

The 13th January 1872.

Mr. F. Hembrough, Supervisor, First Grade from the Ramghur to the Girbides Road Division.

No. 19.

The 15th January 1872.

Notification .- Mr. W. H. Wells, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, assumed charge of the Cuttack Division on the 1st January 1872, before noon.

No. 20.

The following Orders issoled by the Government of India, Public Works Department, are republished for information :-

No. 22 of the 10th Junuary 1872. The following is published in supersession of Rule XIII of the Public Works Department Notification No. 311 of 7th October 1870, regarding the salaries of Officers of the Engineer

Army in 4850 and subsequently to be placed on the consolidated scale.

No. 27 of the 12th January 1872.—Mr. T. Wood.

Assistant Controller, First Grade, is appointed to efficiate as Deputy Controller in Bengri, during the absence of Mr. W. A. Billings; or until further orders.

No. 21.

Corrigendum,-In Notification No. 4, dated 3rd January 1872, omit the word "south."

LOCAL, --- COMMUNICATIONS.

No. 22.

The 16th January 1872.

Declaration under Section VI, of Act X, of 1870 of the Government of India,-Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz., for extending the breadth of the road running from the Cooly Depôt of Mouzah Ombicapore to Monzah Howalpore, called or known as Chattahawar road of Pergunnah Barakpar, in the district of Cachar, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, w piece of land 2 miles in length and 20 feet in breadth, and measuring, more or less, about I hat, 7 kears, 2 powas, 2 jaits, 10 puns, 12 gundas, is required within the aforesaid district of Cachar.

A plan of the land has been made, and may be inspected at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X. of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 23.

Declaration under Section VI. of Art X, of 1870 of the Government of India .- Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that hand is required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz., for extending the breadth of the road running through the Monzahe Ombicapore, North Krishnapore, and Konockpore, called or known as Nagdirgram load, in Perguanah Barakpar, in the district of

Cachar, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land 3 miles, 959 yards, 2 feet in length, and 20 feet in breadth, and measuring, more or less, about 8 kears, 5 juits, 10 puns, and 4 gundas, is required within the aforesaid district

A plan of the land has been made, and may be inspected at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X. of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 24.

Declaration under Section VI. of Act X, of 1870 of the Government of India,-Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz, for extending the breadth of the old existing road from Kartagong Bridge to the mouth of the river Jatinga, caded or known as burkhala road, which runs through Monzalis Tarapore, Toopkhana, Ranceghat, Ujangram, and Niz Joynugger, of Pergunnahs Barakpar and Joynugger, in the district of Cachar, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land 5 miles, 320 yards in length, and 20 feet in breadth, and measuring, more or less, about 2 hals, 9 kears, I powa, 4 jaits, 6 puns, 4 gundas, and I raik, is required within the aforesaid district of Cachar.

A plan of the land has been made, and may be inspected at the Office of the Deputy Commis-

sioner of Cachar.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X, of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 25.

Declaration under Section FL of Act X, of 1870 of the Government of India,-Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a coal running from Mouzah Niz Joynugger of Pergunnah Joynugger up to the place where Kharoakhallof Monzah Natwanpore joins the river Barak in Pergumah Jalalpore vid Monzaha Niz Joynugger, Doobag, Sharail, Krishnapore, and Bhyrobpore of Pergunnah Joyungger; Monzahs Burjatrapora and Chandpore of Pergunuah Jatrapore; Mouzahs Bhangarpar, Shantegram, Behara, and Boorungahof Perguinah Bikrumpore; Mouzahs Karkoria, Bhangarpar, Dhumkur, Luckipore, and Brahmangram of Pergunnah Kallaine; Mouzahs Khalena Paikan, Chundipore, Rajeshurpore, Talkur, and Mohadebpore of Pergunnah Goomes; and Mouzahs Kaoshurkool, Terapore, Goomragram, and Natwanporo of Pergunnah Jalahpore, in the district of Cachar, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land 22 miles, 540 yards in length, and 50 feet in breadth, and measuring, more or less, about 27 hals, 5 kears, 2 powas, 6 joits, 3 puns. 15 gundas, is required within the atoresaid district of Cachar.

A plan of the land has been made, and may be inspected at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X. # 1870, to all whom it may concern,

No. 28,

Declaration under Section VI, of Act X, of 1870 of the Government of India .- Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the 2nd Section of the Tantibund road in the villages of Khalishpore, Patuwa, Daobilah, Koladee, Parchithlia, Nuldaho Chuck Doobilah, Narihata, Pergunnah Islampore, and Mohatel-pore, Peepree, Steepore, Turnf Kaimkollah and Bobrakhalee, Pergunnah Bazoorash Nazirpore, Zillah Pubna, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land measuring, more or less, 92 beegahs and 54 cottals of standard measurement, about 3,100 feet in length and 46 feet in breadth, and continuing from the western end of the 1st Section of the said Tantibund road to the eastern end of the Government old pool or bund on the Pubna and Dogatchee road, is required within the aforesaid villages of Khalish-pore, Patawa, Doobilah, Koladee, Parchithlia, Nuldoho, Chuck Doobilah, Narihata, Mobadebpore, Peepree, Sreepore, Turuf Kaimkollah and Bobrakhalee.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X, of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 27.

Declaration under Section VI. of Act X. of 1870 of the Government of India. - Whereas it appears to the Lientenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz., for spoil bank of Locomotive Tank at the Buxar Station of the East Indian Railway, in the village of Misroules, Pergunnah Bhojpore, Zillah Shahabad, it is here-by declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land measuring, more or less, I acre, I rood, and 38 poles, or 4 beegahs, 10 cottahs, and 0 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the North by the Railway Locomotive Tank. South by the vil-lage of Misrontea, East and West by the village of Misronlea, m required within the aforesaid village of Misronlea.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X. of 1870, to all whom it may condern.

No. 28.

Notification.-The Declaration No. 62, dated the let March 1870, under Sections 2 and 33 of the late Act VI. of 1857, relative to the land required to be taken up for constructing a portion of the road from the Joinsheye Dispensary to the main road to Sreenuggur, in the district of Dacca, which was published at page 368 of the Calcuta Gazette of the 2nd idem, is hereby cancelled.

By Order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. LEONARD, C.E.,

Offy. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. U.

Irrigation.

Ratablishment.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 19.

The 16th January 1872.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for information :-

No. 23 of the 11th January 1872.—Mr. G. J. R. Leeson is appointed to the Public Works Department as an Assistant Engineer of the Second Grade, on probation, and posted to Bengal in the Irrigation Branch.

No. 20.

Posting .- Mr. G. J. R. Leeson, Probationary Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, is posted to the South-Western Circle.

Sick Leave.—Mr. L. A. Mendes, Supervisor, First Grade, attached to the Hidgelee Division, for two months and seventeen days, on Medical Cartificate, under Sections 11 and 20 of the revised Uncovenanted Service Absentee Regulations, with effect from 12th October 1871. Mr. Mendes reported his return to duty on the 1st January 1872.

No. 22,

Mr. G. R. Long, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, Debree Division, returned from privilege leave on the forenoon of the 28th December 1871.

The unexpired portion of the leave granted* *Government of Bengal, P. W. D., to him is hereby can-No. 142, dated 1st August 1871. celled. celled.

Posting.—Mr. G. R. Long, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, is posted to the Scane Survey Division, of which he assumed charge on the afternoon of the 2nd January 1872.

F. T. WAIG, Lieut,-Col., R.B.,

Offy, Joint-Secy to the Gont, of Bengal, in the P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

Bigh Court Motice.

Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th January 1872. LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 12th January 1872 .- Baboo Umbica Chura Mitter, Moonsiff of Doobrajpore, Beerbhoom, for fourteen days, vis. from 16th to 29th November last, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the Dussersh leave. The whole period of the Moonsiff's absence to be reckoned as sick leave on half pay.

The 15th January 1872. - Bahoo Poorno Chunder Shome, Moonsiff of Rampur Hat, Beerbhoom, for one month, from 14th instant, under paragraph 18 of the Uncovenanted Absentes Rules.

The Moonsiff's Serishtadar to be placed in charge of the current daties of the office.

By order, &c.,

W. M. SOUTTAR, Officiating Begistrat,

Departmental Motices.

Revenue Survey Department.

No. 26,

THE following promotions are made, with effect from the lst instant :-

Mr. George Henry Blyth, Revenue Surveyor, from Third to Second Grade.

Mr. James Todd, Revonue Surveyor, from Fourth to Third Grade.

Mr. Charles David, Assistant Revenue Surveyor, First Grade, to be Revenue Surveyor, Fourth Grade. The following promotion is made, with effect

from the 5th instant:-Mr. John Sidney Swiney, Assistant Revenue Surveyor, from Fourth to Third Grade.

D. C. VANRENEN, Col., R.A. Supdt , Revenue Surveys, Upper Circle. CALCUTTA, The 10th January 1872.

_ Ecciesiastical.

THE REVEREND FRANCIS SALVATOR FERRO, Minister in this Diocese, has been appointed by the Lord Bishop a Surrogate in this Archdencoury for granting Episcopal Lacences of Marriage.

Chas. Sanderson, Registrar and Secretary.

CALCUTTA, The 16th January 1872.

Notice.

Basoo Pyari Monun Raha has been appointed Money Order Agent at Furreedpore, vice Baboo Bhola Nauth Dass, transferred.

H. A MANGLES, Offg. Accountant-General, Benyal. CALCUTTA,

The 12th January 1872.

Notification.

MR. DEPUTY COLLECTOR HALDANE RATTRAY having received charge of the treasury at Rajmeleal on the 80th December last has been authorized to draw bills on all other treasuries.

BHAUGULPORE, The 8th January 1872.

J. W. DALRYMPLE, Commissioner, S. P.

Notification.

MR. COVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR TREVOR Jons Chichitet Grant, having received charge of the Treasury at Mongher on the 29th December last, has been authorized to draw bills on all other treasuries.

J. W. DALRYMPLE, BUAUGULPORE. Commissioner. The 4th January 1872.

Notification.

Banco Kanti Chandra Chatteria, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Bancoorah Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

C. T. BUCKLAND, BURDWAN COMMR.'S OFFICE, Commissioner. The 20th December 1871.

Notice.

COVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR MR. E. G. Grazier has been placed in charge of the Rungpore Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other trenauries.

E. W. MOLONY,

Commissioner.

CONER'S OFFICE, RAJ. DIVY., CAMP ISWARDER, The 31st December 1871.

Notice.

MR. UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR WIL-LIAM SHAW ROCHFORT DAVIES, having been placed in charge of the Julpigooree Treasury from the 29th December 1871, is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

J. C. HAUGHTON, Commr. of Cooch Behar Divn.

JELFIGOORER, The 29th December 1871.

Notice.

BAROO BROOBUN MORUN RAHA, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Furreedpore Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on all public treasuries.

F. B. SIMSON, Dauca Commun's Office, The 7th December 1871. Commissioner.

Notice.

BAROO OKHOY COOMAN SEN has been placed in charge of the Backergauge Teensury, and authorized to draw bills on all other treasuries.

OBHOY CHUNDER DOSS Perst. Asst., for Commr.

DACCA COMMB.'s Обрысов, The 10th December 1871.

STATEMENT showing the quantity of Salt in store uvuitable for exportation on private trade at each of the several Ports of Export in the undermentioned Districts :-

Name of Dist		Forts at w Salt is gene available for part on pr trade.	PK+	Quantity remain- ing in store actually avail- able for expert on 16th Nov. 1871.	Bearies.
	- !			Indian Mds.	.,
Ganjam	m d	Bavanapada, s Nowpadah Pans	Salt	50,000	
Kistos	5	Nizampatem		49,000	
Nellore		Iskapalli	141	\$30,05¢	
South Arcot		Merkautan		60,000	
	1	Total		203,066	

N.B.—Salt for export with be supplied by Government at the rates specified in the Notifications dated 21st March 1868 and 23ad April 1869, published at pages 737, Four Mr. Gaongo Gazerra, duted 24th March 1868, and 637, dated 27th April 1869.

F. BRARDY, for Sub-Spores

Ravenus Board Offics, Madras, the 18th December 1971.

PUBLISHED for general information.
By order of the Member in charge,

F. B. PEACOCK, Offg. Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., Fort William, the January 1872.

RETAIL PRICES OF FOOD AS REPORTED TO GOVERNMENT AT THE CLOSE OF THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1871.

Number of Seers of 80 Totahs weight retailed for a rupes.

	in a	CLEANED RICE IN ORDINARY USE.	Depthy in Ordinara	WHEAT.	ATTAN.	Janeel, Johan And Suce Janeel.
AT	of Religns from	Cheapent sout.	Chempest sort. Chempest sort. Chempest sort.	verege rate of the three or tour preceding years.	or four preceding years. resent price of chengest	Average rate of the three or four preceding years.
	344	Average the three preceding	Searest s Arrage the thre present		Average rate of or four precedit	Average rat or four pre Present pric kind.
			cos are sume or he	-		#AT : 0011
Rhaugulpere Rajmelal Hooghly Howash Midnapore Chittagong Bullenah Mymensingh Sarun	31st Dec. 1871 3rd Jan. 1872 2nd " 1st " 1st " 1st " 2nd " 2nd " 2nd " 2nd "	20 % 31 22; 20 22 26 15 1833 17 13 20 19 21 24 24 16 22 27 18 24 24 224 24 224 24 224 24 25 20	14 157 25 14 157 21 14 18 16 17 17 18 8 14 21 8 10(1) 16 9 131 28 224 161 35	277 20,3 16 24 14 13 17 15 10 16 11 13 • • • 15 20 144 26 • • 9	205 151 12 18 12 81 12 81 15 81 10 85 9 5 5 7 101 15 7	50 3214 35 46 16 18 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Durring Kamroop	30th Dec. 1871 4st Jun. 1872	8 21 20 10 20 20	8 11 34 36 13 20	$\frac{8}{13} + \frac{9}{18}$	6 B	
Nowgong	29th Dec. 1871	10 18 18	10 25 18	1 12 3 16	5 6	
	as a solena	Districts in wh		_		1 63 Bo
Nya-Doomka Rancoorsh Nuddea Pulms	31st bec. 1871 31st 2nd Jan. 1872 1st 27th Dec. 1871	23 30 32 26 27 28 16 25 22 26 16 26 26 27 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	$ \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 16 & 16 \\ 18\frac{5}{4} & 17\frac{1}{4} & 20\frac{5}{4} \\ 12\frac{5}{48} & 37\frac{5}{46} & 45\frac{1}{4} \\ 6 & 32 & 52\frac{1}{4} \\ 8 & 8 & 16 \end{bmatrix} $	14 20 21 167 212 264 104 24 31 70	13 12 13 114 1211 1011 104 10 5 10	95 32
lack bimpere	" Mitt Dec 1011	6 7 20 Districts in whi	•			1 1 1
Bys	1st Jun. 1872.	20 193 : 24	29 29 29 29	164 25	1 13.5 22	31,4 40
Seebsaugor	2nd , 1st ,.	14 20 20 20 24 24	19 21 30 10 10 10	18 BU	11 17	24 29
	Distric	ts in which some		and some che	aper-	
Monghyr Godda Deoglur Burdwan Bloerbloom Tipperall Duces Backs rgunge Farredpore Sylbet Cheliar Cutinek Balmore Jessoro B4-Pergunnals Patns Chumparan Tirhoot Majahuhye Bograh Dinegopore Maldah Moor-hedabad Rungpore Loharduggah Hazareebangh Maunbloom Singbhoom Darjeeling Gowalparah Jalpigores	Slat Dec. 1871 1st Jan. 1872 22nd Dec. 1871 30st 26th 1st Jan. 1872 25th Dec. 1871 31st 28th Jec. 1871 1st Jan. 1872 1st 1st 28th Dec. 1871 2nd 1st 2nd 1st 2nd 30th 1st 2nd 1st 2nd 1st 2nd 3th 2nd 2nd 2nd 2nd 2nd 2nd 2nd 2n	15	22 25 28 29 17 16 16 23 16 23 17 16 18 17 16 18 17 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	14 22 19 14 17 16 17 18 10 17 18 10 10 17 18 10 10 17 18 10 10 17 18 10 10 17 18 14 14 14 12 10 10 12 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	10 16 14 14 15 14 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 18 17 18 18 17 18 18 10 18 10 18 11 18 11 18 12 18 13 18 14 18 15 18 16 18 17 18	28 28 45 45 46 36 8 8 8 8 8 4 40 45 8 8

Information not supplied.

PUBLISHED for general information,

R. H. Wilson, Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 16th Januar 1872.

SENIOR SCHOLARS, 1872.

FIRST GRADE.

Sen, Tara Prasanna ... Presidency College. Lahiri, Prasanna Kumar ... Presidency College. Bhattacharya, Sarvervar ... Presidency College. Ghosh, Nagendra Nath ... Presidency College. Ghosh, Barada Prasad ... Krishnaghur College. Datta, Purna Chandra Presideeny College. Datta, Furna Ch Percival, H. M. ... Dacca College. Datta, Rem Lal ... Rughly College, Mukhopadhyay, Khetra Presidency College.

SECOND GRADE.

Bandyopadhyay, Nistaran ... Presidency College.

Mohau.

Ghosh, Rama Prasanna ... Presidency College. Das, Navin Chandra Sarkar, Narendra Nath .. Presidency College. ... Presidency College. ... Presidency College. Sen, Aditya Chandra Datta, Ram Narayan Hughly College. Nath, Prayag ... Patna College. Ghosh, Apurva Krishna ... Cathedral Mission Callege.

(Bandyopadhyay Tripura ... Presidency College. Charan Ghoshal, Uma Nath ... Krishnoghur College.

Aditya Chattopadhyay, ... Presidency College. Kumar Sur, Hari Mohan ... Hughly College. Patnayak, Chatur Bhuj ... Cultack High School.

THIRD GRADE.

CALCUTTA CERCLE.

Sarkar, Purna Chandra ... Cathedral Mission College. Dhar, Gokul Chandra ... Presidency Cottege. Sinha, Hari Mohan ... Presidency College. Datta, Man Mohan ... Presidency College, Sarkar, Natavar ... Presidency College, Bandyopadhyay, Mahes ... Presidency College. Chandra

HUGHLY CIRCLE.

Chattopadhyay, Bipra Charan Cuttack High Bhattacharya, Kedar Nath ... Hughly College. High Ray, Madhu Sudhan ... Cuttack

DACCA CIRCLE.

Gangopadhyay, Rajani Nath Dacca College. Chandra, Manik High ... Gowkatti School. Sarma, Kasi Nath ... Gowhatti High School.

PATNA CIRCLE. Prasad, Durga ... Patna College.

KEISHNAGHUR CIRCLE.

Mukhopadhyay, Harendra Krishnaghur Col-Nath lege. Pal, Hari Das ... Krieknagkur Col-Gangopadhyay, Piyari Lal ... Krishnaghur lege.

BERHAMPUR CIRCLE.

Sanyal, Kedar Noth ... Berhampur College. Chakravarti, Giris Chandra Berhampur College.

W. S. ATKINSON, Director of Public Instruction.

FORT WILLIAM, The 3rd January 1872.

JUNIOR SCHOLARS, 1872.

FIRST GRADE.

Basu, Pramatha Nath, Krishnaghur Collegiate School. Chiodetto, A., St. Xavier's College. Basu, Durga Dus, Hindu School. Dé. Panch Kári, Metropolitan Institution. Bandyopadhyay, Mahendra Nath, Hare School. Sen, Triguna Charan, Hare School. Sen, Adhar Lal, Houlu School. Mitra, Sarat Chandra, Hindu School. Sen, Guda Dhar, Patnu Collegiate School.

SECOND GRADE.

CALCUTTA CIRCLE.

Chattopadhyay, Pares Nath, Metropolitan Insti-Bhattacharya, Hara Prasad, Sanskrit College. Sarkar, Nagendra Nath, Hare School. Mukhopadhyay, Hari Das, Metropolitan Insti-Basu, Devendra Nath, Hindu School, Mukhopadhyay Mahendra Nath, Hare School. Sil Kanai Lal, Hindu School. Haldar, Nitai Charan, Hindu School, Dás, Raj Krishna, General Assembly's School. Ráv Uma Prasad, Hare School. Datia, Purna Chandra, General Assembly's Sekool. Datta, Khirod Kumar, Hindu School. As, Mati Lal, General Assembly's College. Chattopadhyay, Guru Das, Sanskrit College. Ghosh, Kali Pada, Hindu School. Bwing, H., La Martiniere School. Ghosh, Saruda Prasad, Hindu School, Bisvas, Mahendra Nath, Hare School.

HUGHLY CIRCLE.

Mukhopadhyay, Kisor Mohan, Uttarpara School. Mukhopadhyay, Kisor Mohan, Uttarpara School.
Rajak, Bihari Lat, L. M. School, Bhowanipur.
Basu, Annada Prasad, L. M. School, Bhowanipur.
Rudra, Madhu Sudan, Uttarpara School.
Bandyopadhyay, Mati Lal, Uttarpara School.
Muitra, Kasi Nath, L. M. School, Bhowanipur.
Ghosh, Gane: Chandra, Harinavi dided School.
Ghosh, Priya Nath, L. M. School, Bhowanipur.
Gangopadhyay, Hari Prasad. Hughly Colleciate Gangopadhysy, Hari Prasad, Hughly Collegiate School. Mitra, Ambika Charan, Hughly Branch School.

KRISHNAGHUR CIRCLE.

Mukhopadhyay, Bihari Lal, II., Kriskaagkur Collegiate School. Bhattacharya, Chandra Sekhar, I., Makarajak'a Sekool, Burdwan. Sen, Raj Krishna, Krishnaghur Collegiate School,

BERHAMPUR CIBOLE.

Mukhopadhyav, Hira Ind, Kandi School.
Ghosh, Jadu Nath, Berhampur Collegiate School.
Sinha, Braja Chandra, Kandi School.
Chattopadhyay, Kus Chandra, Bhagulpur School.
Shah Muhammad, Azim, Bhagulpur School.
Shah Muhammad, Azim, Bhagulpur School.
Ghosh, Asutosh, L. M. School, Khagra.
Sayvid Ahmad Khyrat, Gra School.
Mukhopadhyay, Framatha Nath, Bhagulpur School.

DACCA CIRCLE.

Sen, Kali Mohan, Pacca Collegiate School.
Chakeavarti, Navakumar, Pogose School.
Basu, Mahini Mohan, Pacca Collegiate School.
Bandyopadhyay, Bhagavati Charan, Dacca Collegiate School.
Datta, Bhagavan Chandra, Pagose School.

Datta, Bhagavan Chandra, Pogose School.
Basu, Isvar Chandra, Pacca Collegiate School.
Dhar, Mathura Nath, Faridper School.
Basu, Hara Kumar, Dacca Callegiate School.
Datta, Dvija Das, Pogose School.
Ghosh, Jadav Chandra, Mymensigh School.

THIRD GRADE.

CALCUITA CIRCLE.

Basu, Barada Das, Hare School. Gupta, Surat Chandra, Sanskrit C-Dege. Townsend, J., St. Navier's College Ghosh, Chandi Das, Hindu School Mitra, Jogendra Chandra, Hindu School. Basu, Ananta Kumar, Hintu School. Sackar, Bipin Bihari, Hare School. Datia, Mammatha Nath, Hare School. Dé, Prasanna Kumar, Hindu School, Ráy, Syama Prasad, Hare School. Abdul Hakim, Calcutta Madrasah. O'Donel, H., Doveton College, Sarkies, J. M., Doveton College. Bandyopadhyay, Nanda Gopal, Hare School, Palit, Priya Nath, Hindu School. Das, Surendra Nath, Sanskrit College. Gupta, Hira Lal, Have School. Mitra Madhav Chandra, Sanskrit College. Mukhopadhyay, Jogendra Chandra, Hare School. Datto, Mahes Chandra. Hare School. Bandyopaihyay, Rakhal Das, Free Church School.
Purvis, G. C., Doveton College,
Datta, Bilay Krishna, Oriental Seminary,
Boilard, E., St. Xanier's College,
Nau, Hira Lal, Hore School.
Royaldon, H. Danden, College Ronaldson, E., Doreton College, Basu, Natendra Nath, Hindx School. Bhattacharya, Jogendra Nath, (Sr.) Free Church School. Basu, Umas Chandra, Free Church School. Aiyer, T. A. A., St. Xarier's College, Mitra, Girindra Nath. General insembly's School. Ghosh, Ganandra Chandra, Hindu School,

HUGBLY CIRCLE.

Sinha, Kasiklal, Hare School.

Gangopadhyay, Bira Lal, Harrackpur School.
Ghosh, Syama Pada, Uttarpara School.
Bandyopadhyay, Bigay Kristian, Hughly Collegiate School.
Makhopadhyay, Amar Chandra, Hughly Collegiate School.
Basa, Narendra Nath, Hughly Branch School.
Bandyopadhyay, Mahendra Nath, Howrah School.
Bandyopadhyay, Krishna Chandra, Harinavi Aided School.

Sen, Nova Krishna, Baries Aided School. Trived, Mahendra Nath, Hughly Collegiate School, Mukhoputhyay, Tulsi Das, Howrak Scipol. Chuttopadiyay, Govinda Chandra, Ultarpara Ráy, Shastivar, I. M. School, Ehmoaninur, Ráy, Banja Lai, Hughly Coflegidte School, Chuttapadhyay, Kedar Nuth, Andul Aided Sehmil. Makhopadhyay, Bus Bihari, Uttarpara School. Bandyopodhyay, Giron Pada, Howroh School, Chuttopadhyay, Sarat Chandra, (Sr.) Konpagar Aided School. Mukhopadhyay, Bamapada, Dasghara Aided School. Majumdar, Nilkanta, Midnapur School. Datta, Bluvanesvar, Cuttack School. Das, Rames Chandra, Midnapur School. Muiti, Krishna Chandra, Cultack School. Mahapatra, Ram Krishna, Cattack School. Brahim, Sivaprasad, Cuttack School. KRISHNAGHUR CIRCLE. Ghosh, Pares Nath, Krishnaghur A. V. School, Bandyopadhyay, Beni Madhay Krishnaghur Collegiate School. Gupta, Girindra Kumar, Hazaribaugh School. Basu, Chandra Mohan, Krishnaghur A. V. Daira, Bhagavati Charan, Badla Aided School. Rav, Gyanada Prasad, Krishunghur A. V. School. Sarkar, Barada Prasad, Bankura School. Sarkar, Mati Ind, Krishnaghur A. F. School. Ghosh, Durga Das, Brothum School. Makhopadhyay, Raj Kumar, Krishnaghur Col-leginte School. Gungopadhyay, Devendra Nath, Krishnaghur Collegiate School. Dás Tarak Chandra, Ranaghat Aided School.

THIRD GRADE.

Berhampur Cercle.

Mahtah Ahmad, Patna Collegiate School.
Ghosh, Khudi Itam, Berhampur Collegiate School.
Sahay, Bhayami, Patna Collegiate School.
Narayam Ramanagraha, Patna Cyllegiate School.
Chaudhuri, Jugendra Chandra, Maida School.
Chaudhuri, Annada Prasad, Monghyr School.
Mukhopadhyay, Ambika Charan, Arrah School.
Ghosh, Juges Chandra, Kandi School.
Bhaduri, Pran Krishna, Maida School.
Bhattacharya, Ram Nath, Patna Collegiate School.
Dás, Rudha Binod, Kandi School,
Mahammad Siraj-ul Haq, Monghyr School.

DACCA CIRCLE.

Taraphdar, Chandra Kisor, Mymensingh School.

Dás, Tara Prusunna, Commillo School.

Nandi, Bipra Charan, Pogose School.

Sayvid Faiz Uddin Husain, Dacea Collegiate School.

Pál, Raj Chandra, Sylhet School.

Sen, Bama Charan, Dacea Collegiate School.

Sen, Ambika Charan, Dacea Collegiate School.

Mittra, Krishna Kumar, Mymensingh School.

Chakravarti, Sudindra Chandra, Dacea Collegiate School.

Datta, Hari Charan, Hymeneingk School.
1)6, Dvarka Nath, Dacca Collegiate School.
Mukhopadhyay, Prasanna Chandra, Dacca Collegiate School.

Mukhopadhyart Nil Kamul, Pogose School.
Sen, Kailas Chandra, Pogose School.
Ráy, Bhairav Chandra, Itacca Collegiate School.
Bhattacharya, Bidesvar, Dacca Collegiate School.
Gheeh, Amrita Charan, Harisal School.
Sen, Rajani Kanta, Noakhali School.
Goeh, Hara Nath, Barisal School.

W. S. ATKINSON, Director of Public Instruction.

The 8th January 1872.

Cpium Notification.

No. 1C.

Notice is hereby given that the Second Sale of Opium, the provision of 1870-71, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 5th February 1872, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,575 Chests, viz.:—

Behar Opium ... 2,000

Benares ditto ... 1,575

Total Cheste ... 3,575

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual: they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 10th November 1871, and published in the Government and Exchange Gazettes, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The Intest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 10th and 20th February respectively; that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, diovernment Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the safe-room, will be received after 4 r.m. of Saturday, the 10th February 1872, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 r.m. of Tuesday, the 20th February 1872.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:----

Dates.	Relar alout Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Tutal about Chesta.
On or about Monday, 4th Mar. 1873 On or about Manday, 6th May On or about Thursday, 6th May On or about Thursday, 4th July On or about Thursday, 5th Ang. On or about Thursday, 5th Capt. On or about Thursday, 5th Nev. On or about Wedesday, 6th Nev. On or about Thursday, 5th Pec.	2,400 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000	1,676 1,676 1,575 1,575 1,576 1,576 1,676 1,676 1,576	8,676 8,676 8,676 8,676 8,676 8,676 8,676 8,676
Total cheefs	20,000	16,760	86,760

By order of the Member in charge.

P. B. PEACOCK, Off. Secretary.

Board or REV., FORT WILLIAM, The 2nd January 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that the undermention lots of waste lands, estimated to consist of about 334 acres 2 roads, and 24 poles, more or less, situated in Pergunnah Kalain, Mourah Digabeer, Zillah Cachar, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Elules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Province of Benaul," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of two rupees and eight annas per acre, on the 20th day of January 1872, at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863:—

BOUNDARIES.

East—Lands of Pattah 27, belonging to Sabil Mahomed and others, Bhyrub Bari, Junamer Mockam and Khus lands.

West - Lands of Pattah 34, belonging to Asu Myan and others, and Khas lands of Mouzah Bhoirmipore.

North-Khas lands and Panchpir Mukam. South-Settled lands of Mr. Davidson in Pattah No. 39.

O. G. R. McWittiam, Offy. Depty. Commissioner.

CACHAR PEPA, COMME'S OFFICE, The 11th October 1871.

Notification.

The Commissioners for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta, with the sanction of the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal, do hereby declare that the whart on the east bank of the River Houghly, extending from the Mint premises on the North to Mullick's Gha: on the South, is ready for receiving, landing, and shipping goods, from and upon vessors not being sea-going vessers; and order that within the limits of that portion of the Port of Calcuita situate between Tolly's Nullah on the South and Ahirectollah Ghitt on the North, it shall not be lawful to land or ship my goods out of or into vessels of the class above specified, other than those hereinafter excepted, except at the aforesaid wharf, or at the wharves extending from Ahircetollah Ghât on the North to Juggurnauth Gift on the South, and from No. 6 Jetty on the North to Colvin's Ghat on the South.

The above order shall not be held to apply, until further notification, to inland steamers, or to boats laden with bamboos, hay, straw, vegetables, fruit, meat, and market produce. Such goods can be landed at the public ghâts under any rules and restrictions at present or hereafter in force thereat.

By order of the Commissioners,

W. D. Racon, Vice-Chairman.

The 4th January 1872,

(1055 - 8)

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

Under Section 69 of Act V. (B.C.) of 1870.

THE following Packages landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned Ships have been remove. to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act:—

to Import Warehouse.	No., mark, and description.	Consignece.	Shipa.
1872.			
	5 Packages, B P D	Order	Star of Persia.
,, 5th 2	5 Cases, [E C]	*** 23	Ditto,
" 5th 1	2 Packages, [8] E D J	*** 99	Ditto.
" 5th	1 Case, J L D	93	Ditto.
, 5th	3 Packages, M. K. & Co., C	*** 33	Ditto,
	0 Weights	*** 10	Ditto.
	3 Cases, S D	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ditto.
	1 Cask, [V])]	Diáo.
	1 Sample Case, [H]	D. Grob & Co.	Ditto.
	1 Gas Pipe, [8913]	Order	Ditto.
	1 Case, [H. J. & Co.]	Jessop & Co.	Scindia.
	1 Case, addressed	Begg, Dunlop	Ditto.
	5 Cases, [K A] A. B. & Co.	Order	Ditto.
10th 1	6 Cases, [S L] W L	4.4	Ditto.
10+6	I Case, [NSH]	*** 11	Ditto.
, 10th	1 Case, [S W M] A. B. & Co.	*** 13	Ditto.
, 10th	3 Cases, T B C		Ditto.
CALCUTTA		W. D. Brech	t, Vice-Chairman.
Me 15th Januar	•		(1067-

NOTICE.

THE following Packages landed from the undermentioned Ships are lying unclaimed at the Custom House. If the Goods are not cleared on or before the dates stated against each item, they will be sold, under Section 57 of Act VI. of 1863, for the realization of duty, wharfage, and other charges:—

Date of	Saie.		Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
872, Feb.	3rd	1 Box,	[R M]	Arratoon Apear.
21	3rd	4 Case	s, E A R	Meinam.
12	3rd	1 Box,	H & Co.	Ditto.
1)	3rd	1 Pack	age, N F	China.
23	3rd		ets, V M	Ditto.
23	3rd	1 Bag,		. Ditto.
21	3rd	6 Chai		Indus.
n .	10th		es of Spelter, D	Ditto.
,,	10th	1 Case	, M M H [Bannerjee & Co.,] Co	alcutta China.
			, in in in [200000,300 to 001,] (1	Outilia.
CALCUTTA		s, sary 1872.	J. A. C	TRAWFORD, Collector of Custom

NOTICE.

The following Packages have been landed at the Custom House from the undermentioned Ships under the provisions of Section 52 of Act VI. of 1863. If the Goods are not cleared before the dates stated against each item, they will be sold for the realization of duty, wharf reut, and other charges, under Section 56 of Act VI. of 1863:—

Date of Se	ale		M:	ark or Address of Par	ckages.			Shipe.
1872, Mar.	6th 8th	1,960	Keg, [8 good an	d broken cakes of	Spelter,	x		Victoria Cross. Scindia.
CALOUTTA		Me, Tanuam 1	879		J. A.	CRAWFORD,	Co	ilector of Customs.

CURRENCY NOTES.

Tax following Currency Notes of the Government of India. Calcutta Ciscle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly last or desiroged.

—		TOTTY TO	1. Same rate and
Registers No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	The state of the s
1408	A 46208	100	Udoyto Kabaus.
4406	35019	100	The Manager, Beer-
4-400	40 00010	1 1/1/	bhoom Coul Co.
4416	A 17790	100	T. Malcolm.
4419	A 17763	100)
40.610	30779	100	
	30780	100	Poornachunder Dutt.
	,, 30781	100	The state of the s
	, 01270		
4491	A 65037	100 50	Jodonnath Sirear.
4421	A 65937	50	Denonath Bose.
4123	A 51173	10	Mecheerloll Doss.
4424	A 3793b	_	. 4
4454	, 50741	1,000	T. Beuke.
4425	66441	1,000	Tara Mohan Mullick.
4428	A 98875		Rajendro Narain Bose.
	A 50775	100	Mrs. Emily Hoff.
4153	A 50775	10	
4434	A 45419	5.0	Prasaunauath Sandyal.
4437	A 58704	100	} Rajendronarain
4.1.13	A 40156	20	J Bose.
4111	A 80174	20	J. P. Edmunds.
4445	29805	20	,
4142	A 61771	20	Gobind Chunder
1490	A 23631	20	Bose.
4143	A 83709	100	Ditto ditto.
4446	, 54805 A 28181	100 20	The Chief Pay-master,
			E. I. R.
4447	A 28851	100	Chunder Chunder
	, 17888	100	Burmo,
4448	A 26819	50	Prasana Chundra Ghosh,
			(mosn,
	Notes pe	artially	lost or destroyed.
4400		1 10	Sreenauth Bose.
4110	A 02089	20	
	10318	20	H. Woodrow.
4411	A 64131	10	Womachundra Moo- kerjee.
4413	A 47070	10	Mohendrololl Dutt.
4414	A 27625	100	
	, 17202	100	
	A 61543	500	Sumboochunder Mitter.
4417	A 99869	20	The Revd. E. Lafont.
	,, 99868	20	
4418	A 83436	10	Ditto ditto.
4480	A 04725	100	13
	A 13449	100	Nundo Mohan Doss.
4481	A 68233		Messrs. Scallan and
	" es223		Co.
4432	A 49620		Messrs. W. H. Fize,
	A 34733		and Co.
4486	A 39116		Abdool Haque.
4440	A 85003	10	Hurry Bongs Chatterjee.
4449	A 53698	50	
	, 58699	50	H. S. Thompson.
			- M

Wrongly	joined.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Chimant.
	-	Rs.	
4407	A13106 , 13110	} 20	Messrs. Burjorges, Fram- gee and Co.
4412	7 32008 6 54953	} 10	Sectul Prosad, Khurg
	A 92750	} 10	Prosad.
4415	A 74810 74809	1 10	Berashur Mitter.
4-120	A 00265	10	M. C. Proby.
4438	74801 74810	} 20	F. Page.

L. BERKELEY, Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT, The 8th January 1872

Sheriff's Office, the 19th December 1871.

Notice is hereby given that the First Criminal Session of the year 1872 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court House, in the Town Hall of Calcutta, on Thursday, the Eighteenth day of January next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day untill the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

J. R. Bellen Smith,

সহিক্ষ প্রক্রিক ১৮৭১ সাল ১৯ **ডিসেপ্র** i

নমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে বৃবে বাজা-লার কোট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শক্র কলিকাতা ও অন্যান্য স্থানের কৌজদারী বিচার নিশস্ত্য জন্য আগামি ১৮ জানু আরি বৃহস্পতিবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার নময় এব॰ যে প্রয়ন্ত দেশিয়ানের কার্য্য শেষ দা হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত নময়ে কলিকাতার টৌনহালে হাই কোটের আদালত ঘরে সম ১৮৭২ সা লের প্রথম ক্রিমিনেল নেশিয়াদ ব**মিৰে**ক এবং এতদারা প্রচার করা যাইতে**ছে যে**, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিক্**লে কৌ**-জদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহার৷ উক্ত ছালে ঐ নময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদমা করে। नव ১৮৭১ नोन ১৯ ভিনেম্বর।

> J. R. BULLEN SMITH, Sherif.

Jusolbent Antices.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Roop-] On Monday, the 11th day of December last, loli Nundua, Mohendronath Nundun, and Isser bit was ordered that the Chunder Mitter, Insol- | matters of the petition of the said Insolvents vents. be heard on Saturday, the 3rd day of February next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

8. Vertannes, Attorney.

In the matter of Alfred On Wednesday, the Albert, an Insolvent. 3rd day of January inetant, it was ordered that the matters of the peti-tion of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 3rd day of February next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

E. O. Moses, Altorney.

In the matter of Charles
Henry Lane, an Insolwas ordered that the the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally, as well as to his after-acquired property, from all liabilities for debts, claims, and demands, of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Trotman & Co., Attorneys.

In the matter of Francis On Friday, the 5th John D'Elboux, an Inday of January instant, solvent. Saturday, the 3rd day of February next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after-acquired property, from all liabilities for debts, claims, and demands, of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.
M. Camell, attorney.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 9th January 1872.

In the matter of Doorga Churn Dutt, of Meerbohur Gully Street, at present of Dyahat-Street, tah Street, in Calcutta, and Brijonauth Senl, of Dyahatta Street aforeon business at Burra Bazar, in Officutta, in co-partnership as Salt Merchants, under the Boorga Churn Dutt, Incolvents.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Aut X1. Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Monday, the 15th day said, who lately carried of January instant, and on business at Burra by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolveut were vested in the Official Assignee.

. Swinhoe, Law & Co., Attorneys.

In the matter of Door- On Monday, the 15th ga Churn Dutt and Bri- day of January instant, jonauth Scal, Insolvents. It was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvents be heard on Saturday, the 2nd day of March next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be Swinhoe Law & Co., Attorneys.

In the matter of Emokeyna-) rain Pyne, of No. 36, Chunam Gully, in Calcutta, formerly carrying on business at Fouzdaree Balakhannah, in Calcuttanforessid, as Glassware Merchant, in partner-ship with Nillanund Mullick, since deceased, Buddynauth Day, Cossinanth Day, Ramgopaul Dhur, and Radhakisto Dutt, under the firm of Luckeynarain Pyne and in the firm of Brijonauth said Insolvent Assignee.

Beeby and Rutter, Attorneys.

In the matter of Luckey-narain Pyne, an Insol-ant. On Wednesday, the 10th day of January instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of sale said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 2nd day of March next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Beeby and Rutter, Attorneys. "

In the matter of Alfred Notice, that the peti-William Cave, of No. 1 tion of the said Insol-36, Neemoo Khansa- vent seeking the benefit mah's Lane, in Calcutta, of the Act XI. Vin., cap. an extra Officer in the 21, was filed in the Customs Bonding De-Office of the Chief Clerk partment, an Insolvent. J on Friday, the 12th day of January instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Notice, that the

Insolvent seeking

the benefit of the

Act XI. Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the Office of the

Chief Clerk on

Wednesday, the 10th day of Janu-ary instant, and by

an order of the same

date the estate

M. Camell, Attorney.

In the matter of Alfred William Cave, an Insolday of January instant, vent.

On Friday, the 12th day of January instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent he heard on Saturday, the 2nd day of March next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

M. Camell, Attorney.

In the matter of Radha- Notice, that the peti-kishen Sett, residing at tion of the said Insol-No. 2, Anundo Chatterjee's Lane, Baug Bazar, in Calcutta, Government Pensioner, and Cashier at the Cossipore Gun Foundry, in the Su-burbs of Calcutta, an Insolvent. estare and effects of the said Insolvent were vested

vent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Tuesday, the 16th day of January instant, and by an order of the same date the

in the Official Assignee, W. F. Watson, attorney.

In the matter of Raday on Tuesday, the 16th dha Kishen Sett, an Inday of January instant, solvent. It was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent he heard on Saturday, the 2nd day of March next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court. W. P. Watson, Attorney.

è

In the matter of Radha- Notice, that an appli-kishen Seto, an Insol- Santinh for an as intering theotection order has been hishen Sett, an Insolvent for an as interest vent. Protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Monday, the 22nd day of January instant, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forencon.

" Any creditor of the said Insolvent dexirour of opposing such application must appear be-fore the said Court at the time and place oforesaid."

W. F. Watson, Attorney.

Chief Clerk's office, the 16th January 1872.

Post Office Notification.

List of remaining and unclaimed letters accumu-tated in the Calcutta Post Office during the week ending 13th Junuary 1872.

Belt, W. E.
Beverley, Mrs. W. G.
Belletty, N.
Brooks, A. H.
Browne, J. J.
Beddee, G.
Bramble, C.
Chateling, F. Bramble, C.
Chatelier, E.
Cunningham, F. E.
Campbell, A. C.
Call, J.
Cadel, R.
Carlisle, Capt. J. F.
Dullordread, C.
Dunsford, R. C.
Dyer, J. Dunseau, Dyer, J. DePenning, Mrs. D. M. Danzelle, W. Del'emming, Mrs. D Danzelle, W. Dondan, T. Davidson, J. T. Dollman, C. A. DeUruze, H. St. G. Drury, H. Dodgson, Colonel. Ewington, Dr. W. 1 Dodgson, Colonel.
Ewington, Dr. W. F.
Elias, Mrs. C.
Fernandes, Mrs. W.
Frances, Mrs. E.
Fuirwenther, Mrs. E. J.
Forbes, Sir C. & Co.
Frabelomere, Dr.
Grieves, Capt. H. Frabelonnere, Dr.
Grirres, Capt. H.
Groy, A. J. S.
Gilbert, Esq.
Grant, Mrs.
Gilbert, W. B.
Groy, R. E.
Gomes, Mrs. M.
Hinde, T. M.
Hadding, Mrs. G. C.
Jones, Mrs. A.
Jackson, Dr.
Johnson, J.
Vohnson, Col. A. C.
Keelan, C.
Khunnah, J. N.
Keating, Mrs. Keating, Mrs. King, J. A. Lawrie, A.

Leadon, R. H. Lawson, R. McNamara, J. E. McRac, A. Mackenzie, W. L. Moss, G. B. Morston, J. C. McNaught, Mrs. Mackenste, Sorgt, B. Matthiuson, R. Matthusson, R.
Nefatellah.
North, Mrs. J. L.
Nanrus, S.
Nil Money Day & Co.
Northon, H. H. G.
Onan, J. C.
Petry, N. C.
Putarsyan, Mrs. J. Paterson, Mrs. J. Peel, N. Pushong, H. A. Potts, J. W. Potts, J. W.
Robertson, Capt. R. D.
Ropelet & Co.
Ronald, Mrs.
Robertson, R. W.
Smith, Mrs. R.
Salisbery, Maj.-Genl. F. O.
Smythe, S. A.
Schaumberg, J.
Spaulding, Mrs.
Salespary Dutt Schaumberg, J. Spaulding, Mrs Sateoury Dutt. Simson, H. B. Snead, J. Thomas, C. Charles, C. R. Taylor, G. B.
Thomas, M. G.
Townsend, E.
The Manager, Adelphi Urquhart. Sergeant R. Vancenen, A. Vancenen, A. Verrier, C. White, G. A. Whight, Mrs. Wade, Mrs. R. V. Waterhouse, Capt. J. Walsh H. G. Walsh, H. G. Walters, W. H. Williams, Mrs. E. J.

W. H. McGOWAN, Post-Master.

CALCUTEA POST OFFICE, The 15th January 18736

Postal Notice.

SEA AND OVERLAND MAILS.

	For	Box closes ut	Date.	Per Steamer
Re	adras and Ceylon ittagong and Akyab ingoon and Moulinein opaulpore, Bimlipata Vizagapatam, Coconso Madras, Pondicher Negapatam, Gal Colombo, Taticor Alleppy, Cochin, Be pore, Calicut, Tel cherry, Cannanore, Ma	6 6 la. y. le. in.	17th	Surat. Penang. Mahratta. Arabia.
F	galore, Carwar, a Bombay. rance, Foreign Europe. France, the intermedia Ports, Mauritius, a Chine.	riā 6 n	20th "	Meinam,

The next Overland Mail via Bombay will close on Friday, the 19th January 1872.

2. Book Post and Pattern Fackets must be posted on

the 18th.

N.H.—The letter box will close at T. P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two annas on each cover will be received up to T-30.P.M., or bearing an extra postage stamp of four annas on each cover up to 8 r.m., and after 8 up to 9 r.m., by a Post Office Clerk at the East Indian Bailway Station, Armenian Ghât.

W. H. McGOWAN,

Post - Master.

CALCUTTA, The 16th January 1872,

Miscellancons Adbertisements.

Notice.

THE annual Rungpore Fair will be held on the usual ground close to the Jail on the 1st February 1872, owing to the Fallacotta Fair which is to take place in January 1872. Articles sold are livestock and manufactures of every description.

> К. D. Gнозе, -Offg. Civil Surgeon.

RUNGPORE, The 29th December 1871.

বিভাপদ।

এওকালা কর্মে সংগালেশক জ্ঞাত করা বাইতোগ্র যে, ফালাফাটার মেলা জাতুলারি मुख्या बुक्रशास्य (सम्) (कलश्रामांत रैमैंकक्कें) भूकी কালে ইংরেজি ১৮৭০ সালের ভাতৃভারি বাসের, পরিবর্ত্তে কেব্রুজারি মাসের ১লা ভারিখে আরম্ভ ছই:ব. এই মেলায় জীবদন্ত ও সর্ব্ব প্রকারের শিংশ্যাৎ-পদ্ধ জব্য বিজ্ঞীতভ্ইবে ইভি।

> K. D. GHOSE, निवित्त गाउवात ।

জেলা বৃহ্বপুর . अन्तेत्र । रक्ष किटन**व**ज्ञ ।